Reg.	No.										
------	-----	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

MANIPAL UNIVERSITY MD (MICROBIOLOGY) DEGREE EXAMINATION – APRIL 2014

SUBJECT: PAPER I: GENERAL MICROBIOLOGY AND IMMUNOLOGY

Tuesday, April 01, 2014

Time: 14:00 - 17:00 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

- Answer ALL questions.
- Solution Write answers that are brief, clear, relevant and legible.
- ∠ Illustrate your answers with neatly drawn and correctly labeled diagrams wherever appropriate.
- 🖉 Long Essays.
- 1. Discuss the principle and variants of ELISA. Add a note on quality assurance of ELISA testing.

(15 marks)

2. Discuss antimicrobial resistance mechanisms in Gram positive bacteria. Write briefly on testing and interpretation of common resistance phenotypes in them.

(15 marks)

- 3. Write short notes on :
- 3A. Use of gluteraldehyde in hospital disinfection
- 3B. Virulence determinants in bacteria causing intestinal infections
- 3C. Gram negative bacterial cell wall
- 3D. Long term preservation of bacteria
- 3E. Comment on the role of spleen in immune system
- 3F. Discuss different antigen processing and presentation pathways
- 3G. Systemic and local diseases of type 1 hypersensitivity
- 3H. Dark field microscopy
- 31. Biological effects of complement
- 3J. HLA typing

MANIPAL UNIVERSITY
MD (MICROBIOLOGY) DEGREE EXAMINATION – APRIL 2014
SUBJECT: PAPER II: BACTERIOLOGY AND MYCOLOGY

Reg. No.

Wednesday, April 02, 2014

Time: 14:00 – 17:00 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Answer ALL the questions

- & Long Essays.
- What is MDR and XDR tuberculosis? Write briefly the pathogenesis of drug resistance in M. tuberculosis. Describe newer techniques to detect the drug resistance in the laboratory.

(4+6+5 = 15 marks)

2. Describe fungal pathogens affecting human lung. Describe briefly the sample collection and processing in the laboratory for different fungal pathogens.

• (15 marks)

3. Write short notes on:

- 3A. Listeriosis
- 3B. Vector Borne Bacterial diseases
- 3C. Dematiaceous fungus
- 3D. Onychomycosis
- 3E. Trench fever
- 3F. Pneumococcal vaccines
- 3G. Clostridium difficile infection
- 3H. Fungal stains
- 3I. Erysipelothrix rhusiopathiae
- 3J. TWAR agent

	Reg.	No.										
--	------	-----	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

MANIPAL UNIVERSITY MD (MICROBIOLOGY) DEGREE EXAMINATION – APRIL 2014 SUBJECT: PAPER III: VIROLOGY AND PARASITOLOGY

Thursday, April 03, 2014

Time: 14:00 - 17:00 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

- ∠ Answer ALL questions.
- Solution Write answers that are brief, clear, relevant and legible.
- ∠ Illustrate your answers with neatly drawn and correctly labeled diagrams wherever appropriate.
- & Long Essays.
- 1. Discuss etiopathogenesis and laboratory diagnosis of acute viral lower respiratory tract infections in children.

(15 marks)

2. Give an overview of geohelminthic infections with emphasis on laboratory testing. Add a note on strategies of antihelminthic therapy.

(15 marks)

- 3. Write short notes on :
- 3A. Herpes simplex virus encephalitis
- 3B. Recrudescent malaria
- 3C. Laboratory testing and interpretation of Hepatitic C virus infection
- 3D. Etiologies and laboratory diagnosis of viral conjunctivitis
- 3E. Pathogenesis and laboratory diagnosis of giardiasis
- 3F. Etiopathogenesis and laboratory diagnosis of oriental sore
- 3G. Congenital toxoplasmosis
- 3H. Teratogenic viruses
- 3I. LD bodies
- 3J. Rotavirus diarrhea



Reg.	$\mathbb{N}0.$					

MANIPAL UNIVERSITY MD (MICROBIOLOGY) DEGREE EXAMINATION – APRIL 2014 SUBJECT: PAPER IV: APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY & RECENT ADVANCES

Friday, April 04, 2014

Time: 14:00 – 17:00 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

- ∠ Answer ALL questions
- & Long Essays.
- 1. Laboratory testing and interpretation for infections with a potential for vertical transmission in a pregnant woman.

(15 marks)

2. Write briefly on etiopathogenesis, epidemiology and management of Non-typhoidal salmonellosis.

(15 marks)

3. Write short notes on:

- 3A. Microbiological investigations of genital ulcers
- 3B. Risk of infections and prophylaxis in splenectomized patients
- 3C. Infections in contact lens wearers
- 3D. Markers of sepsis diagnosis
- 3E. Measures to control Clostridium difficile infections in the hospital
- 3F. Recent advances in yeast identification
- 3G. Chemiluminescence: Principle and applications in diagnostic microbiology
- 3H. Quality control in antimicrobial susceptibility testing
- 31. Discuss beneficial role of normal flora in the gut
- 3J. Transfusion malaria

