Reg. No.
----------

## MANIPAL UNIVERSITY

## FIRST MBBS DEGREE EXAMINATION – JUNE/JULY 2016

SUBJECT: ANATOMY: PAPER - I (ESSAY)

Tuesday, June 28, 2016

Time: 10:20 - 13:00 Hrs.

Maximum Marks: 80

- **∠** Illustrate your answers with diagrams and flow charts wherever appropriate.
- 1. An adult male sustained a cut injury over his right upper lip while shaving for which he was treated symptomatically. However, two days later, he developed fever, headache, and dilated pupils with double vision. A clinical diagnosis of septic cavernous venous sinus thrombosis was made and he was treated accordingly.
- 1A. Name the routes through which an infection from the upper lip reached the cavernous sinus.
- 1B. Describe the location, relations and communications of the cavernous sinus.
- 1C. Give the reasons for the dilated pupils in this case.

(2+7+1 = 10 marks)

- 2. Describe the shoulder joint under the following headings:
- 2A. Classification
- 2B. Relations
- 2C. Movements and muscles producing them

(1+4+5 = 10 marks)

- 3. Write short notes on:
- 3A. Ansa cervicalis
- 3B. Describe the ligaments of the temporomandibular joint
- 3C. Nerve supply of the parotid gland
- 3D. Formation and circulation of cerebrospinal fluid (CSF)
- 3E. Labelled diagram of a section of midbrain at the superior colliculus level
- 3F. Superior cerebellar peduncle
- 3G. Parts and fibers of corpus callosum
- 3H. Inferior horn of lateral ventricle
- 3I. / Clavipectoral fascia
- 3J. Supinator muscle
- 3K. Transitional epithelium
- 3L. Microscopic features of sympathetic ganglion
- 3M. Derivatives of intra-embryonic mesoderm
- 3N. Decidua
- 30. Autosomal dominant inheritance

 $(4 \text{ marks} \times 15 = 60 \text{ marks})$ 



LIB

Reg. No.					
reg. 140.					

## MANIPAL UNIVERSITY

## FIRST MBBS DEGREE EXAMINATION - JUNE/JULY 2016

SUBJECT: ANATOMY: PAPER - II (ESSAY)

Wednesday, June 29, 2016

Time: 10:20 – 13:00 Hours

Maximum Marks: 80

- 1. A patient is seen in an emergency department with complaints of fever, difficulty in breathing and chest pain. On clinical examination it was confirmed as an infection of apical bronchopulmonary segment of the right lung.
- 1A. Define a bronchopulmonary segment.
- 1B. Draw neat labelled diagrams showing the bronchopulmonary segments of both lungs.
- 1C. Discuss the clinical anatomy of these segments.

(2+6+2 = 10 marks)

- 2. Describe the stomach under:
- 2A. Parts
- 2B. Stomach bed
- 2C. Arterial supply and lymphatic drainage
- 2D. Applied anatomy

(1+3+4+2 = 10 marks)

- 3. Short Answers:
- 3A. Spermatic cord
- 3B. Diaphragm: Major openings and nerve supply
- 3C. Hepato- renal pouch: Boundaries and applied anatomy
- 3D. Ischioanal fossa: boundaries and contents
- 3E. Medial meniscus and its applied anatomy
- 3F. Relations of piriformis muscle
- 3G. Dorsalis pedis artery
- 3H. Obturator nerve: Origin, course and distribution
- 3I. Arch of aorta: Relations and development
- 3J. Coronary sinus: Location, tributaries and termination
- 3K. Microscopic structure of kidney
- 3L. Microscopic structure of graafian follicle
- 3M. Development of interatrial septum and its anomalies
- 3N. Development of pancreas and anomalies
- 30. Blood supply of long bone

 $(4 \text{ marks} \times 15 = 60 \text{ marks})$