Reg. No.	-			
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MANIPAL ACADEMY OF HIGHER EDUCATION

FIRST MBBS DEGREE EXAMINATION - AUGUST 2019

SUBJECT: ANATOMY: PAPER - I (ESSAY)

Tuesday, August 13, 2019

Time: 10:20 - 13:00 Hrs.

Maximum Marks: 80

- Z Illustrate your answers with diagrams and flow charts wherever appropriate.
- 1. Describe the pituitary gland under gross anatomy, histology, development and applied anatomy.

(3+3+2+2 = 10 marks)

- 2. A 72-year-old hypertensive woman developed sudden loss of sensation on left side of her body. On clinical examination there was tactile hyperesthesia, left sided anesthesia and hemiparesis with Babinski sign positive. Radiological investigations revealed cerebrovascular accident involving the cerebrum. Based on your knowledge of Anatomy answer the following questions.
- 2A. Name the structure affected
- 2B. Name the parts of the structure.
- 2C. Fibers present and passing through
- 2D. Add a note on its arterial supply

(1+2+5+2 = 10 marks)

- 3. Short answers:
- 3A. Movements and muscles producing movements of the Temporomandibular Joint
- 3B. Transverse section of medulla at the level of sensory decussation
- 3C. Pulp spaces of hand
- 3D. Histology of sympathetic ganglion
- 3E. Trophoblast
- 3F. Arterial and nerve supply of the nasal septum
- 3G. Otic Ganglion
- 3H. Course and branches of axillary artery
- 3I. Lateral spinothalamic tract
- 3J. Median cubital vein
- 3K. Pronator teres of forearm
- 3L. Cutaneous nerve supply of the hand with neat labeled diagrams.
- 3M. Microscopic structure of elastic cartilage
- 3N. Somites
- 3O. Classification of chromosomes

 $(4 \text{ marks} \times 15 = 60 \text{ marks})$

Reg. No.			

MANIPAL ACADEMY OF HIGHER EDUCATION FIRST MBBS DEGREE EXAMINATION – AUGUST 2019

SUBJECT: ANATOMY: PAPER - II (ESSAY)

Wednesday, August 14, 2019

Time: 10:20 - 13:00 Hours

Maximum Marks: 80

- All questions are compulsory. Write brief, clear, relevant and legible answers.
- Ø Illustrate your answers with diagrams and flow charts wherever appropriate.
- 1. A 17 year-old female presented at the hospital casualty with fever, vomiting and abdominal pain. She gave history of pain initially around the umbilicus which intensified over 6 8hrs and shifted to the right iliac region. On examination the right iliac fossa was warm and rigid to touch and rebound tenderness was present at the McBurney's point.
- 1A. What is the structure affected in this case?
- 1B. What different positions could the structure involved lie & give its arterial supply?
- 1C. Give the surface marking of McBurney's point
- 1D. What is the anatomical basis for initial pain around the umbilicus and later in the region of the right iliac fossa?

(1+5+2+2 = 10 marks)

- 2. Describe the typical intercostal space under:
- 2A. Definition
- 2B. Contents Explain them in brief
- 2C. Applied aspects

(1+7+2 = 10 marks)

- 3. Write short notes on:
- 3A. Trigone of urinary bladder
- 3B. Ligaments of-spleen
- 3C. Fissures of right lung
- 3D. Sinuses of pericardium
- 3E. Microscopic structure of pituitary gland
- 3F. Adductor magnus muscle
- 3G. Capsule of hip joint
- 3H. Lymphatic drainage of stomach
- 31. Sites of portocaval anastomosis
- 3J. Sinus venosus and its fate
- 3K. Anterior tibial artery
- 3L. Medial longitudinal arch
- 3M. End -arteries
- 3N. Microscopic structure of liver
- 30. Meckel's diverticulum

 $(4 \text{ marks} \times 15 = 60 \text{ marks})$