Reg. No.				
Meg. 140.				

MANIPAL ACADEMY OF HIGHER EDUCATION

SECOND MBBS DEGREE EXAMINATION - NOVEMBER 2023

SUBJECT: PATHOLOGY - PAPER I (ESSAY)

(OLD REGULATION - 2018-19 & PRIOR BATCH)

Thursday, November 02, 2023

Time: 10:20 - 13:00 Hrs.

Maximum Marks: 80

- Answer ALL the questions.
- ∠ Long Questions:
- 1. Define neoplasia. Discuss the mechanism of chemical and viral oncogenesis.

(1+3+6=10 marks)

2. Discuss the pathogenesis of primary and secondary tuberculosis. Describe the morphology of lung in secondary tuberculosis. Write a note on primary progressive tuberculosis.

(4+4+2 = 10 marks)

- 3. Write short notes on:
- 3A. Pathology and clinical features of Gaucher disease
- 3B. Pathogenesis of long term complications of diabetes mellitus
- 3C. Klinefelter syndrome
- 3D. Pathways of spread in malignant neoplasms with suitable examples
- 3E. Etiopathogenesis and clinical features of amniotic fluid embolism
- 3F. Pathogenesis of edema in congestive cardiac failure
- 3G. Classification of amyloidosis and special stains used for the diagnosis of amyloid
- 3H. Mechanism of type III hypersensitivity with suitable examples
- 31. Laboratory diagnosis of megaloblastic anemia
- 3J. Pathogenesis and clinical features of fetal immune hydrops
- 3K. Classification and diagnosis of beta thalassemia
- 3L. Inheritance pattern, clinical features and laboratory diagnosis of hemophilia A
- 3M. Tabulate the difference between apoptosis versus necrosis
- 3N. Paraneoplastic syndromes with suitable examples
- 30. Etiology and clinical features of transfusion related acute lung injury

 $(4 \text{ marks} \times 15 = 60 \text{ marks})$



Reg. No.

MANIPAL ACADEMY OF HIGHER EDUCATION SECOND MBBS DEGREE EXAMINATION – NOVEMBER 2023

SUBJECT: PATHOLOGY - PAPER II (ESSAY)

(OLD REGULATION - 2018-19 & PRIOR BATCH)

Saturday, November 04, 2023

Time: 10:20 - 13:00 Hrs.

Maximum Marks: 80

- Answer ALL the questions.
- Illustrate your answers with diagrams wherever necessary.
- 1. Discuss briefly the risk factors, pathogenesis and morphology of atherosclerosis.

(3+4+3 = 10 marks)

- 2. A 64-year-old woman presents with a lump in the right breast. On examination, a 5×4cm hard lump was felt. The overlying skin showed peau d'orange and nipple retraction. Ipsilateral axillary lymph nodes were palpable. Fine needle aspiration cytology was done and a modified radical mastectomy performed and sent for histopathology.
- 2A. What is the diagnosis in this case?
- 2B. List the histologic subtypes.
- 2C. What are the morphologic features of the commonest subtype?
- 2D. List the major and minor prognostic factors of this lesion.

(1+2+4+3 = 10 marks)

- 3. Write short notes on:
- 3A. Etiopathogenesis of cholelithiasis
- 3B. Morphology of leiomyoma
- 3C. Causes of hydronephrosis
- 3D. Morphology of heart in acute rheumatic fever
- 3E. Morphology of osteoclastoma
- 3F. Pathogenesis of asbestos related lung lesions
- 3G. Morphology of classical seminoma
- 3H. Glomerular lesions in diabetic nephropathy
- 3I. Morphology of chronic gastric ulcer
- 3J. Pathogenesis of acute pancreatitis
- 3K. Morphology of Hashimoto's thyroiditis
- 3L. Etiological classification of cirrhosis
- 3M. Morphology of meningioma
- 3N. Etiopathogenesis of bronchiectasis
- 3O. Microscopy of nodular melanoma

 $(4 \text{ marks} \times 15 = 60 \text{ marks})$

