Reg. No.

MANIPAL UNIVERSITY

SECOND YEAR B.Sc. R.T. DEGREE EXAMINATION - JUNE 2012

SUBJECT: PATHOLOGY AND MICROBIOLOGY (OLD REGULATION)

Monday, June 11, 2012

Time: 10:00-13:00 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

Answer SECTION - A and SECTION - B in TWO separate answer books.

SECTION - 'A': PATHOLOGY: 40 MARKS

1. Discuss the aetiology, clinical features and basic investigations of iron deficiency anemia.

(3+2+3 = 8 marks)

Define bronchial asthma. Discuss the aetiology, types and clinical features of bronchial asthma.

(1+2+2+2=7 marks)

3. Write short note on:

- 3A. Differences between benign and malignant tumours.
- 3B. Aetiology, modes of infection and clinical features of AIDS.
- 3C. Types and complications of diabetes mellitus.
- 3D. Fate of a thrombus.
- Pneumoconiosis.

 $(5\times5=25 \text{ marks})$

SECTION - 'B': MICROBIOLOGY: 40 MARKS

Classify bacteria based on morphology. Discuss the structure of gram positive and gram
 negative bacterial cell wall with the help of a diagram.

(2+6 = 8 marks)

5. Enumerate the agents causing diarrhea. Discuss the laboratory diagnosis of enteric fever.

(2+5 = 7 marks)

Write short notes on:

- 6A. Type I hypersensitivity reaction.
- 6B. Chemical disinfectants.
- 6C. Acquired immunity.
- 6D. AIDS.
- Laboratory diagnosis of UTI.

 $(5\times5=25 \text{ marks})$



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MANIPAL UNIVERSITY

SECOND YEAR B.Sc. R.T. DEGREE EXAMINATION – JUNE 2012

SUBJECT: PATHOLOGY

Monday, June 11, 2012

Time: 10:00-11:30 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 40

1. Discuss the aetiology, clinical features and basic investigations of iron deficiency anemia.

$$(3+2+3 = 8 \text{ marks})$$

Define bronchial asthma. Discuss the aetiology, types and clinical features of bronchial asthma.

$$(1+2+2+2=7 \text{ marks})$$

- 3. Write short note on:
- 3A. Differences between benign and malignant tumours.
- 3B. Aetiology, modes of infection and clinical features of AIDS.
- 3C. Types and complications of diabetes mellitus.
- 3D. Fate of a thrombus.
- 3E. Pneumoconiosis.

 $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$



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MANIPAL UNIVERSITY

SECOND YEAR B.Sc. R.T. DEGREE EXAMINATION - JUNE 2012

SUBJECT: MICROBIOLOGY (NEW REGULATION)

Wednesday, June 13, 2012 Time: 10:00-11:30 Hrs. Max. Marks: 40

Answer all questions. Draw diagrams wherever appropriate: BS

Classify sterilization methods. Describe the working principle of autoclave with the help of a 1. diagram.

(3+5 = 8 marks)

Enumerate the agents causing sexually transmitted diseases. Discuss the laboratory diagnosis 2. of syphilis.

(3+4 = 7 marks)

3. Write short notes on:

Bacterial cell wall.

3B. Innate immunity.

Type I hypersensitivity reactions. 3C.

3D. Laboratory diagnosis of pulmonary tuberculosis.

3E. Immunoprophylaxis of rabies.

 $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$



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SECOND YEAR B. Sc. R.T. DEGREE EXAMINATION - JUNE 2012

SUBJECT: RESPIRATORY DISEASE PROCESS

Friday, June 15, 2012

Time:	10:00-1	[3:00]	Hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

 Write the aetiology, pathophysiology, clinical features, diagnosis and anti-tubercular treatment along with other management for pulmonary Tuberculosis.

(2+4+2+2+6 = 16 marks)

 Define Bronchiectasis and how does it differ from bronchial asthma. Elaborate your assessment and management as a respiratory therapist.

(2+2+4+8 = 16 marks)

- 3. Write a note on the following:
- 3A. Coal workers pneumoconiosis.
- 3B. Absorption Atelectasis.

(4+4 = 8 marks)

Differentiate between partial and complete hanging.

(8 marks)

5. How will you differentiate between cardiogenic and non-cardiogenic pulmonary edema?

(8 marks)

Mention the sleep related disorders and explain any one in detail.

(2+6 = 8 marks)

Define pneumonia. Write the types, causes, clinical feature and diagnosis.

(8 marks) -

Write a note on myasthenia gravis.

(8 marks)

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SECOND YEAR B. Sc. R.T. DEGREE EXAMINATION - JUNE 2012

SUBJECT: DIAGNOSTIC TECHNIQUES

Monday, June 18, 2012

Time: 10:00-13:00 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

- ∠ Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- Answer to the question and avoid padding answers.
- Define the term functional residual capacity (FRC). Describe two methods used to measure FRC in a spontaneously breathing patient. Mention the flowchart used for interpretation of pulmonary function tests.

(2+10+4 = 16 marks)

2. Explain in detail the conduction system of heart. With the help of a labeled diagram, describe the normal electrocardiogram. What is the normal rate of SA node and AV node?

(8+6+2 = 16 marks)

3. Write short notes:

- 3A. Radiographic characteristics of Atelectasis.
- 3B. Respiratory Acidosis.
- Sites of insertion of central venous catheter.
- 3D. Atrial flutter.
- 3E. Zeroing of PA catheter transducer.
- 3F. Different views of Chest X Ray.

 $(8\times6 = 48 \text{ marks})$



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SECOND YEAR B.Sc. R.T. DEGREE EXAMINATION – JUNE 2012 SUBJECT: APPLIED CARDIOPULMONARY ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY

Wednesday, June 20, 2012

Time: 10:00-13:00 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

Explain the mechanics of breathing. Add a note on mechanics of exhalation.

(10+6 = 16 marks)

2. Write in brief the events of the cardiac cycle.

(16 marks)

- 3. Short Notes:
- 3A. Write short note on regulation of breathing.
- 3B. With diagram describe the movement of the ribs during breathing.
- 3C. Events during transition from intrauterine to extrauterine life.
- 3D. Explain anion gap its significance.
- 3E. Anatomy of larynx.
- 3F. Regulation of cardiac output.

 $(8\times6=48)$ marks)



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SECOND YEAR B.Sc. R.T. DEGREE EXAMINATION - JUNE 2012

SUBJECT: RESPIRATORY THERAPY SCIENCE II

Friday, June 22, 2012

Time: 10:00-13:00 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

- ∠ Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- Answer to the question and avoid padding of answers.
- 1. What do you mean by the term positive end expiratory pressure? How do decide optimum PEEP for a patient? What are the effects of PEEP on different organ systems of the body?

(5+5+6 = 16 marks)

What is the criterion used for weaning patients from ventilator? Add note on spontaneous breathing trial.

(8+8 = 16 marks)

- 3. Write short notes on:
- 3A. Phase variables.
- 3B. Negative pressure ventilation.
- 3C. Types of respiratory failure.
- 3D. SIMV Vs P-SIMV.
- 3E. Trouble shooting high pressure alarm for a patient on ventilator.
- 3F. Initial settings for an intubated patient with acute asthma admitted in MICU.

 $(8\times6=48 \text{ marks})$

