	 	,	 	 	 	
Reg. No.						

THIRD YEAR B.Sc. R.R.T. & D.T./B.Sc. C.V.T./B.Sc. M.R.T/B.Sc. R.T./B.Sc. M.L.T./FOURTH YEAR B.O.T./B.P.T. DEGREE EXAMINATION – JUNE 2016

SUBJECT: BIOSTATISTICS & RESEARCH METHODOLOGY/RESEARCH METHODOLOGY & STATISTICS/BIOSTATISTICS/ BASIC BIOSTATISTICS & RESEARCH METHODOLOGY/RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND BIOSTATISTICS

Wednesday, June 01, 2016

Time: 10:00-13:00 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

- Answer ALL the questions.
- 1. Differentiate between nominal and ordinal variables with examples.

(4 marks)

- 2. Classify the following into the four different scales of measurement:
- 2A. Cell counts
- 2B. Blood group
- 2C. Pain score
- 2D. IQ

(4 marks)

- 3. State true or false:
- 3A. Pearson's correlation coefficient always takes values ≥ 0
- 3B. Incidence is not affected by the duration of disease
- 3C. Convenience sampling is a procedure that assures that each element in the population have equal chance of being included in the sample
- 3D. Health information system is sample based

(4 marks)

4. At rest pulse rates for 22 athletes at a meet are

68 60 78 70 63 68 66 57 74 65 57 56 64 67 77 73 67 68 74 72 64

- 4A. Compute mean, median and range of this data
- 4B. Construct a frequency distribution table along with relative frequencies for this data using class intervals 55 60, 60 65, 65 70 and so on.
- 4C. Draw a frequency polygon for the frequency table constructed above.

(6+5+4=15 marks)

- 5. Obtain interquartile range for the data regarding number of dental caries in twelve children less than ten years of age.
 - $6 \quad 0 \quad 2 \quad 1 \quad 0 \quad 4 \quad 6 \quad 0 \quad 4 \quad 2 \quad 8 \quad 3$

(8 marks)

6. Define coefficient of variation. Mean and standard deviation of pulse rate for a group of individuals is 76 and 3 beats per minute respectively. The mean and standard deviation of height is 64 and 2 inches respectively. Which of the two characteristics is more consistent?

(5 marks)

7. Define the following:

- 7A. Case fatality rate
- 7B. Total fertility rate
- 7C. Crude death rate

 $(2 \text{ marks} \times 3 = 6 \text{ marks})$

- 8. The amount of weight gained during pregnancy was assessed and was found to be approximately normally distributed with a mean weight gain of 10 kgs and a standard deviation of 3kgs. Calculate the proportion of pregnant women who gained weight.
- 8A. At most 16 kgs
- 8B. Between 10 to 13 kgs
- 8C. At least 7 kgs

 $(3 \text{ marks} \times 3 = 9 \text{ marks})$

9. Write short notes on:

- 9A. Inter rater reliability
- 9B. Descriptive epidemiology
- 9C. Systematic sampling
- 9D. Sample registration system
- 9E. Components of health information system

 $(5 \text{ marks} \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$

Reg. No.						
0	 	 	 	 		Г

THIRD YEAR B.Sc. R.T. DEGREE EXAMINATION – JUNE 2016

SUBJECT: PULMONARY REHABILITATION (2010 SCHEME)

Friday, June 03, 2016

Time: 10:00-13:00 Hrs.

Max Marks: 80

- 1. Define outcome assessment and timing of patient centered outcome measurement in pulmonary rehabilitation. Describe different domains for outcome assessment.

(4+12 = 16 marks)

2. Discuss the pathophysiology of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease. Define dyspnea. Describe the assessment and management of dyspnea.

(4+4+8 = 16 marks)

- 3. Write short notes on:
- 3A. Inspiratory muscles training
- 3B. Obstructive sleep apnea
- 3C. Home mechanical ventilation
- 3D. Tobacco dependence
- 3E. Bronchial hygiene therapy
- 3F. Lung Volume Reduction Surgery (LVRS)

 $(8 \text{ marks} \times 6 = 48 \text{ marks})$

Reg. No.			

THIRD YEAR B.Sc. R.T. DEGREE EXAMINATION - JUNE 2016

SUBJECT: CARDIOPULMONARY INTENSIVE CARE INCLUDING ADVANCED CARDIAC LIFE SUPPORT (2010 SCHEME)

Monday, June 06, 2016

Time: 10:00-13:00 Hrs.	Max Ma	rks: 80

- 1. Explain in detail the tachyarhythmia algorithm. List the 5 H's and 5 T's.

(10+6 = 16 marks)

2. Define shock. What are the types of shock? Explain in detail about hypovolemic shock.

(2+6+8 = 16 marks)

- 3. Write short notes on:
- 3A. Add a note on acute renal failure

(8 marks)

3B. Add a note on atropine and sodium bicarbonate

(4+4 = 8 marks)

3C. Technique of intercostal tube insertion in adults

(8 marks)

3D. Chain of survival of adults

(8 marks)

3E. Cardiac pacing

(8 marks)

3F. Exercise tolerance testing

(8 marks)

Reg. No.									
----------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

THIRD YEAR B.Sc. R.T. DEGREE EXAMINATION – JUNE 2016

SUBJECT: ADVANCED NEONATAL RESPIRATORY CARE (2010 SCHEME)

Wednesday, June 08, 2016

Time: 10:00-13:00 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

- Braw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 1. List the methods of heat loss in neonates. Define Neutral Thermal Zone. What is cold stress? (8+2+6=16 marks)
- 2. 38 weeks gestation baby is born through LSCS. The baby was shifted to NICU in view of distress. The respiratory rate was noticed to be 90/min, HR- 170/min, SpO₂ 85% and Downe's score of 7. What could be the probable diagnosis? What are the other differential diagnoses? Explain the pathophysiology and the management of the same.

(2+4+5+5 = 16 marks)

- 3. Write short notes on:
- 3A. What is oxygen index? Explain its significance. Add a note on the Chest X-ray features and stages of Respiratory Distress Syndrome (RDS).

(2+2+4 = 8 marks)

3B. In neonatal resuscitation what are the different ways of delivering Positive Pressure Ventilation (PPV). Write in detail about T- piece resuscitator.

(3+5 = 8 marks)

3C. Define Chronic Lung Disease (CLD). List complications associated with it.

(4+4 = 8 marks)

3D. Add a note on Ventricular Septal Defect (VSD). What is Hyperoxia test?

(4+4 = 8 marks)

3E. Define apnea of prematurity (AOP). Discuss the types of AOP. Add a note of the management of the neonates with AOP.

(2+6 = 8 marks)

3F. Add a note on the causes for reduction of Pulmonary Vascular Resistance (PVR) after birth.

(8 marks)



Reg. No.									
----------	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

 $(3 \text{ marks} \times 5 = 15 \text{ marks})$

Page 1 of 2

MANIPAL UNIVERSITY

THIRD YEAR B.Sc. R.T. DEGREE EXAMINATION – JUNE 2016

SUBJECT: PSYCHOLOGY (2010 SCHEME)

Friday, June 10, 2016

1 im	e: 10:00-13:00 Hrs.			Max Marks: 80
1.	Choose the single best answer:			
1A.	Freud stressed the role of in shaping	our ne	ersona	alities
111.	i) Brain structures	, our p	ii)	The function of our behaviors
	iii) Our history of rewards and punishme	ents	iv)	The unconscious
1B.	Which of the following is not a coping tech	nique	for st	ress management?
	i) Managing the stressor	1	ii)	Blaming others
	iii) Relaxation		iv)	Social support
1C.	Which of the following is not addressed by	the m	edical	model?
	i) Biochemical imbalances		ii)	Genetic disorders
	iii) Abnormal physical development		iv)	Biased information processing
1D.	Comorbidity explains the notion that:			
	i) People suffering with the same psych	opatho	ology (die at the same time
	ii) Sufferers exhibit a chronic fear of dea		67	
	iii) Depression always happens in the wi	nter		
	iv) Differentially defined disorders can c		ır	
1E.	A child who has an intense fear of a dog a presence would be a good candidate for:	as a re	sult of	f some traumatic experience in a dog's
	i) Aversive conditioning	ii)	Pun	ishment training
	iii) Desensitization	iv)		nulus control
				$(1 \text{ mark} \times 5 = 5 \text{ marks})$
2.	Write definitions of any FIVE of the follo	owing:		
2A.	Counselling			
2B.	Normality			
2C.	Illness			
2D.	Disability			
2E.	Rehabilitation			
2F.	Adjustment			
2G.	Crisis			

3. Write a short note on any SIX of the following:

- 3A. Crisis reactions and its management
- 3B. Psychodynamic therapy
- 3C. Case history method
- 3D. Bereavement
- 3E. Survey method
- 3F. Client-centered counselling
- 3G. Sex therapy
- 3H. Euthanasia
- 3I. Group therapy

 $(5 \text{ marks} \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

4. Write essay on any TWO of the following:

- 4A. Explain in detail psychosocial rehabilitation assessment and interventions
- 4B. Describe any three models of mental disorders.
- 4C. Describe in detail the techniques used in behavior therapies.

 $(15 \text{ marks} \times 2 = 30 \text{ marks})$



Reg. No.	
----------	--

THIRD YEAR B.Sc. R.T. DEGREE EXAMINATION – JUNE 2016

SUBJECT: RESPIRATORY THERAPY SCIENCE – III (2010 SCHEME)

Monday, June 13, 2016

Time: 10:00-13:00 Hrs.

Max Marks: 80

1. Define Inverse ratio Ventilation. Write indications of Inverse ratio ventilation. Write in detail rationale behind using inverse ratio ventilation. Mention complications of Inverse ratio ventilation.

(16 marks)

2. Write a detailed note on nitric oxide and heliox therapy.

(8+8 = 16 marks)

- 3. Write short notes on:
- 3A. Draw ventilator graphics for auto peep and air leak
- 3B. Baby Lung concept in ventilator
- 3C. Causes and treatment of High pressure alarm on ventilator
- 3D. Technique of prone position ventilation
- 3E. Ventilatory strategy in Congestive heart failure
- 3F. Non rebreathing mask

 $(8 \text{ marks} \times 6 = 48 \text{ marks})$