# **Question Paper**

Exam Date & Time: 20-Apr-2022 (10:00 AM - 12:00 PM)



## MANIPAL ACADEMY OF HIGHER EDUCATION

#### THIRD SEMESTER BACHELOR OF OPTOMETRY DEGREE EXAMINATION - APRIL 2022 SUBJECT: PAT2101 - PATHOLOGY (2020 SCHEME)

Marks: 50

Duration: 120 mins.

### Answer all the questions.

1)	Define leukaemia. List the types of leukaemia. In a tabular format, outline the differences between acute and chronic leukaemia. (2+2+6 = 10 marks)	(10)
2)	Define acute inflammation. List the cardinal signs of acute inflammation. Describe the vascular changes occurring in acute inflammation. (2+2+6 = 10 marks)	(10)

#### 3. Write short notes on:

3A)	Gross features of primary and secondary tuberculosis.	(5)
3B)	Describe hypertrophy and hyperplasia with a suitable example for each.	(5)
3C)	Healing by secondary intention.	(5)
3D)	Differences between benign and malignant tumours.	(5)

4A)	Describe liquefactive necrosis with a suitable example.	(2)
4B)	Enlist the types of embolism.	(2)
4C)	Enlist the clinical features of haemophilia.	(2)
4D)	Enlist the types of shock.	(2)
4E)	Enlist the fates of thrombus.	(2)

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## MANIPAL ACADEMY OF HIGHER EDUCATION

### THIRD SEMESTER BOT / BPT / BSc. MIT / BSc. RRT & DT / BAOTT / BSc. PFT / BSc. CVT / BSc. EMT / BSc. RT DEGREE EXAMINATION - APRIL 2022 SUBJECT: PAT 2103 - PATHOLOGY (2020 SCHEME)

Marks: 50

Duration: 120 mins.

#### Answer all the questions. Draw diagrams wherever necessary.

1A)	Define shock. List the types of shock. (2+2 = 4 marks)	(4)
1B)	Describe the pathogenesis of shock caused by bacterial infection.	(6)
2A)	Define fracture.	(2)
2B)	Describe the process of fracture healing. List the factors influencing fracture repair. $(5+3 = 8 \text{ marks})$	(8)
3A)	List two causes and describe morphology of a granuloma with a diagram.	(5)
3B)	Describe the basic laboratory investigations and clinical features of hemophilia.	(5)
3C)	Describe the predisposing factors and complications of atherosclerosis.	(5)
3D)	Describe etiology and clinical features of bronchiectasis.	(5)
4A)	Define atrophy and give two examples.	(2)
4B)	Define inflammation. Give an example each for acute and chronic inflammation.	(2)
4C)	Define neoplasia. Give two examples of benign tumors.	(2)
4D)	Mention the etiology and mode of transmission of tuberculosis.	(2)
4E)	Define karyotyping. Name one syndrome due to chromosomal abnormality.	(2)

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