. No.
-------

### MANIPAL UNIVERSITY

### FIRST SEMESTER B.P.T. (BRIDGE PROGRAM) EXAMINATION – JUNE 2013

# SUBJECT: BIOCHEMISTRY (COMMON FOR BOTH OLD AND NEW REGULATION)

Monday, June 10, 2013

Time: 10:00-11:30 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 40

1. Outline the biosynthesis of mature collagen with diagrams.

(8 marks)

2. Give sources, RDA, absorption, transport, storage and deficiency symptoms of iron.

(6 marks)

- 3. Write short notes on the following:
- 3A. Basal metabolic rate
- 3B. Acidosis
- 3C. Absorption of glucose in the small intestine
- 3D. Triacylglycerol synthesis

 $(4\times4 = 16 \text{ marks})$ 

- 4. Answer the following:
- 4A. Define transamination with one example.
- 4B. Name two glycogen storage disorders with their defective enzymes.
- 4C. List the key enzymes of gluconeogenesis.
- 4D. Name the creatine kinase isoenzymes and give the diagnostic importance of any one of them.
- 4E. Name two essential fatty acids and give their functions.

 $(2 \times 5 = 10 \text{ marks})$ 

Reg. No.				
----------	--	--	--	--

### MANIPAL UNIVERSITY

## FIRST SEMESTER B.P.T. (BRIDGE PROGRAM) EXAMINATION – JUNE 2013

# SUBJECT: SOCIOLOGY (NEW REGULATION)

Wednesday, June 12, 2013

Time: 10:00 - 11:30 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 40

1. What is sociology? What are the uses of studying sociology?

(2+8 = 10 marks)

2. What is social control? Mention any four means of social control. How do they regulate human behavior?

(2+2+6 = 10 marks)

3. Consequences of alcoholism in relation to sickness and disability. What measure do you suggest to prevent it?

(5+5 = 10 marks)

- 4. Write short notes on the following:
- 4A. Social change and health program.
- 4B. Effect of sickness on family.

 $(5\times2 = 10 \text{ marks})$ 

Reg. No.	•		
The second secon			

### MANIPAL UNIVERSITY

## FIRST SEMESTER B.P.T. (BRIDGE PROGRAM) EXAMINATION – JUNE 2013

# SUBJECT: PHARMACOLOGY (NEW REGULATION)

Friday, June 14, 2013

Time: 10:00 - 11:30 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 40

#### Answer the following questions:

1. Classify skeletal muscle relaxants with an example for each class.

(3 marks)

- 2. Mention one advantage and one disadvantage of the following routes of drug administration:
- 2A. Intravenous
- 2B. Intramuscular

 $(1 \times 2 = 2 \text{ marks})$ 

- 3. Mention two drugs useful in the following condition:
- 3A. Angina
- 3B. Parkinsonism
- 3C. Peptic ulcer
- 3D. Insomnia
- 3E. Rheumatoid arthritis
- 3F. Malaria

 $(1 \times 6 = 6 \text{ marks})$ 

- 4. Explain the following terms with an example:
- 4A. Teratogenecity
- 4B. Iatrogenic disease

 $(2\times2=4 \text{ marks})$ 

- 5A. Explain the mechanism of action of cotrimoxazole.
- 5B. List four differences between aspirin and paracetamol.
- 5C. Mention two therapeutic uses and two contraindications of morphine.
- 5D. Describe the effects of adrenaline on cardiovascular system.

(2+2+2+3 = 9 marks)

- 6. List two examples and two therapeutic uses of the following class of drugs:
- 6A. Aminoglycosides
- 6B. Fluoroquinolones
- 6C. Beta lactam antibiotics

- 6D. Antiplatelet agents
- 6E. Anticholinesterases

 $(2 \times 5 = 10 \text{ marks})$ 

7. Mention three classes of antihypertensive drugs with an example for each class.

(3 marks)

8. Write a short note on drug nomenclature.

(3 marks)