Reg. No.					
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MANIPAL ACADEMY OF HIGHER EDUCATION

(Deemed University)

SECOND YEAR B.Sc. N.M.T. DEGREE EXAMINATION -AUGUST 2006

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTALS OF ELECTRONICS AND NUCLEAR MEDICINE INSTRUMENTATION
Monday, August 14, 2006

Time: 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

ANSWER SECTION - 'A' AND SECTION - 'B' IN TWO SEPARATE ANSWER BOOKS.

SECTION - A: FUNDAMENTALS OF ELECTRONICS: 30 MARKS

- Answer all questions.
- 1. Explain the working principle of transformer.
- Explain any one type of voltage regulator.
- 3 Explain single channel pulse height analyzer.
- 4. Explain intrinsic and extrinsic types of semiconductors.
- Explain how an op-amp can be used for the following application with circuit diagram and expression.
- 5A. Integrator
- 5B. Voltage follower.
- 6. Define NAND, OR, EX-NOR gates. Draw the symbol and write truth table.

 $(5\times6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

SECTION - B: NUCLEAR MEDICINE INSTRUMENTATION: 50 MARKS

7. What are the Quality Control parameters of a scintillation camera?

(20 marks)

8. Describe working principle of rectilinear scanner with the help of block diagram.

(20 marks)

- 9. Answer for any TWO:
- 9A. 90° Quardant Bar Phantom.
- 9B. Parallel Hole Collimator.
- 9C. Flood Field Uniformity.

 $(5\times2=10 \text{ marks})$



eg. No.

MANIPAL ACADEMY OF HIGHER EDUCATION

(Deemed University)

SECOND YEAR B.Sc. N.M.T. DEGREE EXAMINATION – AUGUST 2006

SUBJECT: RADIATION CHEMISTRY AND RADIATION PHYSICS

Wednesday, August 16, 2006

Time: 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

Answer Section - 'A' and Section - 'B' In Two Separate Answer Books.

SECTION - A: RADIATION CHEMISTRY: 30 MARKS

- Answer briefly on any SIX:
- 1A. Ionic bond.
- 1B. Normality.
- 1C. Acids.
- 1D. pH.
- 1E. Solvents.
- 1F. Valency.
- 1G. Rutherford Model of atomic structure.

 $(5\times6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

SECTION - B: RADIATION PHYSICS: 50 MARKS

- Answer any TWO:
- 2A. Write about annihilation and pair production.
- 2B. Write briefly about intrinsic efficiency and dead time of a detector.
- 2C. Write about Cerenkov effect.

 $(5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ marks})$

- 3. Answer the following:
- 3A. Explain in detail the interaction of particulate radiation with matter.

(20 marks)

- 3B. i) Describe the method, which gives relatively neutron rich radionuclide. Also give the characteristics of the produced radionuclides.
 - Write in detail about compton effect.

(10+10 = 20 marks)