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(Deemed University)

### THIRD YEAR B.P.T./B.O.T. DEGREE EXAMINATION – AUGUST 2006 SUBJECT: CLINICAL ORTHOPAEDICS AND RHEUMATOLOGY (COMMON FOR BOTH OLD & NEW REGULATION)

Monday, August 07, 2006

Time available: 3 Hours.

Maximum Marks: 80

Answer Section "A" and Section "B" in TWO SEPARATE ANSWER BOOKS.

#### SECTION "A": CLINICAL ORTHOPAEDICS: 40 MARKS

Define open fracture. What are the principles in the management of an open fracture?
Enumerate its complications.

(2+5+3 = 10 marks)

2. Enumerate 6 deformities that occur in a foot. Describe the deformities seen on congenital talipes Equnovarus. Discuss the principles in its management.

(3+3+4 = 10 marks)

3. Write short notes on:

 $(5\times4=20 \text{ marks})$ 

- 3A. Myositis ossificans.
- 3B. Foot drop.
- 3C. Osteochondroma.
- 3D. Smiths fracture.

# SECTION "B": RHEUMATOLOGY: 40 MARKS

4. Discuss the clinical features, diagnosis and management of polyarthritis nodosa (PAN).

#### OR

Discuss the clinical features, diagnosis and management of Psoriatic arthritis.

(4+3+3 = 10 marks)

5. Discuss the pathogenesis, clinical features and management of progressive systemic sclerosis.

#### OR

Enumerate the aetiology, clinical features and management of Gout.

(3+4+3 = 10 marks)

- 6. Write short notes on any FOUR of the following:
- 6A. Giant cell arteritis.
- 6B. Rheumatoid factor.
- 6C. Felty's syndrome.
- 6D. Clinical features of systemic lupus erythematosis.
- CREST syndrome.

 $(5\times4=20 \text{ marks})$ 



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# THIRD YEAR B.P.T./B.O.T. DEGREE EXAMINATION - AUGUST 2006

# SUBJECT: NEUROLOGICAL SCIENCES (COMMON FOR BOTH OLD & NEW REGULATION)

Tuesday, August 08, 2006

1 403	day, August 00, 2000
Time available: 3 Hours.	Maximum Marks: 80

- Answer any FOUR questions. Each question carries 20 marks.
- Draw and describe the anatomy of pyramidal tracts and write a long account on clinical features and management of spasticity.
- 2. Enumerate the causes of chronic Meningitis. Write a brief note on Tubercular meninigitis.
- 3. Etiology, clinical features and management of Myasthenia gravis.
- 4. Write short notes on:
- 4A. Internuclear ophthalmoplegia.
- 4B. Bells palsy.
- 4C. Conductive aphasia.
- 5. Write short notes on:
- 5A. SSPE.
- 5B. Meningovascular syphilis.
- 5C. Progressive muscular atrophy.

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#### THIRD YEAR B.P.T. DEGREE EXAMINATION - AUGUST 2006

# SUBJECT: PHYSIOTHERAPY IN NEUROSCIENCE (COMMON FOR BOTH OLD & NEW REGULATION)

Wednesday, August 09, 2006

Time available: 3 Hours.

Maximum Marks: 80

### Answer ALL the questions.

#### Essay Questions.

 Write the features of a multiple sclerosis patient. Describe the management of a multiple sclerosis patient predominantly with ataxia.

(4+6 = 10 marks)

Describe the features of a spastic diplegic. Discuss the physiotherapy management of a spastic diplegic child.

(4+6 = 10 marks)

#### Write short notes on:

- 3A. Describe a hemiplegic gait and its deviations.
- 3B. Discuss the basic concepts of bobath approach.
- 3C. Describe the management of a child with Erb's palsy.
- Describe the physiotherapy management of a 40 year old female affected by Gullian Barre syndrome.
- 3E. Describe the gait training of a complete L1 level spinal cord injury patient.
- 3F. Describe the care of an anesthetic foot.
- 3G. Explain the energy conservation techniques for a housewife with myasthenia gravis.
- 3H. What is orthostatic hypotention? How do you manage it?

 $(5 \times 8 = 40 \text{ marks})$ 

# Brief answer questions:

- 4A. Flexor synergy pattern in upper limb.
- 4B. What is tonic labyrinthine reflex?
- 4C. What are associated reactions?
- 4D. Mention four methods to reduce rigidity.
- 4E. Describe the Haehn and Yahr scale for parkinsonism.
- 4F. Advantages of Nerve Conduction Velocity over Strength Duration curve.
- 4G. Mention the types of neurogenic bladders.
- 4H. Define coma.
- 4I. Mention four methods to prevent contractures.
- Two facilitatory mechanisms to initiate muscle contraction and the physiological basis behind it.

 $(2\times10=20 \text{ marks})$ 

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### THIRD YEAR B.P.T. DEGREE EXAMINATION - AUGUST 2006

# SUBJECT: PHYSIOTHERAPY IN ORTHOPAEDICS AND RHEUMATOLOGY (COMMON FOR BOTH OLD & NEW REGULATION)

Thursday, August 10, 2006

Time available: 3 Hours.

Maximum Marks: 80

- Answer in detail:
- 1A. Describe the management following fracture neck of femur, adding a note on possible complications.
- 1B. Brief the types of Inter vertebral Disc Prolapse. Outline in detail Mckenzie principle of management for lumbar disc herniation with radiculopathy.

((8+2)+(3+7) = 20 marks)

- 2. Answer in short notes:
- Special tests in CDH.
- 2B. Management of VIC.
- 2C. Rehabilitation following extensor tendon injury in thumb.
- 2D. Stages of septic arthritis.
- 2E. Clinical features of Periarthritis shoulder.
- 2F. Thoracic outlet syndrome-Types and clinical features.
- · 2G. Management of lower extremity deformities in poliomyelitis.
- 2H. Parts and Indications for below knee prosthesis.

 $(5 \times 8 = 40 \text{ marks})$ 

- 3. Short Answers:
- 3A. Shoulder impingement tests (any two).
- 3B. Straight leg raise test.
- 3C. Synovitis.
- 3D. Two clinical features of Tarsal Tunnel syndrome.
- 3E. Cubital Tunnel syndrome.
- 3F. Types of Osteotomy.
- Knuckle Bender Splints.
- 3H. Involucrum and cloacae.
- 3I. Non-pyogenic arthritis.
- 3J. Hangman's fracture.

 $(2\times10=20 \text{ marks})$