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SECOND YEAR B. PHARM. DEGREE EXAMINATION – JULY/AUGUST 2015

SUBJECT: PATHOPHYSIOLOGY (PTH 201) (CREDIT BASED SYSTEM)

Tuesday, July 21, 2015

Time: 10:00 - 13:00 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 50

∠ Long Essays:

- 1A. Define Bronchial asthma. Enumerate four triggering factors of Bronchial asthma.
- 1B. Explain the pathogenesis of asthma with diagrammatic representation.
- 1C. Enumerate the clinical symptoms of asthma.

(3+3+2 = 8 marks)

- 2A. Explain the structural, cellular and metabolic changes that occur during necrosis.
- 2B. Explain the mechanism involved during apoptosis.
- 2C. Enumerate and explain any two degenerative changes that occur in reversible cell injury.

(4+2+2 = 8 marks)

- 3A. Define epilepsy. Enumerate four etiological factors for epilepsy.
- 3B. Describe the pathophysiology of epilepsy.
- 3C. Classify epilepsy based on the clinical symptoms and explain any two types.

(2+2+4 = 8 marks)

4. Short Essays:

- 4A. Describe the pathophysiology of tuberculosis. Enumerate the clinical features of tuberculosis.
- 4B. Define diabetes mellitus. Explain the short and long term complications of diabetes mellitus.
- 4C. Explain any four mechanisms of autoimmune diseases with suitable examples.
- 4D. Explain the etiopathogenesis of Peptic Ulcer Disease.

 $(4 \text{ marks} \times 4 = 16 \text{ marks})$

5. Short Answer:

- 5A. Explain the differences between microcytic and macrocytic anemias.
- 5B. Enumerate the changes that take place at the last stage of acute inflammation.
- 5C. Enumerate four clinical features of hyperthyroidism.
- 5D. Diagrammatically explain the life cycle of Human Immunodeficiency Virus.
- 5E. Enumerate four clinical symptoms of malaria.

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SECOND YEAR B. PHARM. DEGREE EXAMINATION - JULY/AUGUST 2015

SUBJECT: PHARMACEUTICAL MICROBIOLOGY (PBT 202) (CREDIT BASED SYSTEM)

Thursday, July 23, 2015

Time: 10:00 - 13:00 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 50

- Answer ALL the questions.
- **E** Put question numbers properly with margin.

∠ Long Essays:

- 1. With the help of a neat labeled diagram, discuss the structure of a typical bacterial cell.
- 2. Discuss sterilisation by Gamma radiations as under: Source, sterilisation dose, mechanism of action, and applications
- 3. Explain the principle, procedure and applications of Wassermann test.

 $(8 \text{ marks} \times 3 = 24 \text{ marks})$

4. Short Essays:

- 4A. Explain the lytic cycle of viral replication.
- 4B. Enlist the factors influencing the course of disinfection process and explain the effect of time of contact on disinfection.
- 4C. Enlist the factors affecting normal microbial flora and explain any two factors in detail.
- 4D. Write the causative agent, mode of transmission, important symptoms, prevention and treatment of whooping cough.

 $(4 \text{ marks} \times 4 = 16 \text{ marks})$

5. Short Answer:

- 5A. Name any two scientists and their major contribution to the field of microbiology.
- 5B. Mention the reasons for the thermal resistance of bacterial endospores.
- 5C. Write the principle of Tyndallisation.
- 5D. Moisture is essential but a little better than a lot in case of ethylene oxide sterilization. Why?
- 5E. Enlist the various biochemical types of microorganisms in milk with one specific example each.



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SECOND YEAR B. PHARM. DEGREE EXAMINATION - JULY/AUGUST 2015

SUBJECT: PHARMACEUTICAL TECHNOLOGY (PCE 203) (CREDIT BASED SYSTEM)

Saturday, July 25, 2015

Time: 10:00 - 13:00 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 50

Answer ALL the questions.

∠ Long Essays:

- 1. Define prescription. Explain various parts and handling of prescription.
- 2. Define and classify emulsions. Explain the different tests carried out to identify emulsion type.
- 3. Explain the principle, construction, working of vacuum distillation.

 $(8 \text{ marks} \times 3 = 24 \text{ marks})$

4. Short Notes:

- 4A. Explain the working of fluidized bed dryer.
- 4B. Explain double cone classifier.
- 4C. Describe the various types of suspensions with examples.
- 4D. Explain eutectic and explosive powders.

 $(4 \text{ marks} \times 4 = 16 \text{ marks})$

5. Short Answers:

- 5A. Differentiate between orifice meter and venture meter.
- 5B. Define Duhring's rule.
- 5C. Define unit operation and unit process.
- 5D. Classify incompatibilities with examples.
- 5E. Define displacement value with an example.

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SECOND YEAR B. PHARM. DEGREE EXAMINATION - JULY/AUGUST 2015

SUBJECT: PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY (PCH 204) (CREDIT BASED SYSTEM)

Tuesday, July 28, 2015

Time: 10:00 - 13:00 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 50

∠ Long Essays:

- 1A. How do you prove that D-glucose has 6 carbon atoms and five hydroxide groups? Explain.
- 1B. Write the reaction involved in the conversion of pentose to fructose.
- 1C. Write the structure of lactose and sucrose.

(3+4+1 = 8 marks)

- 2A. Explain the structural elucidation and synthesis of vitamin-A.
- 2B. Give the structure and medicinal uses of reserpine.

(6+2 = 8 marks)

- 3A. Discuss the stereochemistry of biphenyl compounds.
- 3B. Explain the electrophilic substitution reactions of furan.

(4+4 = 8 marks)

4. Short Essays:

- 4A. Explain any two methods for the synthesis of alpha-amino acids.
- 4B. Discuss the chemistry of atropine.
- 4C. Write the skraup synthesis of quinolone and write the structure of chloroquine.
- 4D. What are the structural difference between nucleosides and nucleotides? Explain with example.

 $(4 \text{ marks} \times 4 = 16 \text{ marks})$

5. Short Answers:

- 5A. What are cardiac glycosides? Give an account of cardenolides and bufadienolides.
- 5B. Give two important reactions of alpha terpineol.
- 5C. Give the general structures of flavonoids and lignans.
- 5D. Write the structure and uses of frusemide and metronidazole.
- 5E. Outline one method of synthesis of acridine.

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SECOND YEAR B. PHARM. DEGREE EXAMINATION – JULY/AUGUST 2015

SUBJECT: PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS (PQA 205) (CREDIT BASED SYSTEM)

Thursday, July 30, 2015

Time: 10:00 - 13:00 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 50

Answer ALL the questions.

∠ Long Essays:

1. Explain the titration curve of strong acid Vs strong base with the special emphasis on pH at different points and suggesting a suitable indicator.

(8 marks)

- 2A. Explain drying and ignition of precipitate with suitable example.
- 2B. Write a note on precipitated form and weighed form with respective requirements.

(4+4 = 8 marks)

- 3A. Why hydrochloric acid is not used in permanganometry titrations? Explain in detail.
- 3B. What are the conditions for iodometry titrations.

(4+4 = 8 marks)

4. Short Essay:

- 4A. How is silver determined by complexometric titration? Explain in details.
- 4B. Explain the principle of non-aqueous titration of weak bases with an example.
- 4C. Define the term calibration. Explain the calibration of 50 ml volumetric flask.
- 4D. Explain the preparation and standardization of 0.1M ammonium thiocyanate solution.

 $(4 \text{ marks} \times 4 = 16 \text{ marks})$

5. Short Answer:

- 5A. Explain principle and reaction for standardization 0.1M sodium nitrite.
- 5B. What are absolute and derived standards?
- 5C. Explain Nernst equation.
- 5D. Name any four washing solutions for washing of precipitate in gravimetry.
- 5E. Define the terms:
 - i) % w/v
- ii) % v/v
- iii) % w/w
- iv) % v/w

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SECOND YEAR B. PHARM. DEGREE EXAMINATION - JULY/AUGUST 2015

SUBJECT: PHARMACOGNOSY - I (PCO 206) (CREDIT BASED SYSTEM)

Saturday, August 01, 2015

Time: 10:00 - 13:00 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 50

- Answer ALL the questions.
- ∠ Draw neat labeled diagrams and structures wherever necessary.

∠ Long Essays:

- 1. What are carbohydrates? Discuss the chemistry and uses of carbohydrates.
- 2. Discuss different methods of drying and storage of crude drugs.
- 3. Write the Botanical source, Family, Chemical constituents, Uses, Morphology, Microscopy and powder characteristics of Ginger.

 $(8 \text{ marks} \times 3 = 24 \text{ marks})$

4. Short Essays:

- 4A. Definition, classification and estimation of Tannins
- 4B. Explain the process of TCA cycle.
- 4C. Discuss in detail the microscopic methods of evaluation.
- 4D. Give the source, method of preparation and uses of Cocoa butter.

 $(4 \text{ marks} \times 4 = 16 \text{ marks})$

5. Short Answers:

- 5A. Define and list out different methods of adulteration.
- 5B. Define Volatile oils with examples.
- 5C. Merits and demerits of chemotaxonomy
- 5D. General tests for proteins
- 5E. Kaolin