Exam Date & Time: 27-Jul-2022 (10:00 AM - 01:00 PM)



MANIPAL ACADEMY OF HIGHER EDUCATION

	Biochemistry [PB1-BP2031]	
Marks: 75	Duration: 180 n	nins
	I Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs)	
Answer all	the questions. Section Duration: 30 i	min
1)	Carotenes fall under the class of	
	Compound Lipids 2) Heterolipids 3) Homolipids 4) Derived lipids	(1)
2)	The percentage of element Hydrogen in Protein is about	_
	1) 7 22 3) 2 4) 50	(1)
3)	Phosphocreatine falls under the class of which High energy compound?	
	Enol Phosphate 2) Phosphagens 3) Thioesters 4) Pyrophosphates	(1)
4)	The lac operon comprises of which of the following structural genes?	
,		(1)
5)	The number of ATPs generated in heart muscles during step 6 of aerobic oxidation of one molecule of glucose are	(1)
	1) 2 2) 3 3) 4 4) 6	(1)
5)	Pick the odd one out with respect to gluconeogenesis:	
	1) Glycine 2) Alanine 3) Leucine 4) Phenylalanine	(1)
7)	Which of the following is not a participant in oxidative phosphorylation?	745
	1) SGOT 2) CoQ 3) Cyt c 4) Enzyme Complex I	(1)
8)	The PPPG value of Mr X was found to be 168mg/dl. This condition is called as	
	1) RPG 2) Diabetes Mellitus 3) IGT 4) IFG	(1)
9)	An example of a mineralocorticoid class of steroid hormone is	(1)
		(1)

	1) Cortisol 2) Testosterone 3) Aldosterone 4) Progesterone	
10)	Linolenic acid contains how many double bonds?	
	1) 03 2) 02 3) 04 4) 00	(1)
11)	The number of ATPs derived when Myristic acid, a 14 carbon containing fatty acid undergoes complete oxidation is	
	1) 131 2) 129 3) 114 4) 112	(1)
12)	Which of the following coenzyme is essential during serotonin synthesis?	
	1) NAD+ 2) FAD 3) Tetrahydrobiopterin 4) Biotin	(1)
13)	Promoter sequence is located at	
	1) Upstream of start 2) Downstream of start 3) Ori of replication 4) Start codon	(1)
14)	Degeneracy of genetic code is explained by	
	Non- overlapping nature of genetic code Non- Wobble hypothesis a) Frame 3) Shift mutation Universal nature of genetic code	(1)
15)	Which of the following is not a feature of tRNA?	
	1) Cloverleaf structure 2) Coding region 3) D loop 4) Variable arm	(1)
16)	The inorganic contributor in de novo synthesis of IMP is	11)
	1) N10 formyl THF 2) Glycine 3) Aspartate 4) CO ₂	(1)
17)	The coenzyme Tetrahydrofolate is derived from Vitamin	
	1) B1 2) B9 3) B2 4) B3	[1]_
18)	In non-competitive inhibition, which of the following is true?	
	Vmax remains unchanged whereas Km increases and increases increase	1)
19)	AST stands for	
	Alanine Serum Transaminase Alanine Serum Transferase Aspartate Transaminase Aspartate Transferase Aspartate Transferase Aspartate Transferase	1)

20)	The term catalysis was coined by				
	1) Kuhne 2) Berzelius 3) Menten 4) Koshland	(1)			
	II Long Answers				
Answer all the questions.					
1)	Explain Phosphogluconate pathway and mention any four significance of NADPH. Add a note on engine driving model of ATP formation.	(10)			
2)	Explain the following processes in nucleic acid metabolism: a) Elongation step in translation process b) Events at replication fork c) Post transcriptional modification d) Salvage pathway for purine nucleotide synthesis	(10)			
III Short Answers					
Answer al	I the questions.				
1)	Classify Proteins based on their function and Nutritional value.	(5)			
2)	Sketch the bypass steps of gluconeogenesis from pyruvate.	(5)			
3)	Sketch the steps involved in Ketolysis. Add a note on the significance of ketone bodies.	(5)			
4)	Sketch the Krebs-Henseleit cycle.	(5)			
5)	A. 'During De novo synthesis, out of the 16 carbons that Palmitic acid possesses, 2 carbons are obtained directly through a molecule of acetyl CoA, whereas the remaining are obtained from Malonyl CoA'. Justify the given statement. [2m]	(5)			
	B. Draw the shuttle system that is involved in β -oxidation of fatty acids. [3m]				
6)	"Enzymes are regarded as biological catalysts". Justify the given statement with pictorial representation and relevant facts to support the same.	(5)			
7)	Define enzymes. Enlist their properties and mention briefly about their nomenclature.	(5)			

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