

# Question Paper

Exam Date & Time: 10-Jul-2023 (02:00 PM - 05:00 PM)



## MANIPAL ACADEMY OF HIGHER EDUCATION

Pathophysiology [PPR-BP204T-S1]

Marks: 75

Duration: 180 mins.

### I Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs)

Answer all the questions.

Section Duration: 30 mins

- 1) Which of the following is programmed cell death in the cell injury? (1)
- [Apoptosis](#)  
[Necrosis](#)  
[Purification](#)  
[Ischemic Injury](#)
- 2) Which of the following is an example for preformed element in the inflammation process? (1)
- [Prostaglandins](#)  
[Nitric Oxide](#)  
[Histamine](#)  
[Free radicals](#)
- 3) Tumor of inflammation is due to----- (1)
- [Increased vascular permeability](#)  
[Vasoconstriction](#)  
[Vasodilation](#)  
[Tissue damage](#)
- 4) Cell Injury associated with reduction in blood flow to the site to which it supply called as ----- (1)  
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- [Reversible cell Injury](#)  
[Ischemic Injury](#)  
[Apoptosis](#)  
[Necrosis](#)
- 5) Agents acting as chemotactic substances for different leucocytes in the process if inflammation ----- (1)  
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- [Chemokines](#)  
[Neutrophils](#)  
[Macrophages](#)  
[Complimentary activating factor](#)
- 6) Peripherally margined neutrophils slowly roll over the endothelial cells lining of the vessel wall called as ----- (1)
- [Adhesion Phase](#)

- [Emigration](#)
- [Rolling phase](#)
- [Phagocytosis](#)

7) Angina due to physical activity is also called----- (1)

- [Stable Angina](#)
- [Prinzmetal](#)
- [variant angina](#)
- [Unstable Angina](#)

8) Atherosclerosis is produced by----- (1)

- [Endothelial injury](#)
- [Accumulation of lipoproteins](#)
- [Monocyte adhesion](#)
- [All of the above](#)

9) Rigidity and postural instability of balance is a sign of ----- (1)

- [Parkinson's Disease](#)
- [Inflammatory bowel Disease](#)
- [Sexually transmitted Diseases](#)
- [Epilepsy](#)

10) Thrombus formation and embolism results in arterial occlusion, decreasing cerebral blood flow and causing infarction----- (1)

- [Shock](#)
- [Hemorrhagic Stroke](#)
- [Ischemic Stroke](#)
- [Hypovolemic shock](#)

11) Microcytic and Hypochromic cells are the characteristics of ----- (1)

- [Iron Deficiency Anaemia](#)
- [Vitamin B 12 deficiency Anaemia](#)
- [Haemolytic Anaemia](#)
- [Sideroblastic Anaemia](#)

12) Which of the following stimulate the process of Erythropoiesis----- (1)

- [Hepcidin](#)
- [Erythropoietin](#)
- [Cytokines](#)
- [Leukocytes](#)

13) Diabetes is caused due to deficiency of ----- (1)

- [Insulin](#)
- [Thyroxine](#)
- [Trypsin](#)
- [Adrenaline](#)

14) Which of the following hepatitis spread through food and water ----- (1)

[Hepatitis B](#)  
[Hepatitis C](#)  
[Hepatitis A](#)  
[Hepatitis D](#)

15) The process by which cells divide and reproduce new cells called as ----- (1)

[Cell Cycle](#)  
[Mitosis](#)  
[Meiosis](#)  
[Neoplasia](#)

16) Tender necrotic skin lesions, Tenosynovitis, Monoarticular arthritis is sign and symptoms of----- (1)

[Malaria](#)  
[Gonorrhoea](#)  
[Syphilis](#)  
[HIV](#)

17) The causative organism of syphilis is ----- (1)

[Aedes aegypti](#)  
[Orientia](#)  
[tsutsugamushi](#)  
[Salmonella](#)  
[Treponema pallidum](#)

18) . Leprosy is caused by----- (1)

[Mycobacterium leprae](#)  
[Mycobacterium Tuberculosis](#)  
[Salmonella paratyphi](#)  
[E Coli](#)

19) Which of the following belongs to Upper urinary tract Infections----- (1)

[Pyelonephritis](#)  
[Cystitis](#)  
[Urethritis](#)  
[Prostatitis](#)

20) Typhoid spread most commonly through ----- (1)

[Blood transfusion](#)  
[Air](#)  
[Food and Water](#)  
[Sexual Intercourse](#)

## II Long Answers

Answer all the questions.

1) Define Cell Injury Explain different mechanism of cell Injury (10)

2) Explain the pathophysiology of Acute Renal Failure. (10)

## III Short Answers

Answer all the questions.

1) Explain the pathophysiology of COPD. (5)

- 2) Explain the pathophysiology of anemia (5)
- 3) Explain the pathophysiology of type 1 Diabetes (5)
- 4) Explain Cell Cycle with neat Diagram (5)
- 5) Explain the pathophysiology of Syphilis. (5)
- 6) Write a note on Typhoid Fever (5)
- 7) Write a note on GOUT (5)

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