

# Question Paper

Exam Date & Time: 08-Jul-2023 (10:00 AM - 01:00 PM)



## MANIPAL ACADEMY OF HIGHER EDUCATION

Manipal College of Pharmaceutical Sciences  
MAHE, Manipal

B.Pharm Semester VIII , End Sem Examination 2023

**Quality Control and Standardization of Herbals [PCO-BP806ET-S3]**

**Marks: 75**

**Duration: 180 mins.**

### I Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs)

**Answer all the questions.**

Section Duration: 30 mins

- 1) Crude drug containing abundant mucilage and answers Ruthenium red test (1)
- Clove  
Linseed  
Lemon  
grass  
Liquorice
- 2) Extractive value is used (1)
- To identify the presence of inorganic matter  
To identify exhausted drugs  
To identify impurities  
To identify pesticides
- 3) Bitter drugs used to (1)
- Thirst  
Urination  
Induce immunity  
Increase appetite
- 4) Foreign matter in whole or cut medicinal plant materials should be (1)
- NMT 2%  
NMT 8%  
NMT 10%  
NMT 15%
- 5) Which of the following method is used for determination of tannins? (1)
- Lycopodium spore method  
Hide powder method  
LOD  
None of the above
- 6) Standard of self-generated alcohol for Asavas & Arishtas prescribed in (1)

[Rule 155](#)

[Rule 156](#)

[Rule 157](#)

[Rule](#)

[158](#)

7) Column Chromatography is used for (1)

[Identification of phytoconstituents](#)

[Quantification of phytoconstituents](#)

[Purification of phytoconstituents](#)

[All of the above](#)

8) Indian Herbal Pharmacopoeia was published in the year (1)

[1992](#)

[2002](#)

[2010](#)

[1975](#)

9) Spurious drugs has been defined and is under the section (1)

[33EEA](#)

[33EEB](#)

[33EEC](#)

[33EED](#)

10) Which of the following is "NOT" a part of protocol preparation? (1)

[Literature survey](#)

[Technology transfer](#)

[Working hypothesis](#)

[Ethical aspects](#)

11) Database related to herbal medicine and natural products are "NOT" established in which of the following countries? (1)

[China](#)

[Japan](#)

[United States](#)

[Bangladesh](#)

12) Which of the following professions come under healthcare? (1)

[Pharmacy](#)

[Judicial](#)

[Railway](#)

[Postal](#)

13) Ratio of herbal substance to genuine preparation is called (1)

[DAR](#)

[DUM](#)

[DER](#)

[DEP](#)

14) Active markers are responsible for which of the following? (1)

[Therapeutic](#)

[Analytical](#)

Aeronautical

Biomedical

- 15) Propagation materials in GACP should be free from contamination and tolerant to the following abiotic factor (1)

Bacteria

Fungus

Animals

-

Minerals

- 16) The ultimate goal of GMP is (1)

The manufacturing process is as has been prescribed to maintain the standards

Safeguarding the health of the patient as well as producing good quality medicine

The manufactured drug which is released for sale is acceptable quality

All of the above

- 17) Scientific name of the plant is recorded in the following order (1)

Genus, species, author, family

Species, genus, author, family

Author, genus, species, family

Family, genus, species, author

- 18) National GLP compliance monitoring authority was established by DST India in the year (1)

1972

1970

2002

2010

- 19) The finished goods transferred from the production area after proper packing shall be stored in the finished goods stores, marked as (1)

Finished goods stock

Quarantine

Finished product

None

- 20) Fertilizers should be applied sparingly to minimize (1)

Erosion

Leaching

Tillage

Weeds

## II Long Answers

**Answer all the questions.**

- 1) Explain the following; (10)  
Bitterness value (3M)  
Foaming Index (3M)  
Determination of pesticide residue (4M)
- 2) Describe the comparison of various Herbal Pharmacopoeia (10)

## III Short Answers

**Answer all the questions.**

- |    |  |     |
|----|--|-----|
| 1) | Explain the Issues in Stability Testing of Herbal Products   | (5) |
| 2) | With the help of neat labelled diagram explain Gas liquid chromatography as tool for standardization of herbal drugs.      | (5) |
| 3) | What are the functions of National Pharmacovigilance centre and Uppsala monitoring centre                                  | (5) |
| 4) | Discuss briefly the control tests for herbal raw materials, preparations and medicinal products                            | (5) |
| 5) | Briefly explain about the objectives for non-clinical studies and general considerations of pharmacological investigations | (5) |
| 6) | Explain the SOPs for the careful cultivation of medicinal plants.  | (5) |
| 7) | What are Good Manufacturing Practices? State its objectives and significance   | (5) |

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