

Question Paper

Exam Date & Time: 30-Dec-2023 (10:00 AM - 01:00 PM)



MANIPAL ACADEMY OF HIGHER EDUCATION

Pharmacology II [PHA-BP503T - S2]

Marks: 75

Duration: 180 mins.

I Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs)

Answer all the questions.

Section Duration: 30 mins

- 1) This antihypertensive is found safer during pregnancy (1)
- Methyldopa
Enalapril
Propranolol
Sodium nitroprusside
- 2) One among the following is a contraindication to plasma expander (1)
- Burns
Trauma
Pulmonary edema
Hypovolemic shock
- 3) Tofacitinib belongs to a class of medications known as: (1)
- Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs)
Disease-modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (DMARDs)
Biologic response modifiers
Corticosteroids
- 4) Common side effects associated with acarbose use include: (1)
- Hypoglycemia
Weight gain
Flatulence and gastrointestinal disturbances
Bradycardia
- 5) Steroid use can negatively impact the skin by: (1)
- Decreasing the risk of acne
Increasing the risk of eczema
Enhancing wound healing
Predisposing to skin thinning and easy bruising
- 6) Identify the mixed vasodilator which may be given for restoration of cardiac performance in CHF (1)
- Isosorbide dinitrate
Sodium nitroprusside
Nifedipine

Nicorandil

7) Which drug alters surface receptors on platelets and inhibits ADP? (1)

Nifedipine

Nicardipine

Amlodipine

Ticlopidine

8) Anti-thyroid drugs are typically more effective in treating: (1)

Graves' disease

Hashimoto's thyroiditis

Thyroid storm

Thyroid cancer

9) The insulin receptor is a: (1)

Tyrosine kinase-linked receptor

G protein-coupled receptor

Serine-threonine kinase receptor

Ligand-gated ion channel

10) Aquaporins play a crucial role in the action of ADH by: (1)

Increasing sodium reabsorption

Regulating chloride levels

Facilitating water movement across cell

membranes

Inhibiting glucose reabsorption

11) First choice drug for acute therapy of paroxysmal supraventricular tachycardia (1)

Adenosine

Amiodarone

Disopyramide

Dofetilide

12) This class of drugs primarily activate lipoprotein lipase and action is exerted through PPAR-alpha (1)

Bile acid sequestrants

Fibric acid derivatives

Nicotinic acid

analogues

Statins

13) Which hormone is often referred to as the "stress hormone" and plays a role in the body's response to stress? (1)

Growth hormone (GH)

Adrenocorticotrophic hormone (ACTH)

Prolactin (PRL)

Luteinizing hormone (LH)

14) SGLT-2 inhibitors primarily act on which organ in the body to lower blood glucose levels? (1)

Liver

Pancreas

Kidneys

Heart

15)	What are the essential characteristics of the three points in a three-point assay?	(1)
	<p><u>They should be equidistant from each other.</u></p> <p><u>They should have similar absorbance values.</u></p> <p><u>They should be standard concentrations in a linear range.</u></p> <p><u>They should represent replicates of the same sample.</u></p>	
16)	Which drug is given sublingually to terminate an anginal attack?	(1)
	<p><u>Atenolol</u></p> <p><u>Dipyridamole</u></p> <p><u>Isosorbide dinitrate</u></p> <p><u>Lacidipine</u></p>	
17)	Which is not a metabolic function of folic acid?	(1)
	<p><u>Conversion of methionine to homocysteine</u></p> <p><u>Conversion of homocysteine to methionine</u></p> <p><u>Conversion of serine to glycine</u></p> <p><u>Conversion of lysine to proline</u></p>	
18)	What is the clinical implication of Finasteride inhibition of 5-alpha-reductase?	(1)
	<p><u>Increased risk of prostate cancer</u></p> <p><u>Reduction in dihydrotestosterone (DHT) levels</u></p> <p><u>Elevated levels of testosterone</u></p> <p><u>Enhanced estrogen synthesis</u></p>	
19)	Allopurinol specifically inhibits	(1)
	<p><u>Xanthine oxidase</u></p> <p><u>Arginase</u></p> <p><u>Carbamoyl transferase</u></p> <p><u>Urease</u></p>	
20)	What is the primary therapeutic use of SERMs such as Raloxifene?	(1)
	<p><u>Treatment of breast cancer</u></p> <p><u>Prevention of osteoporosis</u></p> <p><u>Management of endometriosis</u></p> <p><u>Hormone replacement therapy in menopause</u></p>	

II Long Answers

Answer all the questions.

- 1) With a schematic representation, describe the intestinal absorption, transport, utilization, storage and excretion of iron (10)
- 2) AT is a 28-year-old woman who recently shifted into a flat with new furniture and carpeting. She experienced symptoms of rhinitis on a previous occasion. Now she has a runny and stuffy nose, plus itching and sneezing. Give your medication recommendations as a pharmacist. Explain the pharmacological actions of class of drugs in this case. List their clinical uses and side effects (10)

III Short Answers

Answer all the questions.

- 1) Describe the mechanism of action of glyceryl trinitrate. Mention its uses and side effects (2+2+1) (5)
- 2) Classify oral antidiabetics. Explain the mechanism of action of any one oral hypoglycemic agents. (5)

Mention their adverse effects.

- 3) Classify Diuretics and explain the mechanism of action of Acetazolamide (5)
- 4) Describe the cellular mechanisms of actions of steroid hormones. (5)
- 5) Classify estrogens. Describe the actions of estrogens on sex organs, secondary sexual characteristics and metabolism. List out the adverse effects of estrogens (5)
- 6) Explain the mechanism of action of class I anti-arrhythmic drugs. Enumerate its uses and adverse effects (5)
- 7) Classify NSAIDs, Write short notes on Paracetamol poisoning (5)

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