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MANIPAL UNIVERSITY

SECOND YEAR B. PHARM. DEGREE EXAMINATION - MAY 2014

SUBJECT: PATHOPHYSIOLOGY (PTH 201) (CREDIT BASED SYSTEM)

Monday, May 05, 2014

Time: 10:00 - 13:00 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 50

Answer all questions.

∠ Long Essays:

- 1A. Describe the etiology and mechanism of reversible cell injury.
- 1B. Describe the pathological changes that occur during necrosis.

(4+4 = 8 marks)

- 2A. Define myocardial infarction. Explain the clinical symptoms of myocardial infarction.
- 2B. Explain the pathogenesis of congestive heart failure.
- 2C. Explain the pathogenesis of atherosclerosis.

(2+3+3 = 8 marks)

- 3A. Explain the etiopathogenesis and tissue changes that occur in alcoholic liver disease.
- 3B. Classify anaemia based on etiology and explain the clinical features of each type.

(4+4 = 8 marks)

- 4A. Explain the etiopathogenesis of bronchial asthma.
- 4B. List out the differences between type I and type II diabetes mellitus.
- 4C. Explain the mechanisms of any two hypersensitivity reactions.
- 4D. Explain the etiopathogenesis of tuberculosis.

 $(4 \text{ marks} \times 4 = 16 \text{ marks})$

- 5A. Enumerate four clinical symptoms of parkinsonism.
- 5B. Define angiogenesis and invasiveness of neoplasia.
- 5C. Enumerate the etiology for inflammation.
- 5D. Enumerate the regulators of cell cycle.
- 5E. Differentiate cell mediated and humoral immunity.

 $(2 \text{ marks} \times 5 = 10 \text{ marks})$

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MANIPAL UNIVERSITY

SECOND YEAR B. PHARM. DEGREE EXAMINATION - MAY 2014

SUBJECT: PHARMACEUTICAL MICROBIOLOGY (PBT 202) (CREDIT BASED SYSTEM)

Wednesday, May 07, 2014

Time: 10:00 - 13:00 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 50

Answer ALL the questions. Put question numbers properly.

€ Long Essays:

- 1. Define pure culture and discuss the methods of isolation of pure culture.
- 2. With the help of a neat labeled diagram, discuss the design and operation of a hot air oven.
- 3. Discuss the role of neutrophils and macrophages in combating infectious diseases.

 $(8 \text{ marks} \times 3 = 24 \text{ marks})$

Short Essays:

- 4A. Write a detailed note on a sexual spores produced by fungi with diagrams.
- 4B. Explain the effect of pH and presence of organic matter on the course of disinfection.
- 4C. Differentiate exotoxins from endotoxins.
- 4D. Write the causative agent, mode of transmission, important symptoms, and treatment of diphtheria.

 $(4 \text{ marks} \times 4 = 16 \text{ marks})$

Short Answers:

- 5A. Define Resolving power of a microscope and mention the methods to increase it.
- 5B. Enlist the methods of preservation of pure culture.
- 5C. Define Excitation and Ionization radiation.
- 5D. In evaluation of bacteriostatic activity of disinfectants, what is the difference between cup plate method and Ditch plate method?
- 5E. Define BOD and enlist different methods to reduce BOD of industrial waste water.

 $(2 \text{ marks} \times 5 = 10 \text{ marks})$

PBT 202

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SECOND YEAR B. PHARM. DEGREE EXAMINATION - MAY 2014

SUBJECT: PHARMACEUTICAL TECHNOLOGY (PCE 203) (CREDIT BASED SYSTEM)

Friday, May 09, 2014

Time: 10:00 - 13:00 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 50

Answer all the questions.

Z Long Essays:

1. Explain the various modes of heat transfer with suitable examples.

(8 marks)

2. Explain with diagram the construction, principle & advantages of Swenson-Walker crystallizer.

(2+2+2+2=8 marks)

3. Define a suspension. Differentiate various characteristics of flocculated & deflocculated suspensions.

(2+6 = 8 marks)

Short Essays:

- 4A. Explain the cold compression method for preparation of suppositories.
- 4B. What are the advantages of hardinge mill over ball mill? Explain briefly about Elevation of boiling point.
- 4C. How does emulsifying agent work? Explain in brief the method to prepare emulsion by dry gum method for a formula consisting of fixed oils.
- 4D. Define bound and unbound moisture. Explain the drying rate curve with a labeled diagram.

 $(4 \text{ marks} \times 4 = 16 \text{ marks})$

Short Answers:

- 5A. Differentiate tincture and spirit.
- 5B. Write note on explosive powder.
- 5C. Write note on Inscription and Signatura.
- 5D. Difference between boilable & non boilable catgut.
- 5E. In what proportion should 20% benzocaine ointment be mixed with an ointment base to produce a 2.5% benzocaine ointment?

 $(2 \text{ marks} \times 5 = 10 \text{ marks})$



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MANIPAL UNIVERSITY

SECOND YEAR B. PHARM. DEGREE EXAMINATION - MAY 2014

SUBJECT: PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY (PCH 204) (CREDIT BASED SYSTEM)

Monday, May 12, 2014

Time: 10:00 - 13:00 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 50

Answer ALL questions.

Z Long Essays:

- 1A. Explain the structural elucidation of citral.
- 1B. Define and classify alkaloids with examples.

(6+2 = 8 marks)

- 2A. Explain Hantzsch synthesis of pyridine.
- 2B. Explain nucleophilic substitution reactions of pyridine with suitable examples
- 2C. Give the structure of one pyrazine derivative with antitubercular activity.

(3+4+1 = 8 marks)

- 3A. How do you prove that D-glucose has a six membered ring structure? Explain
- 3B. Write the medicinal uses and mechanism of action Taxol and its derivatives.
- 3C. What are non-drying oils?

(4+3+1 = 8 marks)

Short Essays:

- 4A. i) Discuss the Zeisel method for determining -OCH₃ group and Herzig-mayer's method for determining N-CH₃ group.
 - ii) Write the synthesis and uses of ephedrine

(2+2 = 4 marks)

4B. Explain any four characteristic chemical reactions of amino acids.

(4 marks)

4C. Explain the chemistry of carotenoids and give its biological importance.

(4 marks)

4D. Explain briefly the stereochemistry of E₂ reactions.

(4 marks)

Short Answers:

- 5A. What are the medicinal uses of flavonoids? Give two examples of flavonoids.
- 5B. Write the structure of any two pyrimidine bases present in nucleic acids?
- 5C. In 2-bromocyclohexenone, why bromine takes up the axial position rather than the equatorial position?
- 5D. Give the structures of two furan derivatives with antibacterial activity.
- 5E. Write one method of preparation of Pyrazole.

 $(2 \text{ marks} \times 5 = 10 \text{ marks})$



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MANIPAL UNIVERSITY

SECOND YEAR B. PHARM. DEGREE EXAMINATION - MAY 2014

SUBJECT: PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS (PQA 205) (CREDIT BASED SYSTEM)

Wednesday, May 14, 2014

Time: 10:00 - 13:00 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 50

Answer ALL the questions.

& Long Essays:

 Derive the expression for the pH at equivalence point of the titration of 0.1 M acetic acid against 0.1 M NaOH. Show the required calculations for pH at various stages of this titration and suggesting a suitable indicator. (Dissociation constant of acetic acid 1.82 × 10⁻⁵)

(8 marks)

2. Explain the factors affecting the completeness of the precipitation? How is it checked?

(8 marks)

- 3A. Explain advantages and disadvantages of ceric ammonium sulphate in redox titration.
- 3B. Explain with the help of an example side reactions in permagnometry titrations.

(4+4 = 8 marks)

Short Essays:

- 4A. Derive an expression for pM and give its importance in complexometry.
- 4B. Differentiate between primary standards and secondary standards. Give examples of each.
- 4C. How is 0.1M perchloric acid prepared and standardized as per I. P.1996.
- 4D. Explain Mohr's and Modified Mohr's method for estimation of halides.

 $(4 \text{ marks} \times 4 = 16 \text{ marks})$

Short Answers:

- 5A. Define: i) Solubility product ii) Calibration
- 5B. Explain with reaction determination of end point using starch iodide paper in diazotization titration.
- 5C. Explain Arrhenius theory of acids and bases and describe its merits and demerits.
- 5D. Define standard oxidation potential in redox titrations.
- 5E. Enlist the different steps involved in gravimetric analysis.

 $(2 \text{ marks} \times 5 = 10 \text{ marks})$

PQA 205

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SECOND YEAR B. PHARM. DEGREE EXAMINATION - MAY 2014

SUBJECT: PHARMACOGNOSY - I (PCO 206) (CREDIT BASED SYSTEM)

Friday, May 16, 2014

Time: 10:00 - 13:00 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 50

- Answer ALL the questions.
- & Long Essays:
- 1A. With the help of neat labeled diagram describe the morphological features of Fennel and Datura.
- 1B. Explain TCA cycle.

(4+4 = 8 marks)

2. Extrinsic factors affecting cultivation of crude drugs.

(8 marks)

3. Give the source, constituents and method of preparation and uses of sodium alginate and Honey.

(4+4 = 8 marks)

- Short Essays:
- 4A. Physical methods of evaluation.
- 4B. Source and uses of Gelatin and Spirulina.
- 4C. Source and preparation of castor oil and bees wax.
- 4D. Classification and methods of estimation of Tannins.

 $(4 \text{ marks} \times 4 = 16 \text{ marks})$

- Short Answers:
- 5A. Bentonite
- 5B. Definition and reasons for adulteration
- 5C. Definition of Alkaloids and Glycosides
- 5D. Various types of calcium oxalate and stomata
- 5E. Morphological method of classification

 $(2 \text{ marks} \times 5 = 10 \text{ marks})$