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MANIPAL ACADEMY OF HIGHER EDUCATION

THIRD YEAR PHARM D. DEGREE EXAMINATION - JULY 2018

SUBJECT: PQA 3.2T: PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS (2014 REGULATION)

Thursday, July 19, 2018

Time: 10:00 - 13:00 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 70

- Answer ALL questions.

∠ Long answer questions:

- 1. With the help of a neatly labeled diagram, describe in detail the double beam UV-Visible spectrophotometer.
- 2. Name HPLC column efficiency parameters and write the equation to calculate resolution. Explain the construction and working of RI detector of HPLC.
- 3. Describe the principle of amperometric titrations. Explain titration of electro reducible ion vs non reducible ion.

 $(10 \text{ marks} \times 3 = 30 \text{ marks})$

- 4. Short answer questions:
- 4A. List the applications of fluorimetry.

(5 marks)

4B. Explain the types of vibrations in a molecule.

(5 marks)

- 4C. i) Explain the principle of ESR spectroscopy.
 - ii) Explain the theory of mass spectrometry.

(2+3 = 5 marks)

4D. Write the advantages of TLC as separation technique over other methods.

(5 marks)

4E. Differentiate calibration and validation.

(5 marks)

4F. Explain the instrumentation of AAS in brief.

(5 marks)

- 5. Short answer questions:
- 5A. Explain the theory of flame photometry.
- 5B. Write a brief note on "ICH guidelines".
- 5C. Write the applications of AES.
- 5D. Explain the principle of thermal methods in brief.
- 5E. Write and explain the Bragg's law.

 $(2 \text{ marks} \times 5 = 10 \text{ marks})$

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MANIPAL ACADEMY OF HIGHER EDUCATION

THIRD YEAR PHARM D. DEGREE EXAMINATION - JULY 2018

SUBJECT: PD 3.2: PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS

Thursday, July 19, 2018

Time: 10:00 - 13:00 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 70

- Answer ALL questions.
- Z Draw neatly labeled diagram wherever necessary.
- ∠ Long Essay:
- 1A. Define ISO 9000 and list its benefit. Mention the quality management principle of ISO 9000.
- 1B. Explain the conductometric titration for the mixture of strong acid and weak acid vs strong base.

(5+5 = 10 marks)

2. Explain the construction and working of UV-Visble spectrophotometer.

(10 marks)

- 3A. Explain the rate theory of chromatography with its advantages and disadvantages.
- 3B. Explain the instrumentation of HPLC in brief.

(5+5 = 10 marks)

- 4. Short Essay:
- 4A. Explain the construction and working of Katharometer and flame ionization detectors in brief.

 (5 marks)
- 4B. Explain the molecular factors affecting intensity of fluorescence.

(5 marks)

- 4C. i) What is half wave potential? Explain briefly.
 - ii) Explain the principle of atomic absorption spectroscopy.

(3+2 = 5 marks)

- 4D. i) Write the theory of proton NMR.
 - ii) What is Bragg's law for Diffraction?

(3+2 = 5 marks)

4E. Write the applications of IR spectroscopy.

(5 marks)

- 4F. i) Write the importance and types of statistical Quality control chart.
 - ii) What is differential scanning calorimeter? Mention its types.

(3+2=5 marks)

5. Short answer:

- 5A. Differentiate potentiometric and conductometric titrations.
- 5B. Name the components of flame photometer.
- 5C. Mention the ionization methods in Mass spectroscopy.
- 5D. Write the schematic diagram of inductively coupled plasma source.
- 5E. What are polarimeter and specific optical rotation?

 $(2 \text{ marks} \times 5 = 10 \text{ marks})$



MANIPAL ACADEMY OF HIGHER EDUCATION

THIRD YEAR PHARM D. DEGREE EXAMINATION - JULY 2018

SUBJECT: PCH 3.5T: MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY (2014 REGULATION)

Friday, July 27, 2018

Time: 10:00 - 13:00 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 70

Answer ALL the question.

∠ Long answer questions:

- 1A. Classify antiarrythmic drugs. Write the structure and synthesis of lidocaine.
- 1B. Write the synthesis of glibenclamide.
- 1C. Write the structure of frusemide and give its uses.

(5+3+2 = 10 marks)

- 2A. Classify antiviral agents by giving one structure under each class. Write briefly on Anti HIV drugs.
- 2B. Explain the salient structural requirement for compounds used as DHFR inhibitors. Outline the synthesis of any one of them as antimalarial agent.

(7+3 = 10 marks)

- 3A. Write the synthesis for the following: i) Chloramphenicol ii) PAS
- 3B. What are Radio diagnostic agents? Classify them by giving example. Outline the synthesis of Diethyl Stilbestrol.

(5+5 = 10 marks)

4. Short answer questions:

- 4A. What are Anthelmintics? Classify Benzimidazole derivatives. Outline the synthesis of Mebendazole.
- 4B. Write the SAR for Sulpha drugs and Quinolones.
- 4C. What are osmotic diuretics? How do they act? Write the structure of any one osmotic diuretics.
- 4D. Classify anticancer agents by giving one structure under each class. Outline the synthesis for chlorambucil.
- 4E. How do you synthesise glibenclamide? Give chemical reaction.
- 4F. Write the chemistry for the Macrolide and Amino Glycosides Antibiotics.

 $(5 \text{ marks} \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

5. Give reasons for the following:

- 5A. Penicillinase inhibitors are not antibacterial agents.
- 5B. Calcium channel blockers are used as antianginal agents.
- 5C. Carbimazole is an antithyroid drug.
- 5D. Benzyl penicillin is not administered orally.
- 5E. Benorylate is a Mutual Prodrug.

 $(2 \text{ marks} \times 5 = 10 \text{ marks})$

