

Reg. No.

Manipal Institute of Technology, Manipal

(A Constituent Institute of Manipal University)



IV SEMESTER B.TECH ENGINEERING

END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS, MAY 2016

SUBJECT: AIR AND NISE POLLUTION [CIE-3284]

REVISED CREDIT SYSTEM

Time: 3 Hours

17-05-2016

MAX. MARKS: 50

Instructions to Candidates:

- ❖ Answer ALL the questions.
- ❖ Missing data may be suitably assumed
- ❖ Dispersion coefficient graph and chart is allowed

1A.	Comment on oxides of Nitrogen and Sulphur and their sources in environment	4																				
1B.	Explain the generation of Ozone in the atmosphere with chemical equations and the influence of CFC molecules on the same.	4																				
1C.	With a neat sketch show the difference between fanning and Fumigation.	2																				
2A.	Derive the expression for concentration of pollutant using Gaussian plume model at various heights of stack.	5																				
2B.	(i). Explain effective stack height. (ii). A foundry is emitting 500 Kg/ day of SO ₂ from a stack of effective height 50m. The prevalent wind velocity in the horizontal direction is 4 m/s. Climate outside is a hot sunny day. Estimate the maximum concentration of the pollutant in the direction of wind at the ground level at a distance of 2000 m, y=0, z=0.	5																				
3A.	What are the objectives of implementation of Air quality index?	4																				
3B.	Explain the components of a high volume sampler with a neat sketch.	4																				
3C.	Explain the difference between Nephelometry and Chemiluminescence method of Air Quality measurement.	2																				
4A.	Estimate the cut diameter and overall collection efficiency in a of a cyclone given the particle size distribution of dust from cement kiln. Particle size distribution and other data are given below. Density of gas is neglected. Calculate collection efficiency by forming a tabular column. Gas viscosity = 2.5x 10 ⁻⁵ Kg/ms; Specific Gravity of the particle = 2500 Kg/m ³ ; Inlet gas velocity of cyclone = 12 m/sec; Effective number of turns within cyclone = 5 Cyclone diameter = 2 m Cyclone inlet width = 0.7	4																				
<table><tr><td>Avg Particle size, dp, μm</td><td>1</td><td>5</td><td>10</td><td>20</td><td>30</td><td>40</td><td>50</td><td>60</td><td>>60</td></tr><tr><td>Weight</td><td>03</td><td>20</td><td>15</td><td>20</td><td>16</td><td>10</td><td>06</td><td>03</td><td>07</td></tr></table>			Avg Particle size, dp, μm	1	5	10	20	30	40	50	60	>60	Weight	03	20	15	20	16	10	06	03	07
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4B.	Explain SNCR process with necessary equations. List its advantages and disadvantages compared to SCR method.	4
4C.	Explain bioleaching and ash washing process of treatment of APC residue.	2
5A.	Explain any three principles of Noise measurement with necessary examples	6
5B.	Explain effects of Noise pollution on environment citing examples	4