

Instructions to candidates

Answer any **FIVE** full questions.

Missing data, if any, may be suitably assumed.

1. **A.** What is RGB colour model? How many different colours are possible for the following?
 - (i) 1 bit for R, G and B each
 - (ii) 8 bits for R, G and B each

Also compute the size of the frame buffer for each of them for a 1024 x 1080 display.
 What is the use of lookup table and shadow mask?
- B.** Define fluorescence and phosphorescence. Explain the working of raster display devices.
- C.** What are the types of the CRT display devices?

[5+3+2]
2. **A.** Find the points selected by Gupta-Sproull algorithm for drawing a line between (5, 3) and (9, 6). Show all intermediate processing steps.
- B.** Write pseudo code for midpoint circle drawing algorithm using the second order differences.
- C.** Write the pseudo code for midpoint line drawing algorithm.

[5+3+2]
3. **A.** Apply the following transformation on a cube of size 1 unit. Assume that one of its vertex coordinate is [0, 0, 0] which is at the origin initially. Also give the composite transformation matrix.
 - (i) Move by a distance 5 from origin
 - (ii) Rotate by 30 degree (for the cube about z axis)
 - (iii) Reflect with respect to yz plane for cube
 - (iv) Reduce the size by 1/8
 - (v) Modify x by twice the value of y
- B.** Draw a circle of radius 10 using the first order difference version of midpoint circle drawing algorithm.
- C.** What are jaggies? How to reduce it?

[5+3+2]
4. **A.** What are key frame systems? For a film which has 36 frames per second and the display refresh rate is 65 Hz, how many key frames are required if the number of in-between frames is 8?
 What are the general procedures for morphing? Explain each of them with an example.
- B.** Compare oblique and orthographic projection with an example. Also mention the differences and similarities of oblique and orthographic projection.

C. Write the 2D transformation for 30 degree rotation followed by a scaling to double the size.

[5+3+2]

5. A. Write an OPENGL program to perform the following:

- (i) Rotate a cube on mouse click
- (ii) Draw a teapot, sphere and cube

B. What is event driven programming? Explain the structure of an OPENGL program.

C. What is OPENGL? What are its major abstractions?

[5+3+2]

6. A. For the following figure (**Fig.6.A**) explain how Cohen-Sutherland line clipping works for lines L1, L2, L3 and L4. The clip rectangle is bounded by lines $x = x_{min}$, $x = x_{max}$, $y = y_{min}$ and $y = y_{max}$.

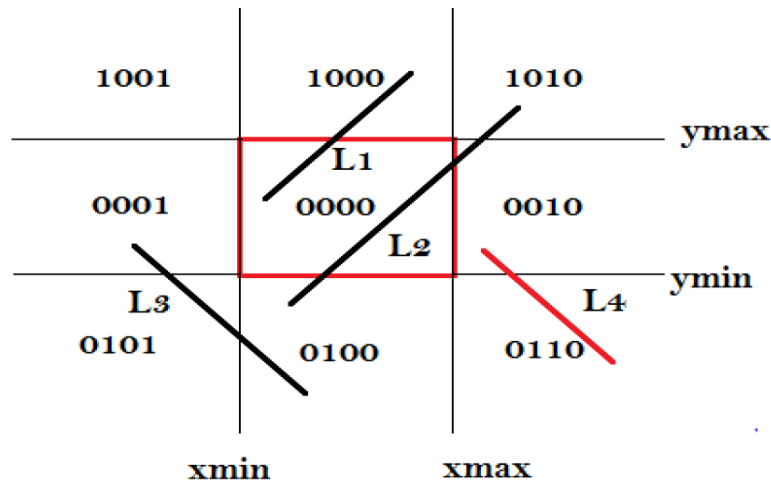


Fig.6A

B. Write pseudo code for DDA line drawing algorithm.

C. Is 3D rotation commutative? Justify your answer.

[5+3+2]