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Electrical & Electronics Engineering

Manipal Institute of Technology, Manipal

Reg. No.

(A Constituent Institute of Manipal University)

VI SEMESTER B.TECH (ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING)

MAKEUP EXAMINATIONS JUNE 2016

SUBJECT: MODERN CONTROL THEORY [ELE 302]

REVISED CREDIT SYSTEM 27 JUNE 2016

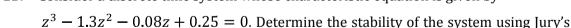
MAX. MARKS: 50

Time: 3 Hours

2B.

Instructions to Candidates:

- Answer ANY FIVE FULL questions.
- Missing data may be suitable assumed.
- 1A. Consider a unity feedback control system whose open loop transfer function is given by $G(s) = \frac{4k}{s(s+2)}$. Design a lag compensator such that the compensated system has a damping ratio of 0.5 and a reduction of finite steady state error by a factor of 10.
- 02 1B. With neat sketches, explain the mapping of primary strip of s-plane onto z-plane.
- 1C. Consider the difference equation y(k+2) - 1.5327y(k+1) + 0.6607y(k) = 0.4673r(k+1) - 0.3393r(k) and y(k) = 0 for k < 0, r(k) = 2 for k = 0, and r(k) = 0 for other values of k. Determine the output y(k) using Z transform method.
- 2A. For the sampled data system shown in Fig Q2A, obtain the pulse transfer function and hence find the unit step response of the system. Take sampling time T=0.5s.



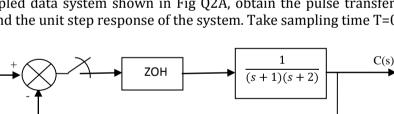
test and hence find the number of closed loop poles inside the unit circle. Also verify the result by using bilinear transformation.

- 3A. Given the pulse Transfer function $G(z) = \frac{z+2}{z^3+5z^2+7z+3}$, obtain the state model in controllable canonical form. Draw the state diagram
- 3B. Draw root locus in the z plane for the sampled data control system with open loop pulse transfer function $G_h G(z) = \frac{0.3935Kz}{(z-1)(z-0.6065)}$, T=0.5 sec. Also find the frequency of the sustained oscillations.

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Consider a discrete time system whose characteristic equation is given by

Fig Q2A







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- 3C. Diagonalizable the system matrix $F = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & -3 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$ using linear transformation.
- 4A. For the sampled data system with open loop pulse transfer function $G_hG(z) = \frac{0.0952Kz}{(z-1)(z-0.905)}$, Analyze the stability of the system using Nyquist / polar plot. T=1 sec.

4B. Design a digital lead compensator for the system with $G_h G(z) = \frac{0.0126(z+0.9735)}{(z-1)(z-0.9226)}$, such that the compensated system satisfies the following specifications. $K_v = 3.536 \sec^{-1}$, $\varsigma = 0.5$, $\omega_n = 5rad / \sec$, $T = 0.16 \sec$.

5A. The state model for a control system represented by $\dot{x}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} x(t) + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix} r(t);$

Determine the state transition matrix using Laplace-transform method.

5B. A linear time invariant system represented by a state model $\dot{x}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -6 & -11 & -6 \end{bmatrix} x(t) + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} r(t); \text{ Check for complete state controllability}$

using criterion-II (Kalman's test).

5C. The state model for a discrete control system represented by $x(k+1) = \begin{bmatrix} 0.25 & 0.25 \\ 0 & 0.5 \end{bmatrix} x(k) + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} r(k); y(k) = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ x \end{bmatrix} 2 x(k)$. Determine the state transition matrix and response of the system to an input of unit step response given that $x_1(0)=0$ and $x_2(0)=1$ using z-transform method.

- 6A. Design an observer for a satellite control system represented by a state model $\dot{x}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} x(t) + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} r(t); y(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ x(t) \end{bmatrix} (t).$ Choose the system poles to be placed at s = -8, -8 by coefficients matching method.
- 6B. The system is described by the equations $\dot{x}_1 = x_2$ and $\dot{x}_2 = -x_1 3x_2$. Determine the stability of the system.
- 6C. For the system given below, find a Liapunov function and investigate its stability.

$$\dot{x}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 2 & -3 \end{bmatrix} x(t)$$

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