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# MANIPAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

## MANIPAL

A Constituent Institution of Manipal University

**III SEMESTER B.Tech.(BME) DEGREE MAKE-UP EXAMINATIONS DEC/JAN 2016-17**

**SUBJECT: SIGNALS & SYSTEMS (BME 209)**  
**(REVISED CREDIT SYSTEM)**

**Monday, 2<sup>nd</sup> January 2017, 9am to 12 Noon**

**TIME: 3 HOURS**

**MAX. MARKS: 100**

**Instruction to Candidates:**

**Answer any FIVE full questions.**

1. (a) What is the condition for a discrete-time LTI system to be (a) Causal, (b) Stable? **08**  
 Investigate the causality and stability of the following discrete-time LTI systems. Justify your answer.  
 (i)  $h[n] = 5\delta[n - 2]$       (ii)  $h[n] = u[n + 2] + u[n - 1] - 2u[n - 3]$
- (b) A discrete-time LTI system has an impulse response  $h[n] = 2\delta[n + 1] + 2\delta[n - 1]$ . **08**  
 If the input to the system is  $x[n] = \delta[n] + 2\delta[n - 1] - \delta[n - 3]$ , Compute and plot the output  $y[n]$ .
- (c) Sketch the following signals: **04**  
 (i)  $u(t) - u(t - 3)$     (ii)  $u(t)u(1 - t)$     (iii)  $r(3 - t)u(t)$     (iv)  $e^{-2t}u(2 - t)$
2. (a) (i) Define Dirac delta function  $\delta(t)$  and list its properties. **06**  
 (ii) Prove that the Dirac delta function is the derivative of the step function  $u(t)$  w.r.t time  $t$ .
- (b) Evaluate and sketch  $y(t)$ , where: **08**  
 $y(t) = \{u(t + 2) - u(t - 1)\} * u(-t + 2)$ , and “\*” denotes continuous convolution.
- (c) A discrete-time signal is given by  $x[n] = \{-1, -0.5, 0.5, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0.5\}$ . **06**  

↑

 Sketch each of the following versions of the signal.  
 (i)  $x[n - 4]$     (ii)  $x[3n + 1]$     (iii)  $x[n]u[3 - n]$     (iv)  $x[n - 2]\delta[n - 2]$
3. (a) Determine whether the following signals are periodic. If they are periodic, find the fundamental period. **04**  
 (i)  $x[n] = \cos\left(\frac{1}{4}n\right)$     (ii)  $x[n] = (-1)^n$
- (b) For the band-limited signal  $x(t)$ , construct the spectrum of the sampled signal under the following conditions: (i)  $w_s \geq 2w_m$     (ii)  $w_s < 2w_m$  **08**  
 Comment on the effect of under sampling.

- (c) Consider two LTI systems with impulse responses  $h_1[n] = \delta[n - 2]$  and  $h_2[n] = \delta[n - 3]$  respectively. Calculate the overall impulse response  $h[n]$ , if the systems are connected in (i) cascade (ii) parallel. **08**
4. (a) Consider a continuous-time signal  $x(t) = \cos(5\pi t) + 0.5 \cos(10\pi t)$ . **04**  
 (i) Find the maximum allowable value of the sampling interval,  $T_s$ .  
 (ii) What is the minimum bandwidth of the low pass filter, required to reconstruct the signal without distortion?
- (b) State and explain the following properties of the Fourier transform. **08**  
 (i) Time-shifting (ii) Frequency-shifting (iii) Time-scaling
- (c) Find the Fourier transform of each of the following functions: **08**  
 (i)  $x(t) = 1$  (ii)  $x(t) = \delta(t)$  (iii)  $e^{j\omega_0 t}$  (iv)  $x(t) = \cos(\omega_0 t)$
5. (a) (i) Find the impulse response  $h[n]$  of the causal discrete-time LTI system satisfying the following difference equation:  $y[n] = x[n] + y[n - 1]$ . **04**  
 (ii) Show that the above system is unstable.
- (b) Consider a rectangular pulse train  $f(t)$  defined over one period as **08**  

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} A & ; |t| < \frac{\tau}{2} \\ 0 & ; \frac{\tau}{2} < |t| < (T_o - \frac{\tau}{2}) \end{cases}$$
  
 The signal is periodic with a fundamental period  $T_o$  and has a duty cycle=20%.  
 Determine the exponential Fourier series. Also, sketch the magnitude spectra.
- (c) Explain the following system properties: **08**  
 (i) Linearity (ii) Time invariance (iii) Causality (iv) Stability
6. (a) Derive the equation for the convolution sum. **04**
- (b) For the systems defined by the following input-output relationship, check for linearity, time-invariance, causality & stability: **08**  
 (i)  $y[n] = \frac{1}{3}[x[n] + x[n - 1] + x[n - 2]]$  (ii)  $y(t) = x(t) \sin 6t$
- (c) Consider a continuous-time LTI system described by the first order differential equation **08**  
 $\frac{dy(t)}{dt} + 2y(t) = x(t)$ . Using the Fourier transform, find the following:  
 (i) The frequency response of the system. (ii) The impulse response of the system.  
 (iii) The step response of the system.