

MANIPAL UNIVERSITY

THIRD SEMESTER B.S. (ENGG.) DEGREE EXAMINATION – DECEMBER 2015

SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS – III (MA 231)

(BRANCH: CE/CS/E&C/E&E/BIOM/MECHANICAL/IP/IND.BIOTECH/CHEMICAL/CIVIL)

Monday, December 07, 2015

Time: 10:00-13:00 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

✍ Answer any FIVE full questions in each part.

PART – A

- 1A. Solve $\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} - 3\frac{dx}{dt} + 2x = 0, x(0) = 0, \frac{dx}{dt}(0) = 1$.
- 1B. State the Cauchy- Riemann equations in the polar form.
- 1C. Form the partial differential equations (by eliminating arbitrary function) from $z = f(x^2 - y^2)$.
- 1D. Obtain the differential equation of all circles of radius a and centre (h, k)
- 1E. Find the inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{s+3}{s^2-4s+13}$.
- 1F. Show that $\log \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ is a harmonic function.
- 1G. Find the Laplace transform of $\sqrt{t} + \cos 2t$.

(2 marks $\times$ 5 = 10 marks)PART – B

- 2A. Solve $(D^2 - 2D + 1)y = e^x \log x$ using method of variation of parameters.
- 2B. Derive Cauchy Riemann equations in Cartesian form.
- 2C. Solve $(y^4 + 2y)dx + (xy^3 - 4x + 2y^4)dy = 0$
- 2D. Using convolution theorem, evaluate $L^{-1}\left(\frac{s^2}{(s^2 + a^2)(s^2 + b^2)}\right)$
- 2E. Evaluate $\int (x^2 + ixy)dz$ from $A(1,1)$ to $B(2,4)$ along the curve $x = t$ and $y = t^2$.
- 2F. Find $y(0.4)$ using Euler's method from $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y$ with $y(0) = 1$ by taking $h = 0.1$.
- 2G. Find $L^{-1}\left(\log \frac{s+1}{s-1}\right)$.

(4 marks $\times$ 5 = 20 marks)PART – C

- 3A. If $f(z)$ is an analytic function then prove that $\left[\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2}\right]|f(z)|^2 = 4|f'(z)|^2$

- 3B. Evaluate i) $\int_0^{\infty} t e^{-3t} \sin t dt$ ii) $L\left\{\frac{\cos at - \sin bt}{t}\right\}$
- 3C. Apply Runge-Kutta fourth order method to find an approximate value of y when $x = 0.4$ given that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y^2 - x^2}{y^2 + x^2}$ and $y(0) = 1$ by taking $h = 0.2$.
- 3D. Solve $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} - 2\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = u$ where $u(x, 0) = 6e^{-3x}$, using method of separation of variables.
- 3E. Solve the differential equation using Laplace transforms $y''(t) - 3y'(t) + 2y(t) = 4t + e^{3t}$, $y(0) = y'(0) = -1$.
- 3F. Solve the simultaneous equations $\frac{dx}{dt} + 2y + \sin t = 0$, $\frac{dy}{dt} - 2x - \cos t = 0$ given that $x(0) = 0, y(0) = 1$.
- 3G. State Cauchy's integral formula and hence evaluate $\oint_C \frac{3z^2 + z}{z^2 - 1} dz$ over $|z - 1| = 1$.

(6 marks $\times$ 5 = 30 marks)

PART - D

- 4A. Using Modified Euler's method, an approximate value of $y(0.4)$ with $h = 0.2$ from $\frac{dy}{dx} = y + e^x, y(0) = 0$.
- 4B. Solve $(D - 2)^3 y = 8(e^{2x} + \sin 2x + x^2)$
- 4C. State Residue theorem. Evaluate $\oint_C \frac{z - 3}{z^2 + 2z + 5} dz$ where C is the circle $(i)|z| = 1$ $(ii)|z + -i| = 2$ $(iii)|z + 1 + i| = 2$.
- 4D. Solve $(3y + 2x + 4)dx - (4x + 6y + 5)dy = 0$.
- 4E. By integrating around a unit circle, evaluate $\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{\cos 3\theta}{5 - 4\cos \theta} d\theta$.
- 4F. Solve $u_{xx} + u_{xy} - 2u_{yy} = 0$ using the transformations $v = x + y, z = 2x - y$.
- 4G. Solve $x^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = \log x \sin(\log x)$.

(8 marks $\times$ 5 = 40 marks)

