

THIRD SEMESTER B.TECH (INSTRUMENTATION & CONTROL ENGINEERING)

END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS, NOV/DEC 2015

SUBJECT: ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT ANALYSIS [ICE 2101]

Time: 3 Hours

MAX. MARKS:

Instructions to Candidates:

- ❖ Answer **ALL** the questions.
- ❖ Missing data may be suitably assumed.

- 1A. In the network shown in FIG. Q1A determine a) current I b) current supplied by 4V battery using loop analysis. **5**
- 1B. For the circuit shown in FIG. Q1B, find the value of R_L for maximum power transfer. **3**
- 1C. Determine the current in R_L in the circuit shown in FIG. Q1C using superposition theorem. **2**
- 2A. Obtain the Norton's equivalent for the circuit shown in FIG. Q2A. **5**
- 2B. A series circuit with $R = 5\Omega$, $C = 20\mu F$ and a variable inductance L has an applied voltage $V = 10 V$ with a frequency of 1000 rad/s . L is adjusted until the voltage across the resistor is maximum. Find the voltage across each element. **3**
- 2C. Compare series and parallel resonance circuits. **2**
- 3A. In the network shown in FIG. Q3A, steady state is reached with switch K opened. At $t=0$ switch is closed. Determine the values of $V_a(0^-)$ and $V_a(0^+)$. **5**
- 3B. For the network shown in FIG. Q3B, find V , dV/dt & d^2V/dt^2 at $t=0^+$. **3**
- 3C. For the network shown in FIG. Q3C, a steady state is reached with switch closed. At $t=0$ the switch is opened. Solve for $i(t)$ for $t \geq 0$. **2**
- 4A. In the network shown FIG. Q4A, the switch is opened at $t=0$, a steady state having previously been attained. Find $i(t)$, for $t \geq 0$ using Laplace transform. **5**
- 4B. Sketch and write the Laplace transform of $x(t) = r(t) - r(t-1) - r(t-3) + r(t-4)$ **3**
- 4C. Express the waveform shown in FIG. Q4C using basic signals and write the Laplace transform. **2**
- 5A. Find Y and Z parameters for the network shown in FIG. Q5A **5**
- 5B. The reduced incidence matrix of a linear graph is shown in FIG. Q5B. Draw the oriented graph. Select a tree with the branches 1, 3, 4, 5 and construct tie set matrix. **3**
- 5C. For the network shown in FIG. Q5C, draw the oriented graph. Select a tree with branches 1 & 3 and construct the cut-set matrix. **2**

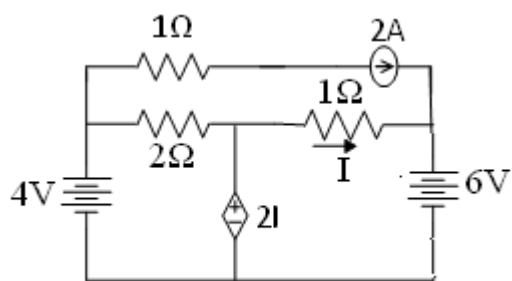


FIG. Q1A

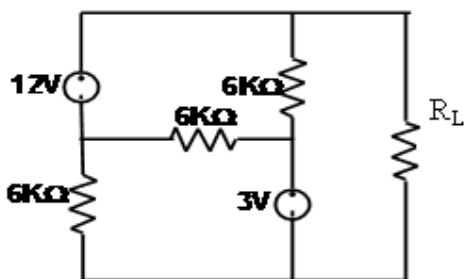


FIG. Q1B

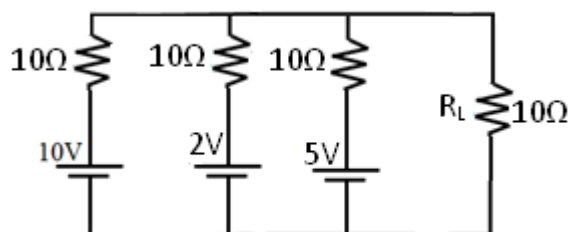


FIG. Q1C

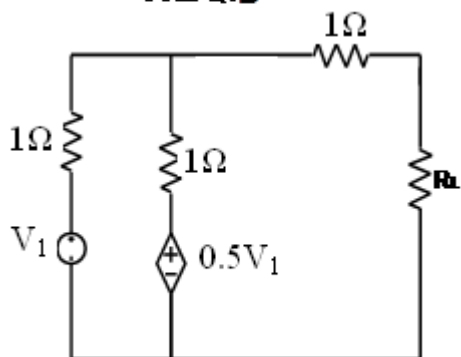


FIG. Q2A

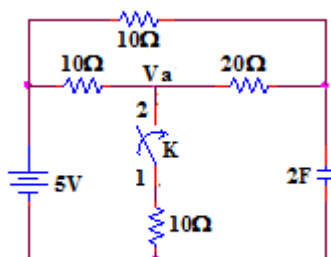


Fig. Q3A

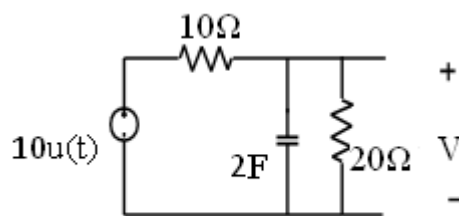


FIG. Q3B

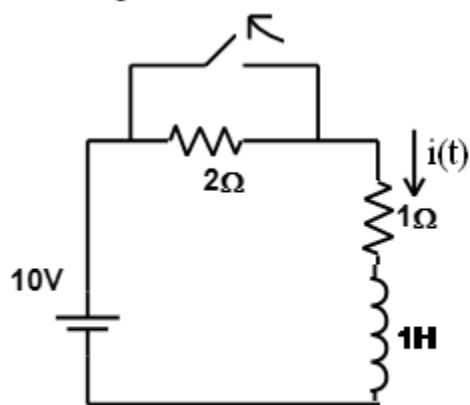


FIG. Q3C

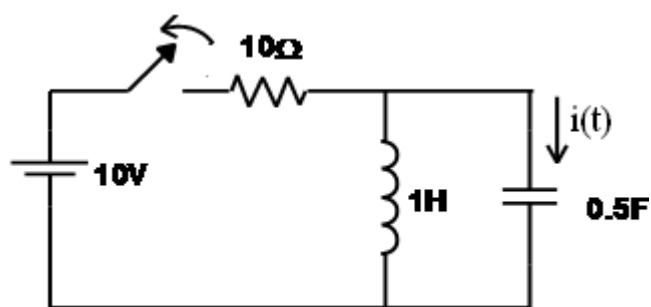
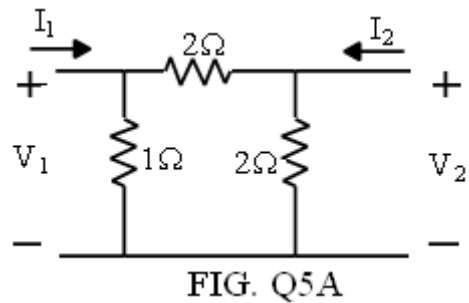
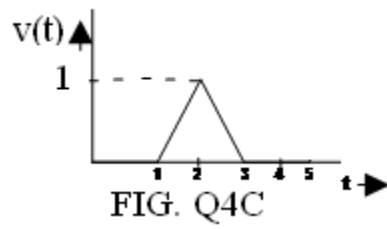


Fig. Q4A



$$\begin{bmatrix} +1 & +1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & +1 \\ -1 & -1 & +1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & +1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & -1 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

FIG. Q5B

