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MANIPAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY Manipal University

FIFTH SEMESTER B.TECH (E & C) DEGREE END SEMESTER EXAMINATION NOV/DEC 2015 SUBJECT: CIPHER SYSTEM [ECE 331]

TIME: 3 HOURS

MAX. MARKS: 50

- Instructions to candidatesAnswer ANY FIVE full questions.
 - Missing data may be suitably assumed.
- 1A. The intercepted coded message "*VMZCUU*" was encrypted using an affine transformation on diagraphs in the 31 letter alphabet, in which A-Z have numerical equivalents 0-25, Φ (blank) = 26, ?=27, !=28, # =29 and '=30. A frequency analysis shows that the most common digraphs in earlier ciphertext are "*U* Φ " and "*IH*" in that order. Suppose that in the English language the most frequently occurring digraphs in 31-letter alphabet are "*S* Φ " and " Φ *I*" in that order. Find the deciphering key and decrypt the message.
- 1B. Solve the following congruence equations:

$$25x + 13y \equiv 29 \mod 53$$
$$15x + 17y \equiv 15 \mod 53$$

1C.
$$160^{-1} \mod 851 = \dots$$

(5+4+1)

2A. If the input is 111001110, find the output of the block cipher system shown in **Figure 2A**. The permutation and substitutions are as follows:

$$0 \to 0, 1 \to 3, 2 \to 6, 3 \to 1, 4 \to 4, 5 \to 7, 6 \to 2, 7 \to 5, 8 \to 8 \text{ and}$$

$$s_i(x) = \begin{cases} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} x + \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \text{ if } K_i = 0$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} x \text{ if } K_i = 1$$

- 2B. Describe the key expansion algorithm in DES with block diagram.
- 2C. The ciphertext "*DRZNUO*" was produced by using a Vigenere cipher with keyword "*BABY*". What is the plaintext?

(5+4+1)

- 3A. The ciphertext "*GEZXDS*" was enciphered by a monograph enciphering key using linear transformation. The plaintext is "*SOLVED*". Find the encryption matrix and encrypt the message "*FOUR*"
- 3B. Describe the RC5 encryption algorithm with diagram.
- 3C. Find the number of primitive roots in $G = \langle Z_{23}^*, \times \rangle$.

(5+4+1)

- 4A. The received message "*AMX*" was enciphered using RSA public key cryptosystem with public key {13, 2747}. The length of the ciphertext is 3 and that of plaintext is 2. If 0-25 corresponds to A-Z, decrypt the message.
- 4B. If the input to the S-box is 0x79, what is the output of S-box in AES?
- 4C. The number of genuine keys in an affine transformation with N=31 is

(5+4+1)

- 5A. In Merkle-Hellman public key crypto system the public key is {3655, 1010, 1289, 664, 2059, 3387, 474, 3141, 3397, 1465}. The received message was {2508, 2321, 567}. The private key is m=4107, a = 731. If (00000)₂ to (11001)₂ corresponds to A-Z and message block is digraph, decrypt the message.
- 5B. Multiply $(x^6 + x^5 + x^4 + x^2 + 1)$ by $(x^7 + x^4 + x^2 + x)$ in GF(2⁸) with irreducible polynomial $(x^8 + x^4 + x^3 + 1)$ using left shift and Ex-OR algorithm.
- 5C. Number of rounds in AES-192 algorithm is

(5+4+1)

- 6A. Determine the equation and find all the points on the elliptic curve $E_{II}(2, 1)$.
- 6B. Describe the HMAC message authentication code in detail with necessary block diagram.
- 6C. mode of operation is used to achieve minimum propagation error.

(5+4+1)



Figure 2A