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DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCES
III SEMESTER M.Sc (CHEMISTRY) END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS,
NOV/DEC 2016

SUBJECT: ADVANCED ORGANIC CHEMISTRY 1 [CHM-701]

REVISED CREDIT SYSTEM

Time: 3 Hours

Date: 24/11/2016

MAX. MARKS: 50

Instructions to Candidates:

- ❖ Answer **ANY FIVE FULL** questions.
- ❖ Write chemical equations wherever necessary.

- 1A. Describe the chemical properties, two synthetic applications and structure of organomagnesium compounds. 3
- 1B. i) What is migratory insertion? Explain the migratory insertion reaction in metal-carbonyls. 2
- ii) Explain transmetallation with an example. 1
- 1C. i) Discuss the aromaticity and electrophilic substitution reactions of ferrocene. 2
- ii) Predict the product in the following reactions 2
- a. $\text{Na}_2\text{Fe}(\text{CO})_4 \xrightarrow{\text{RCOCl}} ? \xrightarrow{\text{R}^1\text{X}} ?$
- b. $\text{CH}_3\text{-CH=CH}_2 + \text{CO} + \text{H}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{Co}_2(\text{CO})_8} ?$
- 2A. Give two synthetic methods for the following metal complexes. 3
- i) Metal-arene complexes
- ii) Metal-alkyl complexes
- iii) Metal-allyl complexes
- 2B. Differentiate between Fischer and Schrock carbenes. Explain the bonding in Fischer carbenes. 3
- 2C. i) Give chemical properties of organoaluminium compounds. Explain the applications of organolithium compounds in organic synthesis. 2
- ii) Discuss the general properties of main group organometallics. 2
- 3A. i) Describe the chemical properties and applications of metal-hydrides. 2
- ii) Explain the structural features of metal-allyl complexes 1
- 3B. i) Explain the common routes of decomposition of transition metal alkyls. 2
- ii) What is Tebbe's reagent? Mention its uses. 1
- 3C. i) Explain two synthetic applications of organoboron compounds. 2
- ii) Describe the reaction of metal-carbynes with double bonded compounds. 2
- 4A. Explain the catalytic cycle for the hydrogenation of alkenes catalyzed by $[\text{RuCl}_2(\text{PPh}_3)_4]$. 3
- 4B. Explain the structures of following metal clusters using EAN and Wade rules. 3
- a) $\text{Os}_3(\text{CO})_{12}$ b) $\text{Rh}_4(\text{CO})_{12}$ c) $\text{Ni}_8(\text{CO})_8(\text{PPh})_6$

- 4C. i) Describe 16 electron rule with the help of a molecular orbital diagram. 2
 ii) Define olefin metathesis. Explain it with a catalytic cycle. 2
- 5A. Describe the catalytic cycle for carbonyl catalyzed hydroformylation of alkenes. 3
- 5B. Explain the mechanism of reductive elimination. How does the geometry of the square planar complexes change upon oxidative addition reaction? 3
- 5C. i) Explain in orbital terms why the maximum coordination number decreases as the number of d electrons increases? 2
 ii) Describe the factors affecting the ligand substitution reactions in organometallics with suitable examples. 2
- 6A Explain the catalytic cycle for the conversion of propylene to acetone using Wacker process. 3
- 6B Which reaction forms the heart of the Ziegler-Natta polymerization for alkenes? Explain the catalytic cycle. 3
- 6C i) Write the different preparative methods for the synthesis of metal clusters. 2
 ii) Give reasons for the following: 2
 a) Fluxionality complicates the ^1H NMR spectrum of some molecules.
 b) After the oxidative addition reaction, the co-ordination number of the metal increases by two in Vaska's reagent.
