Reg. No.



I SEMESTER M.TECH (THERMAL SCIENCES & ENERGY SYSTEMS) END SEMESTER EXAMINATION – NOV./DEC. 2016

SUBJECT: FINITE ELMENTS FOR THERMAL ENGINEERING (MME - 5142)

REVISED CREDIT SYSTEM

Time: 3 Hour

Max. Marks: 50

Note: (i) Answer All Questions

- (ii) Missing data, if any, may be appropriately assumed
- (iii) Assumptions made must be clearly mentioned
- 1A. Define an Isoparametric Element. Bring out the salient differences between Sub-parametric and 03 Super- Parametric elements. Compare the relative importance.
- 1B. Derive the **Conductance Matrix** terms for the Axi-Symmetric heat transfer by applying 07 **Galerkin's weighted residual formulation**. The governing equation for axi-symmetric steady state heat transfer is given by (with usual notations)

$$k\left(\frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial r^2} + \frac{1}{r}\frac{\partial T}{\partial r} + \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial z^2}\right) + Q = 0$$

- 2A. Use Lagrangian Interpolation formula to determine all the Shape Functions for a Triangular area 03 element with mid-side nodes
- 2B. Solve for nodal temperatures for a quadratic element of K = 50 W/m.K and having uniform cross 07 section of diameter 50 mm and length 0.5 m. The steady state heat flux into the element is 4 kW/m^2 .

$$k_{x}A\int_{0}^{L}\frac{dN_{i}}{dx}\left[\frac{dN_{1}}{dx}T_{1}+\frac{dN_{2}}{dx}T_{2}+\frac{dN_{3}}{dx}T_{3}\right]dx = -\frac{k_{x}A[N_{i}]\frac{dT}{dx}}{\sum_{i=1}^{L}}\int_{0}^{L}$$
 for $i = 1, 2, 3$

3A. Determine the Shape functions for the four noded Isoparametric rectangular element. Compute the 03 temperature at a location (2,1) in the element as shown in Fig.1



3B. For the simplified uniaxial two noded fin element **Fig.2** (having length L, perimeter, P across a 07 cross sectional area A), using discrete system analysis, show (with usual notations) that,



4A. Use the Variational formulation to obtain the Thermal Conductance and Load matrices for a 07 slender fin. Assume a two noded linear steady state heat transfer element. The Governing Differential Equation (with usual notations), is given by,

$$K\frac{d^2T}{dx^2} - \left(\frac{P}{A}\right)h(T - T_{\infty}) = 0$$

- 4B. Sketch and explain what is meant by Area Coordinates
- 5A. Derive the following General Cartesian Three-Dimensional Finite Element Formulation without 07 Convection by applying Galerkin Weighted Residual Method:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \iiint \left(k_x \left[\frac{\partial N}{\partial x} \right]^T \left[\frac{\partial N}{\partial x} \right] + k_y \left[\frac{\partial N}{\partial y} \right]^T \left[\frac{\partial N}{\partial y} \right] + k_z \left[\frac{\partial N}{\partial z} \right]^T \left[\frac{\partial N}{\partial z} \right] \right) dV \end{bmatrix} \{T\} = \left\{ \iiint \dot{q}_g \left[N \right]^T dV \right\} + \left\{ \iint \left(\dot{q}_x \hat{n}_x + \dot{q}_x \hat{n}_x + \dot{q}_x \hat{n}_x \right) \left[N \right]^T dA \right\}$$

5B. Derive the two point sampling Gaussian quadrature formula and evaluate the following integral 03 using the same. Compare the result with the exact analytical solution:

$$\int_{2}^{5} (2x^3 - 5x + 8)dx$$

03