



IV SEMESTER B.TECH (ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING)

MAKEUP EXAMINATIONS, JUNE 2017

SUBJECT: SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS [ELE 2201]

REVISED CREDIT SYSTEM

Time: 3 Hours

Date: 14 JUNE 2017

Max. Marks: 50

Instructions to Candidates:

- ❖ Answer **ALL** the questions.
- ❖ Missing data may be suitably assumed.
- ❖ Transform Table may be supplied.

- 1A. Given the sequence $x[n] = \left\{ -3, 1, \underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ 0}}{2}, -1, 3, 2 \right\}$, sketch and label carefully each of the following signals (a) $x[2-n]$; (b) $x[2n+2]$; (c) $x[n+1]\delta(n+2)$ (03)
- 1B. Determine whether the following signal is energy or power signal and also find the energy and power of the signal $x(t) = e^{-2|t|}$ (03)
- 1C. The input to a continuous-time LTI system is $x(t)$ whose impulse response is $h(t)$. Find the response of the system $y(t) = x(t) * h(t)$, where $x(t) = u(t) - u(t-3)$ and $h(t) = u(t) - u(t-2)$ (04)
- 2A. Check whether the following time signal is periodic. If periodic determine the fundamental period. (i) $x(n) = 3e^{j\frac{2}{3}\pi\left(n+\frac{1}{3}\right)}$ (ii) $x(t) = \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{7}t\right) \cdot \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}t\right)$ (03)
- 2B. Find the response of LTI discrete time system using convolution sum $y(n) = x(n) * h(n)$. Given $x(n) = \alpha^n u(n)$; $h(n) = \begin{cases} 1; & \text{for } 0 \leq n \leq 9 \\ 0 & ; \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$ and $|\alpha| < 1$ (04)
- 2C. Determine the overall impulse response $h(n)$ of LTI system shown Fig.Q2C. The unit sample response of subsystems are: $h_1(n) = \alpha^n u[n]$; $h_2(n) = u[n-2]$ and $h_3(n) = u[n-3]$. (03)
- 3A. Find the trigonometric Fourier series for the periodic square wave signal $x(t)$ shown in Fig. Q.3A and sketch the amplitude spectrum. (04)

- 3B. Obtain the forced response of a discrete time L.T.I system that is described by the difference equation: $y[n] - \frac{1}{4}y[n-1] - \frac{1}{8}y[n-2] = x[n] + x[n-1]$; Given $x[n] = \frac{1}{2}u[n]$ (03)

- 3C. Use defining equation of DTFS to obtain the time signal for

$$X(k) = \sin\left(\frac{2\pi}{5}k\right) \quad (03)$$

- 4A. Find the CTFT of a continuous time aperiodic signal $x(t) = e^{-a|t-t_0|}$, also plot magnitude and phase spectra. Use properties. (04)

- 4B. Use defining equation to find aperiodic continuous time signal for its Fourier representation given as: $X(j\omega) = e^{-|\omega|}$ (03)

- 4C. Find the Fourier transform $X[e^{j\Omega}]$ of aperiodic discrete time signal $x[n]$ given as:

$$x[n] = \left[\frac{\sin \frac{\pi}{4}n}{\pi n} \right] * \left[\frac{\sin \frac{\pi}{4}[n-2]}{\pi [n-2]} \right]; \text{ Symbol } * \text{ represents convolution. Use properties.} \quad (03)$$

- 5A. Find time domain signal $x[n]$ for the given magnitude and phase of $X[e^{j\Omega}]$ as:

$$\left| X[e^{j\Omega}] \right| = \begin{cases} 1; & \frac{\pi}{2} \leq \Omega \leq \pi \\ 0; & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad \text{and } \text{Arg}\left\{ X[e^{j\Omega}] \right\} = -4\Omega \quad (04)$$

- 5B. Determine the Z-Transform and the ROC of the two-sided signal

$$x[n] = 7\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n u[n] - 6\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n u[-n-1] \quad (03)$$

- 5C. Use the partial fractions technique to determine the time domain signal corresponding to the

$$\text{following. } X(z) = \frac{1 + \frac{4}{5}z^{-1}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1}\right)\left(1 + \frac{1}{4}z^{-1}\right)}; \quad |z| > \frac{1}{2} \quad (03)$$

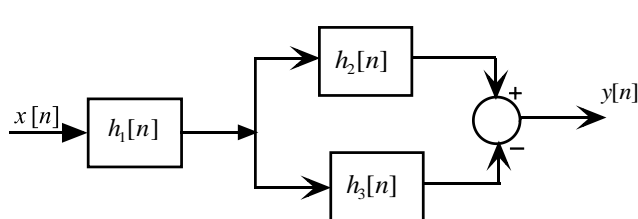


Fig.Q2C

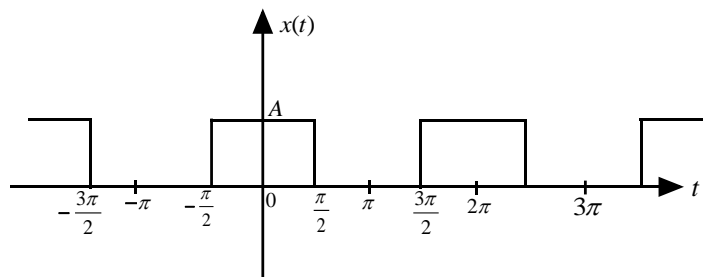


Fig.Q.3A