



# MANIPAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

MANIPAL

A Constituent Institution of Manipal University

Reg. No.

## VI SEMESTER B.TECH. (CHEMICAL ENGINEERING)

### END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS, APRIL/MAY 2017

SUBJECT: PROCESS DYNAMICS AND CONTROL [CHE308]

#### REVISED CREDIT SYSTEM

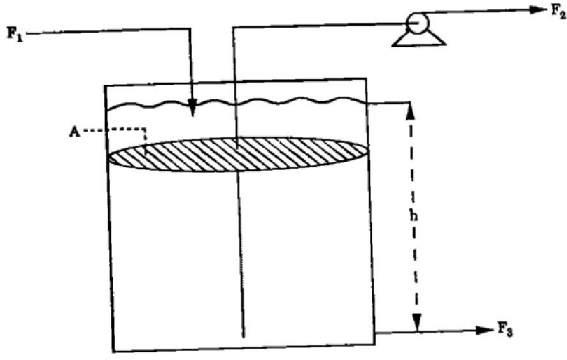
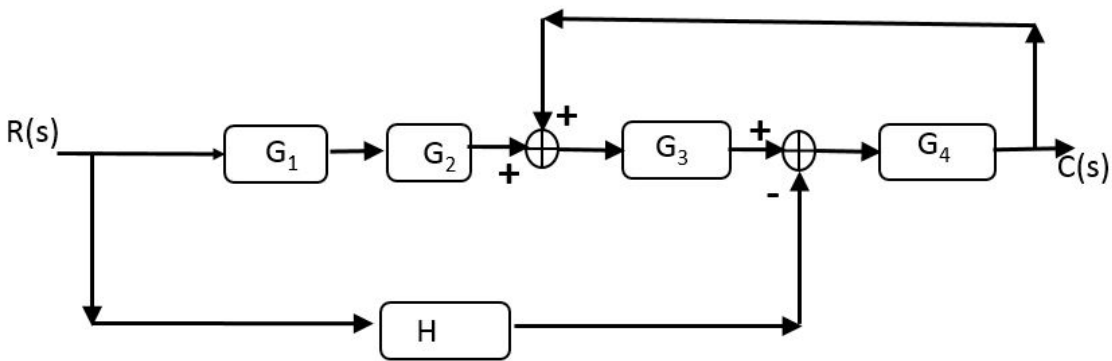
Time: 3 Hours

MAX. MARKS: 100

#### Instructions to Candidates:

- ❖ Answer ANY **FIVE FULL** questions.
- ❖ Missing data may be suitably assumed.

1A.	What differentiates a feedback control system configuration from the feedforward configuration?	06
1B.	How can you distinguish a manipulated variable from a disturbance variable?	04
1C.	Differentiate between a servo control problem and a regulatory control problem. Can you guess which will be more common in a plant in which the processes operate predominantly in the neighborhood of steady-state conditions for long periods of time	10
2A.	Explain the process of linearization. Water flows over a notch and its flow-head relationship is established as $Q = H^n$ [where $n = 2.22$ ]. Find the linearized resistance for flow	10
2B.	Solve the differential equation using Laplace transform $\frac{dx}{dt} + 3x = 0 \quad \text{given} \quad x(0) = 2$	10
3A.	Prove the Final value theorem of Laplace transform.	08
3B.	This Figure 3B is from a Department of Energy underground storage tank. Such tanks are used throughout the India for storing gasoline for sale to the public. Recently, engineers believe that a leak has developed, which threatens the Environment. Your supervisor has assigned you the task of modeling the height in the tank as a function of the supply flow $F_1$ , the sales flow $F_2$ , and the unmeasured leakage $F_3$ . It is assumed that this leakage is proportional to the height of liquid in the tank (i.e., $F_3 = kh$ ). The tank is a cylinder with constant cross-sectional area $A$ . The specific gravity of the gasoline is 0.78 and is assumed to be constant. Find the transfer function model for the level in the tank as a function of the supply flow and the sales flow. Which of these input variables would you describe as a control variable and which would you describe as a disturbance variable?	12

	 <p style="text-align: center;">Figure 3B.</p>	
4A.	If chemical processes are almost universally nonlinear in nature, so that their mathematical models are almost always nonlinear, why are linear approximations found to be adequate in a substantial number of cases, especially when feedback control is involved?	06
4B.	What are the poles and zeros of transfer function?	06
4C	What is the process reaction curve, and how is it used for feedback controller tuning?	08
5A.	Obtain the closed loop transfer function for the system shown below:	08
		
5B.	Obtain the closed loop transfer function for servo and disturbance rejection regulatory problem ( <i>Consider the closed loop system has transfer model of process, controller, final control element, measuring element and disturbance</i> )	12
6A.	The open loop transfer function of control system is given as $G(s) = \frac{k_c(0.5s+1)}{s(s+1)(s+0.5)}$ . Sketch the root locus diagram of the control system.	12
6B.	Discuss the working principle of ratio control and auctioneering control scheme.	08

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