Reg. No.					
0					



## MANIPAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

Manipal University

## SIXTH SEMESTER B.TECH (ECE) DEGREE END SEMESTER EXAMINATION - April/May 2017 SUBJECT: DIGITAL SPEECH PROCESSING (ECE -326)

TIME: 3 HOURS MAX. MARKS: 50

## **Instructions to candidates**

- Answer ANY FIVE full questions.
- Missing data may be suitably assumed.
- 1A. Starting from the wave equations derive the expression for the transfer function of uniform lossless tube model.
- 1B. Briefly explain the role of vocal tract in speech production.
- 1C. Briefly explain the role of vocal cords in speech production.

(5+3+2)

- 2A. i) With a block diagram explain the pitch period estimation using simple inverse filtering and tracking method.
  - ii) Explain how formant frequencies can be estimated using LPC parameters.
- 2B. Assume that STAMF has to be calculated on a speech signal sampled at 12.8KHz using a Hamming window with length of 31.25ms at a rate of 160 times/second. Find the amount of overlapping between two successive frames.
- 2C. Explain how pitch period can be estimated using short time average magnitude difference function.

(5+3+2)

- 3A. Consider a sequence x(n) with DTFT  $X(e^{jw})$ . Let  $\tilde{X}(k)$  be the DFT of x(n) obtained by sampling  $X(e^{jw})$  at frequencies  $w_k = \frac{2\pi k}{N}$ , k = 0,1,2,...N-1. If  $\tilde{x}(n)$  represent the inverse DFT of  $\tilde{X}(k)$ , show that  $\tilde{x}(n) = \sum_{r=-\infty}^{\infty} x(n-rN)$ .
- 3B. Consider a speech signal sampled at 12KHz. Find the minimum total sampling rate required to obtain a STFT representation in the following cases.
  - i) If a Rectangular window of length 25ms is used.
  - ii) If a Hamming window of length 25ms is used.
- 3C. Let y[n] = x[n] x[n-1]. Show that STFT of the given signal can be represented as

$$Y_n(e^{jw}) = X_n(e^{jw}) - e^{jw} X_{n-1}(e^{jw})$$

(5+3+2)

- 4A. Explain a method of speech vs. silence discrimination using Energy and Zero-crossings.
- 4B. Briefly explain the autocorrelation method of LPC analysis.

**ECE – 326** Page 1 of 2

4C. Consider a first order linear predictor whose output is given by  $y(n) = \alpha s(n-1)$ . Let e(n) = s(n) - y(n) be the error signal. Derive the expression for the optimum value of  $\alpha$  by minimizing the mean squared error.

(5+3+2)

- 5A. What is a Mel filter bank? Explain how MFCC feature vectors are obtained from speech signal.
- 5B. Explain briefly the different methods available for evaluating speech quality.
- 5C. Explain working of feedback adaptive quantiser with time varying gain.

(5+3+2)

- 6A. Explain how speech signal can be synthesized using LPC synthesizer. Also explain the working of LPC vocoder.
- 6B. What are the different elements of an HMM?
- 6C. Consider a signal x(n) = [-2, -1, -1, 2, 3, 4]. If Rn(k) represents autocorrelation of x(n), find Rn(0).

(5+3+2)

**ECE – 326** Page 2 of 2