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INTERNATIONAL CENTRE FOR APPLIED SCIENCES (Manipal University) **IV SEMESTER B.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION - OCT. / NOV. 2017** SUBJECT: SIGNAL PROCESSING (EC 244)

Reg. No.

(BRANCH: EC)

Time: 3 Hours

Tuesday, 31 October 2017

Max. Marks: 100

✓ Answer ANY FIVE FULL Questions.

- **1A.** Consider the signal x(t) = u(t+4) + u(t+2) + u(t+1) - u(t-1) - u(t-2) - u(t-4),where u(t) is the unit step function. Sketch and compute the energies of x(t), -x(t), x(2t-3), and 2x(1-2t).
- **1B.** Consider a LTI system having impulse response h[n] = u[n] u[n-5]. Compute the response of the system for the input x[n] = u[n-2] - u[n-8] + u[n-11] - u[n-17] using time-domain convolution. Clearly show all the steps. (10+10)
- **2A.** Find the step response of an LTI system having impulse response $h(t) = e^{-|t|}$ using timedomain convolution.
- 2B. Obtain the direct form-I and direct form-II implementations for the following LTI systems. (i) $2\frac{d^2 y(t)}{dt} + \frac{1}{2}\frac{d y(t)}{dt} - y(t) = \frac{d x(t)}{dt}$ (ii) 2y[n] + 3y[n-1] - y[n-2] - 2x[n-1] + 4x[n-2] = 0. (10+10)
- 3A. Explain linearity, time-invariance and causality properties of systems. Determine whether the systems characterized by the following equations have these properties or (i) $y(t) = \log(x(t))$ (ii) $y[n] = x[n]\cos(\omega_0 n)$ not.
- 3B. Using the suitable properties of Fourier transform, determine time signals for the following frequency domain functions.

(i)
$$X(j\Omega) = \frac{j\Omega}{(2+j\Omega)^2}$$
 (ii) $X(j\Omega) = e^{-2|\Omega|}$. (10+10)

- 4A. Derive the conditions to be satisfied by the impulse response in order for the continuoustime system to be causal, stable and invertible. Also determine whether the system described by $h(t) = e^{-2|t|}$ is causal and stable.
- 4B. State and prove linearity, time-shifting, differentiation and convolution properties of Fourier transform. (10+10)

5A. Determine the inverse Fourier representation of, $X(e^{j\omega}) = \begin{cases} 1, |\omega| \le 0.4\pi \\ 0, \text{ Otherwise in } -\pi \le \omega \le \pi \end{cases}$.

5B. Use the suitable properties to obtain the appropriate Fourier representation for the signal, $\left(-\left(\right)\right)$

$$x[n] = \frac{\sin\left(\frac{\pi n}{4}\right)}{\pi n} * \frac{\sin\left(\frac{\pi (n-8)}{4}\right)}{\pi (n-8)}.$$
 Also obtain magnitude and phase plots.
(Note: * denotes convolution operation). (10+10)

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- 6A. Find the frequency response and the impulse response of a causal discrete-time system described by the difference equation y[n-2] + 5y[n-1] + 6y[n] = 8x[n-1] + 18x[n].
- **6B.** Give the frequency responses of analog Butterworth and Chebyshev Type-I low-pass filters and compare them. Also, distinguish between FIR and IIR filters. (10+10)
- **7A.** Compute the 8-point DFT of sequence $x[n] = \{0.5 \ 0.5 \ 0.5 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \}$.
- **7B.** State and prove the sampling theorem. Support your proof with suitable signal and spectral plots and hence describe the Nyquist frequency. (10+10)
- **8A.** A causal LTI system has input $x[n] = \delta[n] + \frac{1}{4}\delta[n-1] \frac{1}{8}\delta[n-2]$ and output

$$y[n] = \delta[n] - \frac{3}{4}\delta[n-1]$$
. Using Z-transform find its impulse response.

8B. Given $X(z) = \frac{1}{1 - 1.5z^{-1} + 0.5z^{-2}}$, indicate all possible ROC's and determine corresponding time domain signals. (10+10)

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