

[illegible]

## DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCES

**FIRST SEMESTER M.Sc(PHYSICS) END SEMESTER EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2017**

**SUB: CLASSICAL MECHANICS (PHY- 4103) (REVISED CREDIT SYSTEM-2017)**

TIME: 3 HRS.

DATE: 19-12-2017

MAX. MARKS : 50

**NOTE: ANSWER ALL FIVE FULL QUESTIONS.**

- 1A** A projectile motion in a resistive medium is described by  $x = \frac{U}{k} (1 - e^{-kt})$  and  $y = -\frac{gt}{k} + \frac{kV+g}{k^2} (1 - e^{-kt})$ , where  $x = U, y = V$  when  $t = 0, k =$  resistive force per unit velocity per unit mass. Obtain an expression for its range of flight when the air resistance is small. Given the expression for the time of flight:  $T \cong \frac{2V}{g} (1 - \frac{kV}{3g})$ . Also obtain an expression for the difference in the range of flight of the projectile in the medium with and without resistance. [4]
- 1B** Obtain an expression for the kinetic energy of a system of particles as a sum of the kinetic energy of a particle (with the mass equal to the total mass of the system) at the centre of mass and moving with velocity  $\vec{V}$  with respect to the origin and the kinetic energy of the system referred to centre of mass as the origin. [4]
- 1C** Show that the work done on a particle by external force is equal to the increase in kinetic energy. [2]
- 2A** Obtain Lagrangian for a spherical pendulum and hence obtain the equations of motion. [5]
- 2B** Write a short note on constraints giving illustrations. [3]
- 2C** Given the force  $\vec{F} = \hat{i}(xy) - \hat{j}(y^2)$ , [all quantities in SI-units] find the work done in moving a particle from  $(0, 0)$  to  $(2, 1)$ . [2]
- 3A** Show that the plane of oscillation of Foucault pendulum at latitude  $\theta$  rotates through  $2\pi \sin \theta$  everyday. [5]
- 3B** Obtain an expression for the rotational kinetic energy of a rigid body, in terms of inertia elements. [3]
- 3C** Distinguish between a symmetric top, a spherical top and a rotor. [2]

- 4A** Obtain the solution of the one-dimensional harmonic oscillator by Hamilton-Jacobi method. [Obtain the Hamilton-Jacobi equation for a one-dimensional harmonic oscillator and hence obtain its solution.] [5]
- 4B** Prove the relation using the properties of the poisson brackets (x, y, z are cyclic):  $[L^2, L_x] = 0$ . [3]
- 4C** Obtain the transformations generated by the function  $\sum_k p_k Q_k$ . [2]
- 5A** Obtain the stress tensor elements and the strain tensor elements in terms of free energy and Gibbs function. [6]
- 5B** Discuss the oscillations in 2 coupled simple pendulums: Obtain the expressions for coordinates of the pendulum. [4]
-