

Reg. No.



# MANIPAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

MANIPAL

A Constituent Institution of Manipal University

**FIRST SEMESTER M.TECH.**

**(CONTROL SYSTEMS AND ASTRONOMY AND SPACE ENGINEERING)**

**END SEMESTER EXAMINATION , DECEMBER 2017**

**SUBJECT: APPLIED LINEAR ALGEBRA AND PROBABILITY (MAT – 5110)**

**REVISED CREDIT SYSTEM**

Time: 3 Hours

MAX. MARKS: 50

**Instructions to Candidates:**

- ❖ Answer **ALL** questions.
- ❖ Missing data may be suitable assumed.

1A.	<p>Following table gives the amount, in milligrams(mg), of vitamin A, vitamin C and calcium contained in 1 gram of four different foods. For example, food 1 has 10mg of vitamin A, 50 mg of vitamin C, and 60 mg of calcium per gram of food. Suppose that a dietician want to prepare a meal that provides 200 mg of vitamin A, 250 mg of vitamin C, and 300 mg of calcium. How much of each food should be used ?</p> <table><tr><td></td><td>Food 1</td><td>Food 2</td><td>Food 3</td><td>Food 4</td></tr><tr><td>Vitamin A</td><td>10</td><td>30</td><td>20</td><td>10</td></tr><tr><td>Vitamin C</td><td>50</td><td>30</td><td>25</td><td>10</td></tr><tr><td>Calcium</td><td>60</td><td>20</td><td>40</td><td>25</td></tr></table>		Food 1	Food 2	Food 3	Food 4	Vitamin A	10	30	20	10	Vitamin C	50	30	25	10	Calcium	60	20	40	25	3
	Food 1	Food 2	Food 3	Food 4																		
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1B.	Are these matrices $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ , $\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 \\ 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\begin{bmatrix} 5 & -6 \\ -3 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$ linearly independent ?	3																				
1C.	<p>Let <math>T : R^2 \rightarrow R^2</math> be the transformation that performs a rotation by <math>45^0</math>, followed by a reflection through the origin.</p> <p>(i) Find the matrix of T relative to the standard basis.</p> <p>(ii) Apply the transformation to the square with vertices (0, 0), (1,0), (1,1) and (0,1) and give a sketch of the result.</p>	4																				
2A.	<p>The W is subspace of an inner product space V then show that</p> <p>(i) W is subspace of V                      (ii) <math>W \cap W^\perp=\{0\}</math>.</p>	3																				
2B.	For $S = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 3 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 6 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$ find $\text{span}(S)$ .	3																				
2C.	Describe the conic section C whose equation is $27x^2 - 18xy + 3y^2 + x + 3y = 0$	4																				

<b>3A.</b>	If $S = \{v_1, v_2, \dots, v_n\}$ is an orthogonal set of nonzero vectors in an inner product space $V$ , then show that $S$ is linearly independent.	<b>3</b>
<b>3B.</b>	Give the definition of inner product on the vector space $V$ and state Cauchy - Schwartz inequality also Triangle inequality.	<b>3</b>
<b>3C.</b>	<p>Suppose that two brine storage tanks are connected with two pipes used to exchange solutions between them. The first pipe allows water from tank 1 to enter tank 2 at a rate of 5 gal/min. The second pipe reverses the process allowing water to flow from tank 2 to tank 1, also at a rate of 5 gal/min. Initially, the first tank contains a well – mixed solution of 8 lb of salt in 50 gal. of water, while the second tank contains 100 gal. of pure water.</p> <p>(i) Find the linear system of differential equations to describe the amount of salt in each tank at time <math>t</math>.</p> <p>(ii) Solve the system of equations by reducing it to an uncoupled system.</p>	<b>4</b>
<b>4A</b>	<p>For the basis sets <math>B_1 = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}</math> and let <math>B_2 = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}</math></p> <p>Find the transition matrix from <math>B_1</math> to <math>B_2</math>.</p>	<b>3</b>
<b>4B</b>	Is $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ diagonalizable? Justify your answer.	<b>3</b>
<b>4C</b>	<p>Let <math>V = P_2</math> with inner product defined by <math>\langle p, q \rangle = \int_{-1}^1 p(x) q(x) dx</math>.</p> <p>Let <math>p(x) = x</math> and <math>q(x) = x^2</math> the find projection of <math>p</math> over <math>q</math></p>	<b>4</b>
<b>5A</b>	An urn contains 10 black and 10 white balls. Find the probability of drawing two balls of the same colour.	<b>3</b>
<b>5B</b>	<p>If <math>A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 &amp; 3 \\ 1 &amp; 3 \\ 2 &amp; 3 \end{bmatrix}</math> and <math>B = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 1 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}</math>. (i) Find the least squares solution to <math>Ax = B</math></p> <p>(ii) Find the orthogonal projection of <math>b</math> onto <math>W = \text{col}(A)</math> and the decomposition of the vector <math>b = w_1 + w_2</math>, where <math>w_1</math> is in <math>W</math> and <math>w_2</math> is in <math>W^\perp</math>.</p>	<b>3</b>
<b>5C</b>	State and prove Bayes theorem on probability.	<b>4</b>

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