

# Question Paper

Exam Date & Time: 28-Apr-2018 (09:30 AM - 12:30 PM)



## MANIPAL ACADEMY OF HIGHER EDUCATION

### INTERNATIONAL CENTRE FOR APPLIED SCIENCES END SEMESTER THEORY EXAMINATION - APRIL 2018

#### IV SEMESTER B. S. (ENGG)

Date: 28.04.2018

Time: 9.30 A. M. TO 12.30 P.M.

Bio Organic Chemistry [CH 243]

Marks: 100

Duration: 180 mins.

**Answer 5 out of 8 questions.**

**Missing data, if any, may be suitably assumed**

- 1) Explain the following with suitable examples Chain isomerism, functional isomerism and position isomerism. (6)
  - A)
  - B) Compare the acidity of carboxylic acids, alcohols, phenols and substituted phenols with examples. (6)
  - C) What are aliphatic bases? Give an account of their basicity and chemical properties. (8)
- 2) Explain the preparation of diethyl malonate with mechanism. (6)
  - A)
  - B) Describe the meta directing effect of substituents on acidity. (6)
  - C) Give an account of chemical properties of mono and dicarboxylic acids. (8)
- 3) Explain the nature of reaction intermediates. (6)
  - A)
  - B) Give reasons (6)
    - Methyl amine is stronger base than ammonia
    - Haloarenes are less reactive than haloalkanes
    - Dimethylamine is stronger base than trimethylamine
  - C) Explain the classification of amino acids and proteins. (8)
- 4) Describe the chemical properties of phenols. Add a note on inductive effect. (6)
  - A)

- B) Explain the geometrical isomerism in 5, 6 membered rings with suitable examples. (6)
- C) Explain the preparation, physical and chemical properties of formic acid. (8)
- 5) Give reasons (6)
- A) - ethanol is weaker acid than water but stronger than acetylene  
 - acetaldehyde forms cyanohydrin faster than acetone  
 - acetamide is very slowly hydrolysed with water but rapidly in the presence of an acid or an alkali.
- B) Give an account of synthesis of polypeptides. (6)
- C) Explain the following (8)  
 Hyperconjugation, isoelectric point, alpha halogenation, syn and antiforms.
- 6) Give an account of colour tests of proteins. (6)
- A)
- B) Give an account of aromaticity and basicity of heterocyclic compounds. (6)
- C) Explain the structure, preparation and properties of pyrrole. (8)
- 7) Explain the mechanism of Friedel crafts reaction and nitration in benzene. (6)
- A)
- B) Give reasons (6)  
 - Acetylene is more acidic than ethylene  
 - The boiling points of isomeric alkanes decrease with the increase in the branching of the chain.  
 - Benzene undergoes electrophilic substitution reactions.
- C) Give an account of synthetic applications of active methylene compounds. (8)
- 8) Describe the process of electrophoresis and its application. (6)
- A)
- B) Explain the structure of quinoline and its preparation. (6)
- C) Explain the following (8)  
 - Pyridine is more basic than pyrrole  
 - Pyridine is less basic than aliphatic amines  
 - Pyrrole can act as weak acid  
 - Thiophene shows aromatic properties.

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