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**MANIPAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY**  
**MANIPAL**  
A Constituent Institution of Manipal University

**IV SEMESTER B.TECH. (BIOTECHNOLOGY)**

**MAKE-UP EXAMINATIONS, JUNE 2018**

**SUBJECT: GENETIC ENGINEERING [BIO 2203]**

**REVISED CREDIT SYSTEM**

**(xx/06/2018)**

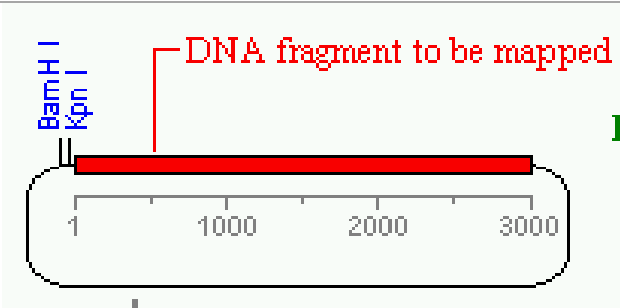
Time: 3 Hours

MAX. MARKS: 50

**Instructions to Candidates:**

- ❖ Answer **ALL** the questions.
- ❖ Missing data may be suitable assumed.

<b>1A.</b>	Show how the Exchange Reaction can be performed using the enzyme, polynucleotide nuclease.	<b>2</b>
<b>1B.</b>	Which of the two is preferred for including a gene of interest into a cloning vector – a linker or an adapter? Justify.	<b>3</b>
<b>1C.</b>	What are the differences between the <i>ori</i> sequences present in prokaryotes and eukaryotes? Explain with a schematic.	<b>5</b>
<b>2A.</b>	What are the molecules separated by Northern and Western hybridization? What are the probes used for these techniques?	<b>2</b>
<b>2B.</b>	Of the different restriction endonuclease systems available for genetic engineering applications, which is the most useful system? Why is it so?	<b>3</b>
<b>2C.</b>	Consider a plasmid that contains a 3000-bp unknown insert DNA fragment. Recognition sites for the enzymes <i>Kpn</i> I and <i>Bam</i> H I are present within the vector as shown. On digestion with <i>Kpn</i> I, we get a 1000 bp and a big fragment. On digestion with <i>Bam</i> H I, we get a 600 bp, a 220 bp and a big fragment. On subjecting to a double digest, we get 4 fragments of 600, 1000, 1200 bp size & a big fragment. With this data, determine the locations of <i>Kpn</i> I and <i>Bam</i> H I in the insert DNA fragment.	<b>5</b>

		
<b>3A.</b>	Describe a method, each, for the preparation of single-stranded and double-stranded DNA probes.	<b>3</b>
<b>3B.</b>	With a simple schematic, explain how RFLPs are generated by loss of cleavage site(s).	<b>3</b>
<b>3C.</b>	Discuss any two chemical-mediated methods for transfection of plant cells.	<b>4</b>
<b>4A.</b>	Outline a program for carrying out 30 cycles of PCR in a thermocycler. Indicate the duration and temperature involved.	<b>4</b>
<b>4B.</b>	Enlist all the steps followed to create a cDNA library.	<b>6</b>
<b>5A.</b>	How can gene therapy be classified? Give a one-line description on each type.	<b>4</b>
<b>5B.</b>	What are the different types of plasmids? Write a brief note on each of their applications.	<b>6</b>