MANIPAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

MANIPAL (A constituent unit of MAHE, Manipal)

FOURTH SEMESTER B.Tech. (E & C) DEGREE END SEMESTER EXAMINATION APRIL 2018 SUBJECT: ANTENNAS (ECE - 2201)

TIME: 3 HOURS

Instructions to candidates

- Answer **ALL** questions.
- Missing data may be suitably assumed.
- 1A. Derive the expression for the wave equation for electric current source and find its solution.
- 1B. Design a broadside Dolph-Tschebyscheff array of 6 elements with spacing "d" between the elements and with major-to-minor lobe ratio of 20 dB. Find the excitation coefficients, nulls at $d = \lambda_A / \lambda_A$ and form the array factor.

(5+5)

MAX. MARKS: 50

- 2A. Starting from fundamentals derive an expression for the E and H field for a small dipole.
- 2B. For an X-band (8.2–12.4 GHz) antenna, with aperture dimensions of 5.5 cm and 7.4 cm, find its maximum effective aperture (in cm²) when its gain (over isotropic) is 14.8 dB at 8.2 GHz. Also find its aperture efficiency.
- 2C. List the matching technique for an antenna and explain anyone with neat diagram.

(5+3+2)

3A. The normalized radiation intensity of a given antenna is given by

 $U = \sin^2 \theta \sin^2 \phi \qquad , 0 \le \theta \le \pi, 0 \le \varphi \le \pi \, .$

Find the directivities by using all the methods

- 3B. Explain the construction & working of Yagi Uda antenna with neat diagrams. Also draw its radiation pattern.
- 3C. State the Lorentz Reciprocity theorem in both differential and integral form.

(5+3+2)

- 4A. Design a 4 element binomial array of isotropic elements placed along the z-axis at distance 'd= $3\lambda/4$ ' apart and find its nulls and maxima. Also find beam width and directivity of array factor at d = $\lambda/2$.
- 4B. The Power radiated by a lossless antenna is 10W. Find B_{\circ} and beam solid angle (Use all methods) if radiation intensity in upper hemisphere is $B_{\circ} \cos^3 \theta$.
- 4C. Write the dual of the following equations

(i)
$$\mathbf{H}_A = \frac{1}{\mu} \nabla \mathbf{x} \mathbf{A}$$
 (ii) $\nabla \mathbf{x} \mathbf{H}_A = \mathbf{J} + j\omega\epsilon \mathbf{E}_A$

(5+3+2)

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- 5A. Find the radiation efficiency of a single-turn and 8 turn small circular loop at f=100MHz. the radius of the loop is $\lambda/25$, radius of the wire is $10^{-4}\lambda$, and turns are spaced $4x10^{-4}\lambda$ apart. Assume the wire is copper with a conductivity of $5.7x10^{7}$ (s/m) and the antenna is radiating into free space. Let $R_p/R_o = 0.38$
- 5B. Explain the working of Micro-strip Antenna with neat diagrams.
- 5C. Explain the term polarization and differentiate between circular and elliptical polarization.

(5+3+2)