



### FOURTH SEMESTER B.TECH. (INSTRUMENTATION & CONTROL ENGG.)

### END SEMESTER DEGREE EXAMINATION, JUNE- 2018

### SUBJECT: ANALOG SYSTEM DESIGN [ICE – 2204]

**TIME: 3 HOURS**

**MAX. MARKS: 50**

**Instructions to candidates**

- Answer **ALL** questions.
- Missing data may be suitably assumed.

- 1A. Define CMRR. What is the importance of CMRR? What are all the ways in which CMRR can be improved?
- 1B. For an OPAMP define and explain (i) input bias current. (ii) input offset voltage (iii) Output offset voltage (iv) Slew rate
- 1C. Design an OPAMP circuit whose output is  $V_1 - V_2 + V_3 - V_4$   
(3+4+3)
- 2A. Draw the circuit diagram of 3 OPAMP instrumentation amplifier and derive the expression for output voltage.
- 2B. Design a 3<sup>rd</sup> order Butterworth low pass filter with cut off frequency 1KHz. Butterworth polynomial for third order filter is  $(s+1)(s^2+s+1)$ .
- 2C. A square wave of  $\pm 1V$  and frequency 10Hz is applied to ideal differentiator. Assuming  $RC = 1\mu\text{sec}$  plot output voltage of differentiator.  
(4+4+2)
- 3A. Design an inverting type Schmitt trigger circuit with  $UTP = 3V$  and hysteresis of 6V. OPAMP saturation voltage is  $\pm 12V$ . Draw the circuit diagram.
- 3B. Write the circuit of OPAMP based pulse generator and derive expression for pulse duration
- 3C. Design a circuit to generate a square wave of frequency 1 KHz and amplitude  $\pm 12V$ . Draw the circuit diagram.  
(4+4+2)
- 4A. Design a monostable multivibrator with trigger pulse shaping, which will drive LED ON for 0.5 second each time it is pulsed.
- 4B. With help of block diagram explain PLL as frequency multiplier.
- 4C. Design RC phase shift oscillator using OPAMP to generate 2 kHz signal. Draw the circuit diagram.  
(4+3+3)
- 5A. State the conditions for oscillations. Also classify the oscillators.
- 5B. With the help of block diagram explain successive approximation Analog to Digital conversion principle.
- 5C. With help of circuit diagram explain working of R- 2R DAC.  
(2+4+4)