

Reg. No.



MANIPAL
ACADEMY of HIGHER EDUCATION

(Approved to the University under Section 3 of the UGC Act, 1956)

**DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCES, IV SEMESTER M.Sc. (PHYSICS)
END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS, APRIL 2018**

**Subject: Nuclear Physics III [Code: PHY 708.6]
(REVISED CREDIT SYSTEM-2017)**

Time: 3 Hours

Date:

MAX. MARKS: 50

Note: (i) Answer **Any FIVE full** questions

(ii) Draw diagrams, and write equations wherever necessary

1. (a) Obtain an expression for the quadrupole moment of the nucleus.
(b) Show that for a homogeneous ellipsoid of semi axes a, b the quadrupole moment is given by $Q = (2/5) Ze (a^2 - b^2)$ where a is the length of the semi-major axis and ' b ' is the length of the semi-minor axis. Show that the electric quadrupole moment of a nucleus vanishes for a spherically symmetric charge distribution.

[5+5]

2. (a) Derive Fermi age equation for diffusion of neutrons.
(b) Obtain Four Factor formula in the design of a nuclear reactor.

[5+5]

3. (a)

A beam of 2 MeV neutrons is used to give the reaction ${}^{14}_7\text{N} + {}^1_0\text{n} \rightarrow {}^{11}_5\text{B} + {}^4_2\text{He}$.
Determine

- (a) The threshold energy of this reaction
(b) The maximum energy of the α -particles

Given the atomic masses in amu: ${}^{14}_7\text{N} = 14.003074$; ${}^1_0\text{n} = 1.008665$; ${}^4_2\text{He} = 4.002603$; ${}^{11}_5\text{B} = 11.009305$; amu = 931.6 MeV.

- (b) What are magnetic mirror? Write a note on confinement of Plasma.

[5+5]

4. With the help of a neat diagram explain Hofstadter's Electron diffraction experiment to determine the radius of the nucleus. [10]
5. Write short notes on the following: (a) Lawson's criterion (b) Pinch effect.
(c) Thermonuclear reactions [3+3+4]
6. (a) Obtain the formula for the average log energy decrement of neutrons.
(b) Calculate the number of collisions required to reduce fast fission neutrons with an average initial energy of 2 MeV to the thermal energy (0.025 eV) in a graphite moderated assembly. [$\xi = 0.155$ for graphite]
(c) Calculate the number of collisions required for neutrons of 2 MeV to lose 99 % of initial energy in graphite. [$\xi = 0.155$ for graphite] [5+3+2]