



VI SEMESTER B.TECH. (AUTOMOBILE ENGINEERING)

END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS, JUNE 2018

SUBJECT: PE-III FINITE ELEMENT METHODS [AAE 4028]

REVISED CREDIT SYSTEM
(20/06/2018)

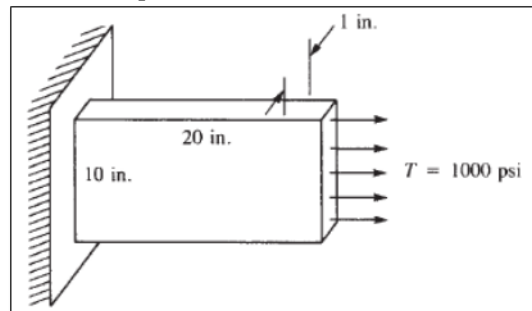
Time: 3 Hours

MAX. MARKS: 50

Instructions to Candidates:

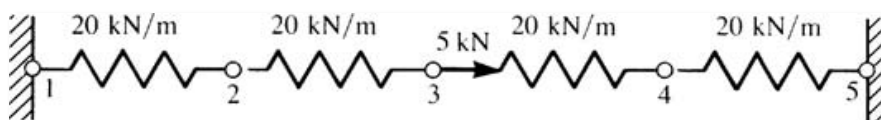
- ❖ Answer **ALL FIVE FULL** questions.
- ❖ Missing data, if any, may be suitable assumed.

- 1A. For a thin plate subjected to the surface traction shown in figure, determine the nodal displacements. The plate thickness $t = 1$ in., $E = 30 \times 10^6$ psi, and $\nu = 0.30$. (07)



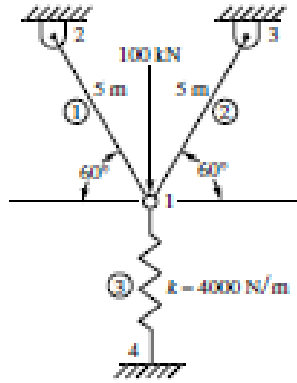
- 1B. Enumerate on plane stress and plane strain conditions in FEM for a 2D plane element. (03)

- 2A. For the spring assemblages shown in Figure 2, determine the nodal displacements, the forces in each element, and the reactions. Use the direct stiffness method. (06)



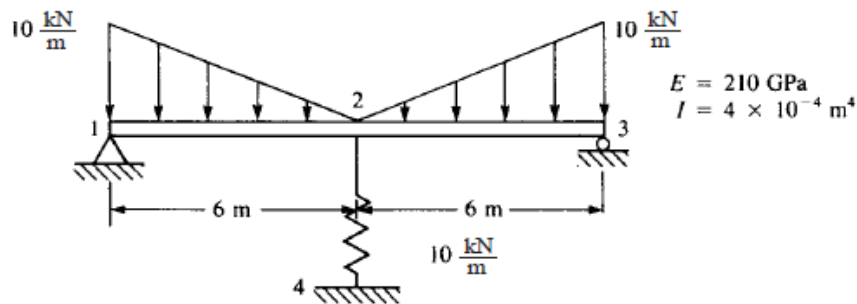
- 2B. Mention the assumptions and sign conventions used in beam theory. Also mention the equilibrium equations and draw a sample BMD, FD and SFD with all notations and sign convention. (04)

- 3A. For the plane trusses with inclined supports shown in Figure, solve for the nodal displacements and element forces and reactions in the bar. Let $A = 5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ in}^2$, $E = 210 \text{ GPa}$, for each truss. (07)



3B. For the above arrangement, calculate element stresses. (03)

4. For the beam shown in Figure, determine the nodal displacements, forces in each element, and the reactions. ($F_{1Y} = -7WL/20$, $M_{1Y} = -WL^2/20$, $F_{2Y} = -3WL/20$, $M_{2Y} = +WL^2/20$) (10)



5A. Briefly explain CST and LST elements. Mention any 2 use cases for each element. (05)

5B. With a neat sketch and notations, derive the element stiffness matrix in global coordinate system, for a truss element inclined at an angle θ (CCW direction) from the Y axis. Also mention the load and displacement vectors in global system. (05)