



VI SEMESTER B.TECH. (COMPUTER AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING)

MAKEUP EXAMINATIONS, JUNE 2018

SUBJECT: WIRELESS COMMUNICATION AND COMPUTING [ICT 3251]

REVISED CREDIT SYSTEM

(13/06/2018)

Time: 3 Hours

MAX. MARKS: 50

Instructions to Candidates:

- ❖ Answer **ALL** the questions.
- ❖ Missing data if any, may be suitably assumed.

- 1A. Write the need of cell sectoring and cell splitting in cellular communication. A cellular service provider decides to use a digital TDMA scheme which can tolerate a Signal to Interference Ratio of 18 dB in the worst case. Assume that path loss exponent is 4 and number of co-channels is 6. Find the optimal value of N for
(i) Omnidirectional antennas, (ii) 120° sectoring, and (iii) 60° sectoring.
In the given scenario which type of sectoring serves the system the best and why? 5
- 1B. Explain various logical channels used in IS-95 CDMA. 3
- 1C. Differentiate between interweave and underlay spectrum access strategies. 2
- 2A. Write the steps involved in (i) Location update (ii) Call establishment in GSM. Specify the logical channels used at every step. 5
- 2B. Why is OFDM more robust against Inter Symbol Interference? Explain. 3
- 2C. Explain the following with one limitation for each.
(i) Time Diversity
(ii) Frequency Diversity 2
- 3A. Explain MIMO-OFDM technology with a neat transmitter-receiver block diagram and explain the role of Space Time Coding technique using Alamouti's code in MIMO system. 5
- 3B. Explain how Doppler Effect and Delay Spread affects wireless communication. An aircraft is

- travelling at a speed of 500 km/hr towards the control room with an elevation of 25° . Compute the number of fades per second and average duration of fade for the given scenario when the threshold level is assumed to be $1/10^{\text{th}}$ of the rms level. Assume frequency = 900 Mhz. 3
- 3C. Give the function of the following GSM logical channels
 (i) Synchronization Channel
 (ii) Standalone Dedicated Control Channel 2
- 4A. Explain the types of small-scale fading experienced by a signal in a mobile radio channel. Given that the height of transmitting and receiving antenna are 100 m and 1.4 m respectively with transmitting power of 10 W, having a gain of 3 dBi and 2 dBi respectively separated by a distance of 5 km. Frequency of operation is 800 MHz. Compute the free space and reflected surface loss in dB. 5
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- 4B. List and explain three different spectrum sensing techniques in cognitive radio. 3
- 4C. What is demand assigned multiple access and packet reservation multiple access protocol? 2
- 5A. What is adjacent channel interference and Co-channel interference in cellular communication? How can it be minimized? Derive the expression for Co-channel interference. 5
- 5B. List and explain various categories of mobile data networks. Explain how CDPD shares AMPS architecture and spectrum. 3
- 5C. The spacing between two subcarriers in OFDM system is 312.5 kHz. The maximum delay spread of the multipath radio environment is 25 μs . What is the OFDM symbol duration
 (i) without cyclic prefix and (ii) with cyclic prefix? 2