MANIPAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

MANIPAL (A constituent unit of MAHE, Manipal)

VI SEMESTER B.TECH. (INDUSTRIAL AND PRODUCTION ENGINEERING) END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS, APRIL 2018

SUBJECT: QUALITY CONTROL AND RELIABILITY ENGINEERING

[MME 3212]

REVISED CREDIT SYSTEM

Time: 3 Hours

MAX. MARKS: 50

Instructions	to Candidates:
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- Answer ALL the questions.
- Missing data may be suitably assumed.
- Use of SQC tables permitted.
- **1A.** Explain the effect of assignable causes on a process.
- **1B.** Explain the inequality theorems.
- **1C.** Calculate mean, standard deviation, median and mode for the following frequency distribution:

Characteristic value	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	
Frequency	4	7	10	15	9	8	7	(05

- 2A. What is Type II error with regard to control charts? How it is minimized? (02)
- **2B.** Explain the graphical methods of representing a frequency distribution. **(03)**
- **2C.** Samples of 6 items are taken from a manufacturing process at regular intervals. A normally distributed quality characteristic is measured and \overline{X} and *s* values are calculated for each sample. After 50 subgroups have been analyzed, we have $\sum \overline{X} = 1000$ and $\sum s = 75$.
 - (i) Calculate 3 sigma control limits for \overline{X} and s control charts.
 - (ii) Assume that all points on both charts fall within the control limits. Compute the Natural tolerance and Natural tolerance limits of the process.
 - (iii) If the specification limits are 19.0 ± 4.0 , what percentage of product does not meet the specifications?

(05)

(02) (03)

- 3A. Write a note on system reliability. (03)
 3B. Explain the control charts for fraction rejected and rejects. (03)
 3C. A c chart is used to monitor the number of nonconformities on sheets of photographic film. The chart is presently set up based on c of 2.6.
 - (i) Find 3 sigma control limits for this process.
 - (ii) Use Poisson's distribution table to determine the probability that a point will fall outside these limits while the process is actually operating at a μ_c of 2.6.
 - (iii) If the process average shifts to 4.8, what is the probability of not detecting the shift? (04)
- **4A.** Explain (i) AQL (ii) AFI (iii) AOQL
- 4B. With a neat sketch explain the Normal curve. How it is useful in quality control? (03)
- **4C.** A double sampling plan is as follows:

$$n_1 = 150, c_1 = 2, n_2 = 300, c_2 = 3.$$

Assuming the lot size is large in comarison to sample size, compute the probability of acceptance of a 2% defective lot. (04)

- 5A. Explain the theory of extreme runs of points. (03)
- **5B.** Write a note on O.C.Curve.
- 5C. Two mating parts A and B have normal distributions and are assembled at random. The standard deviations of the dimensions A and B are 0.0025 inch and 0.0075 inch respectively. What should be the average clearance if the probability of interference between the parts should not exceed 0.001?

(03)

(03)