

# Question Paper

Exam Date & Time: 22-Nov-2018 (02:00 PM - 05:00 PM)



## MANIPAL ACADEMY OF HIGHER EDUCATION

### INTERNATIONAL CENTRE FOR APPLIED SCIENCES III SEMESTER B.Sc. APPLIED SCIENCES END SEMESTER EXAMINATION- NOVEMBER 2018 ORGANIC CHEMISTRY-I [ICH 231 - S2]

Marks: 100

Duration: 180 mins.

#### Answer 5 out of 8 questions.

- 1) Explain the Biuret test, Ninhydrin test, Millon's test and Hopkin-Cole tests shown by proteins. (8)
  - A)
  - B) Explain the mechanism of mutarotation. How does it account for the ring structure of monosaccharide? (8)
  - C) Write a note on: (4)
    - i) Significance of isoelectric point
    - ii) Essential and nonessential amino acids
- 2) What are dyes? How are dyes classified on the basis of applications? (8)
  - A)
  - B) How are the following conversions made? (8)
    - i) Isopentane to n-pentane
    - ii) Isobutene to isooctane.
    - iii) Propylene to acetic acid.
    - iv) Propene to 1-propanol
  - C) Justify the following: (4)
    - i) Glucose and fructose form the same osazone
    - ii) Fluoro acetic acid is stronger than 3- fluoro propionic acid.
- 3) Discuss the following theories of colour and constitution. (8)
  - A)
    - i) Chromophore-auxochrome theory
    - ii) Modern theory of colour
  - B) Why alkyl halides undergo nucleophilic substitution reactions? Explain the mechanism of Unimolecular and Bimolecular substitution reactions of Alkyl halides. (8)
  - C) Define the term enzyme. Explain the specificity of enzyme (4)

action.

- 4) Give the synthetic routes of following dyes: (8)
- A) i) Congo red  
ii) Malachite Green
- B) Illustrate the following: (8)
- i) Wolf-Kishner reduction  
ii) Carbylamine reaction  
iii) Cannizzaro reaction  
iv) Friedel-Crafts acylation
- C) Give reason: (4)
- i) Pyridine is more basic than pyrrole  
ii) Mordant dye cannot be applied directly on fabrics
- 5) Discuss the following with appropriate examples: (8)
- A) i) Derivatives of cellulose  
ii) Fluorescent brightening agents
- B) Give an account of the following: (8)
- i) Peroxide effect  
ii) Markovinkoff's addition  
iii) Williamson synthesis  
iv) Wurtz reaction
- C) Write a note on Huckel's theory of aromaticity. (4)
- 6) Explain the following: (8)
- A) i) Lock and key model of enzymes.  
ii) Conversion of Aldopentoses to aldohexoses.
- B) Explain the manufacture of ethyl alcohol from starch. (8)
- C) Give reasons for the following: (4)
- i) Ethyl alcohol but not methyl alcohol gives iodoform test.  
ii) Aldehydes but not ketones give positive test with Tollen's reagent.
- 7) Write the chemical reaction of Acetic acid with the following: (8)
- A) i) Thionyl chloride  
ii) Ammonia  
iii) Ethyl alcohol  
iv) Sodium carbonate
- B) Explain the following: (8)

- i) Structure of Acetylene
- ii) Corey-House alkane synthesis
- iii) Kolbe's synthesis
- iv) Killiani-Fisher synthesis

- C) Give an account of Isomerism in alkenes (4)
- 8) Explain the preparation of primary amines by the following methods: (8)
- A)
- i) Hofmann's degradation of amides.
  - ii) Gabriel Phthalimide method.
  - iii) Reduction of amides.
  - iv) Reduction of oximes.
- B) How are carboxylic acids prepared from the following? (8)
- i) Esters
  - ii) Alkenes
  - iii) Grignard reagent
  - iv) Alcohols
- C) Give an account of the following with suitable examples. (4)
- i) Acetals and hemiacetals
  - ii) D-sugars and L-sugars

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