Reg. No.



**ANIPAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY** 

(A constituent unit of MAHE, Manipal)

## III SEMESTER B.TECH. (AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING) END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS, NOV/DEC 2018

SUBJECT: AIRCRAFT STRUCTURES [AAE 2101]

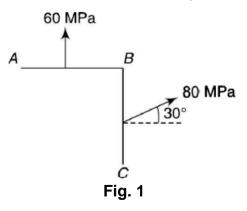
## REVISED CREDIT SYSTEM (22/11/2018)

Time: 3 Hours

MAX. MARKS: 50

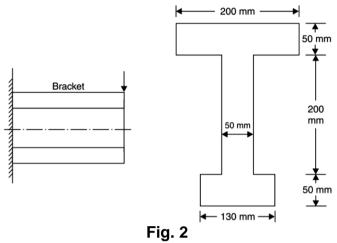
## Instructions to Candidates:

- ✤ Answer ALL the questions.
- Missing data **IF ANY** may be suitable assumed and clearly mentioned.
- 1A. A steel rod of 3 cm diameter is enclosed centrally in a hollow copper tube of external diameter 5 cm and internal diameter of 4 cm. The composite bar is then subjected to an axial pull of 45000 N. If the length of each bar is 15 cm, determine: the stress in the rod and tube and load carried by each bar. E= 2.1 x 10<sup>5</sup> N/mm<sup>2</sup> for steel and 1.1 x 10<sup>5</sup> N/mm<sup>2</sup> for copper.
- 1B. A metallic bar 300 mm x 100 mm x 40 mm is subjected to a force of 5 kN (2) (tensile), 6 kN (tensile) and 4 kN (tensile) along x, y and z directions respectively. Determine the change in volume of the block. Take E= 2 x 10<sup>5</sup> N/mm<sup>2</sup> and Poisson's ratio as 0.25
- 1C. The resultant stress on a plane at a point in a material under stress is 80 (5) MPa inclined at 30° normal to the plane as shown in Fig. 1. The normal component of stress on another plane at right angle to the first plane is 60 MPa. Determine: resultant stress on the second plane, principal stresses and their planes, maximum shear stresses and their planes.

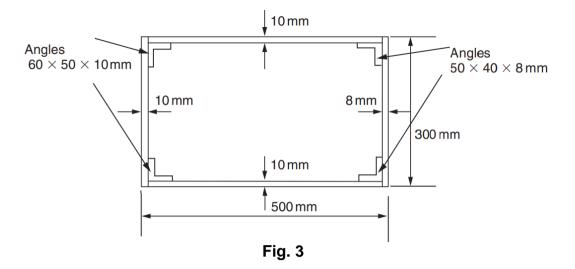


2A. Using Macaulay's method derive an equation for slope and deflection in a (5) simply supported beam with eccentrically acting load at a distance 'a' from the left end.

2B. A cast iron bracket subjected to bending has an I-cross section with unequal flanges as shown in Fig. 2. Find the position of neutral axis and moment of inertia of the section about the neutral axis. If the maximum bending moment on the section is 40 MN-mm, determine the maximum bending stress and mention the nature of the stress.



- 3A. A simply supported beam of 8 m length carries two point loads of 64 kN and (5) 48 kN at 1 m and 4 m respectively from the left-hand end. Find the deflection under each load and the maximum deflection. Take E= 210 GPa and I= 180 x 10<sup>6</sup> mm<sup>4</sup>.
- 3B. What do you mean by effective length of a column? Mention the relationship (3) between actual and effective length of a column when a) both ends are fixed b) when both ends are hinged.
- 3C. A 4 m long circular bar deflects 20 mm at the center when used as a simply supported beam under a 200 N load at the center. Determine critical load for the same bar when used as a strut which is firmly fixed at one end and pinjointed at the other.
- **4A.** Derive the shear flow equation for a thin walled open section beams **(5)** subjected to pure shear loads
- 4B. Idealize the box section shown in Fig. 3 into an arrangement of direct stress (5) carrying booms positioned at the four corners and panels which are assumed to carry only shear stresses



5. The fuselage section shown in Fig. 4 is subjected to a bending moment of (10) 100 kN m applied in the vertical plane of symmetry. If the section has been completely idealized into a combination of direct stress carrying booms and shear stress only carrying panels, determine the direct stress in each boom.

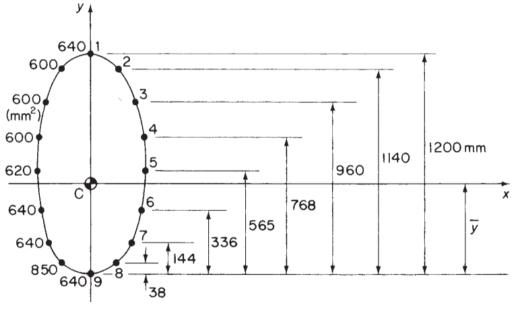


Fig. 4