



MANIPAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY MANIPAL

(A constituent Institution of MAHE, Manipal)

III SEMESTER B. TECH (ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING) MAKE UP EXAMINATIONS, JANUARY 2019

SUBJECT: ANALOG ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS [ELE 2105]

REVISED CREDIT SYSTEM

Time: 3 Hours

Date: 02, January 2019

Max. Marks: 50

Instructions to Candidates:

- ❖ Answer **ALL** the questions.
- ❖ Missing data may be suitably assumed.

- 1A. Sketch the steady state output voltage v_o for each circuit in Figure 1A with input voltage v_i . Assume ideal diodes. (05)
- 1B. Consider the circuit shown in Figure 1B. The Zener diode voltage is $V_Z = 3.9V$. Determine I_Z, I_L and the power dissipated in the diode. (03)
- 1C. Assume $\mu_n C_{ox} = 200 \mu A/V^2, V_{TH} = 0.4V$, compute $\frac{W}{L}$ of M_1 in Figure 1C, such that the device operates at the edge of saturation. (02)
- 2A. Derive the on resistance of the MOSFET in the triode region. Prove that resistance is gate to source voltage dependent. (02)
- 2B. For the MOSFET circuit shown in the Fig Q2B, find drain current, and voltage V_{DS} , and comment on the region of operation if $V_{th} = 1.5V, \mu_n C_{ox} \frac{W}{L} = 10mA/V^2$, and
 - i) $V_G = 1V, R_D = 2K$
 - ii) $V_G = 3V, R_D = 1K$. (05)
- 2C. Design common source stage for the voltage gain of 8dB with the following specifications. $\mu_n C_{ox} = 200 \mu A/V^2, V_{th} = 0.6V$. Current through R_1, R_2 is 100uA. Power delivered by DC source is 10mW. Find $\frac{W}{L}, R_1, R_2$. Refer Fig 2C. (03)
- 3A. Draw the circuit diagram of common gate configuration, Develop the small signal model and derive small signal gain for the same. (06)
- 3B. Determine the resistance R and V_{GS} required for a current mirror $\frac{(W/L)_2}{(W/L)_1} = 5$, $(\mu_n C_{ox} \frac{W}{L}) = 2mA/V^2, V_{th} = 1V$. Refer Fig 3B. (02)
- 3C. Determine the overall small signal gain for the cascaded MOS amplifier shown in Fig 3C. Draw the small signal model for the same. Assume $V_{th} = 0.4V$ (02)
- 4A. Draw the circuit of a RC coupled amplifier and its typical frequency response. Explain the importance of all the resistors and capacitors. (07)
- 4B. State and Prove Millers theorem. (03)
- 5A. Classify the Power Amplifiers based on operating point. (02)
- 5B. Draw the circuit of a transformer coupled class A power Amplifier and derive the expression for conversion efficiency, hence determine the maximum value. (04)
- 5C. Write a note on Differential Amplifiers. (04)

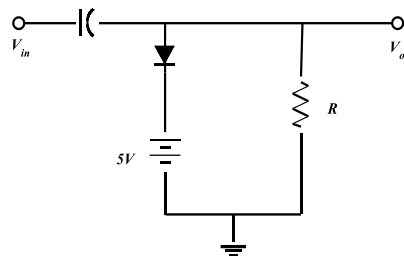
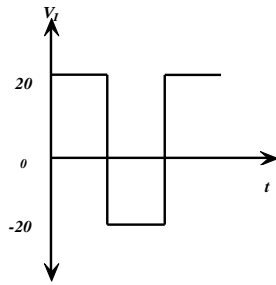


Fig 1A

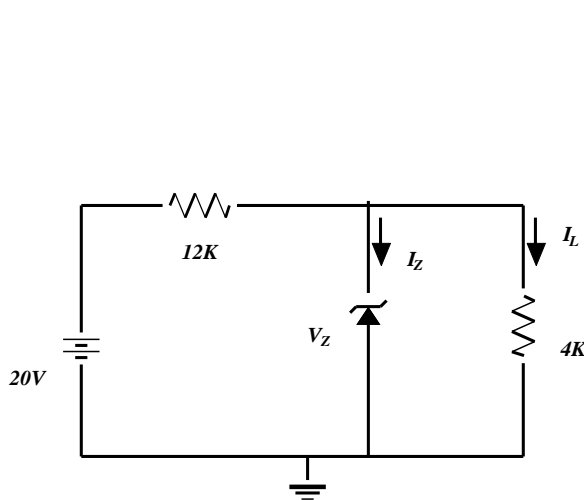
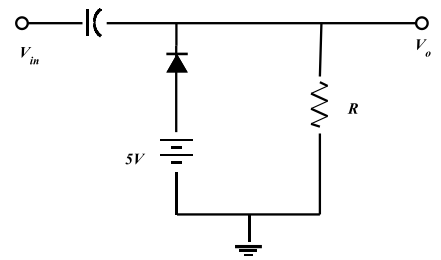


Fig 1B

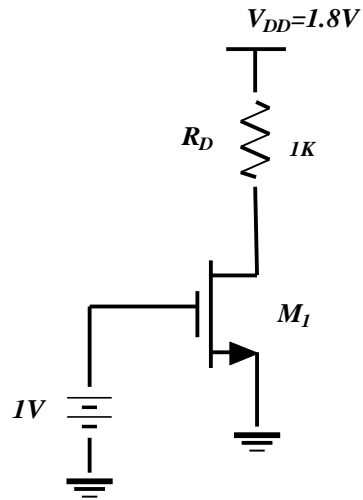


Fig 1C

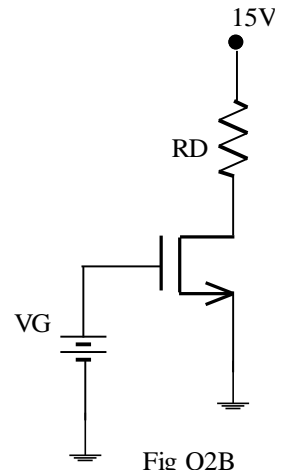


Fig Q2B

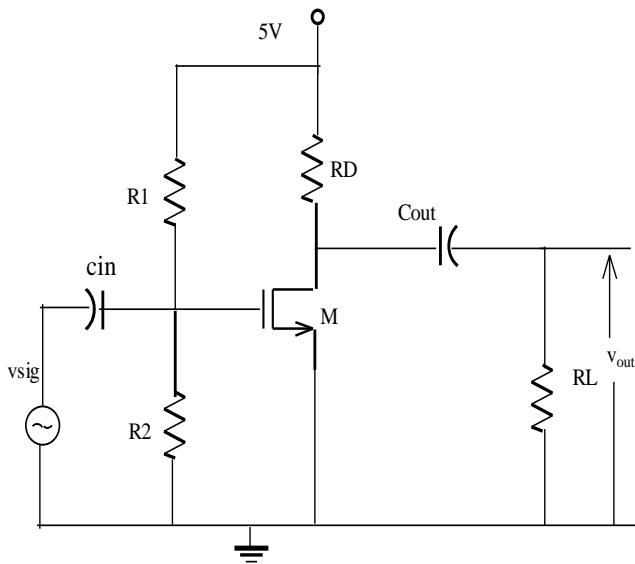


Fig Q2C

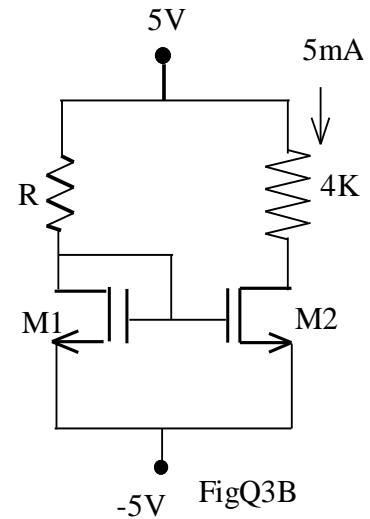


Fig Q3B

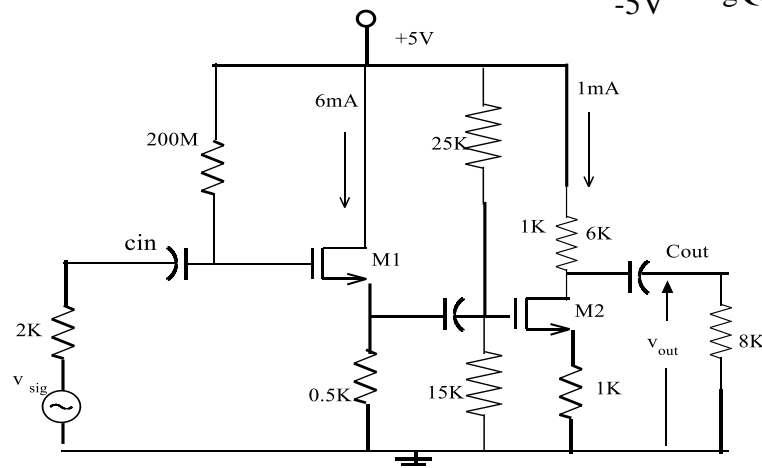


Fig Q3C