


III SEMESTER B.TECH. Print and Media Technology
END SEMESTER MAKEUP EXAMINATIONS, December, 2018
SUBJECT: ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS III [MAT 2106]
REVISED CREDIT SYSTEM
(27/12/2018)

Time: 3 Hours

MAX. MARKS: 50

Instructions to Candidates:

 ❖ Answer **ALL** the questions. Missing data may be suitably assumed.

1A.	If $\vec{F} = (x + 2y + 4z)\mathbf{i} + (2x - 3y - z)\mathbf{j} + (4x - y + 2z)\mathbf{k}$, prove that \vec{F} is a conservative vector field and find the scalar potential.						4
1B.	Calculate mean deviation about median and also coefficient of dispersion.						3
	Class Interval	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	
	Frequency	2	10	20	15	10	
1C.	Find Fourier cosine series for $f(x) = x(\pi - x); 0 < x < \pi$.						3
2A.	Derive D'Alemberts solution of wave equation.						4
2B.	Find standard deviation and coefficient of variation.						3
	Class Interval	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	
	Frequency	4	20	38	24	10	
2C.	Find $\nabla \cdot (r ^3 \vec{r})$.						3
3A.	An incomplete frequency distribution for the weights of 120 boys is given below.						4
	Weight(in kgs)	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80	
	No. of boys	12	--	35	--	11	
Find the missing frequencies given that the mode is 51.25 and $N = 120$.							



3B.	Find Fourier series expansion of $f(x)$ if $f(x) = \frac{\pi-x}{2}$, in $(-\pi, \pi)$.								3
3C.	Find correlation coefficient for the following data;								3
	x	164	176	178	184	175	167	173	180
	y	158	164	165	171	163	156	163	169
4A.	Evaluate $\oint_S F \cdot n \, ds$ where $F = \left(2xy + \frac{x^2}{2}\right)i + y^2j - xzk$ and S is the surface bounded by the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 4$, $x = 0$, $y = 0$, $z = 0$ and $z = 3$.								4
4B.	Fit a straight line of the form $y = a + bx$ for the following data;								3
	x	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	y	2	5	9	12	15	17	18	20
4C.	Solve by the method of indicated transformations: $U_{xy} - U_{yy} = 0$, $v = x$, $z = x + y$.								3
5A.	Calculate Karl Pearson's coefficient of skewness.								4
	Class Interval	100-104	104-108	108-112	112-116	116-120	120-124		
	Frequency	6	14	18	20	10	2		
5B.	Solve by method of separation of variables $3 \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + 2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = 0$ where $u(x, 0) = 4e^{-x}$.								3
5C.	Verify Green's Theorem for $\oint_C (xy + y^2)dx + x^2dy$ and C is the closed curve of the region bounded by $y = x$ and $y = x^2$ from (0,0) to (1,1).								3