



BIOORGANIC AND MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY [CHM- 5014]
(REVISED CREDIT SYSTEM-2017)

MAX. MARKS: 50

(ii) Draw diagrams, and write equations wherever necessary

3A. i) What are second generation antihistaminics? Discuss the mechanism of action and structural aspects of Astemizole for its antihistaminic activity.

ii) Explain the structural features of thiamine pyrophosphate that enable it to catalyze various biochemical reactions.

3B. Explain relative and broad substrate specificities with appropriate examples.

3C. What are the advantages of NSAIDs? Discuss the synthesis and uses of Ibuprofen.

(6+2+2)

4A. i) List the four cardinal features of an antibiotic. Discuss the synthesis of phenoxymethylpenicillin.

ii) Discuss the role of chelates and redox potential in drug design with appropriate examples.

4B. Discuss the effect of geometrical isomerism on the biological activity of a drug with a suitable example.

4C. What are chaperons? Explain their role in protein synthesis.

(6+2+2)

5A. i) Discuss the synthesis of the following drugs;

a) Phenytoin sodium b) Methotrexate

ii) Give any four functions of nucleotides.

5B. Define the terms eutomer and distomer with an illustrative example.

5C. Justify the following statements;

i) K_m value of succinate dehydrogenase catalyzed reaction increases in presence of malonic acid.

ii) An apoenzyme cannot carry out its biological function.

(6+2+2)
