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**MANIPAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY**

MANIPAL

(A constituent institution of MAHE, Manipal)

**VII SEMESTER B.TECH. (BIOTECHNOLOGY)**

**END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS, Nov/Dec 2018**

**SUBJECT: BIOREMEDIATION [BIO 4001]**

**REVISED CREDIT SYSTEM**

**Time: 3 Hours**

**29.11.2018**

**MAX. MARKS: 50**

**Instructions to Candidates:**

- ❖ Answer **ALL** the questions.
- ❖ Missing data may be suitable assumed.

<b>1A.</b>	How is a chemoorganoheterotroph different from a photoautotroph?	<b>2</b>
<b>1B.</b>	Analyse why redox-based reactions hold prime importance in bioremediation strategies?	<b>4</b>
<b>1C.</b>	Consider an alkene with 5 carbon atoms. Show the different reaction schemes by which the alkene can be microbially degraded.	<b>4</b>
<b>2A.</b>	Determine the volume of a xenobiotic compound required to exceed the drinking water MCL of 7.5 µg/L in 1 L of water and the volume of water that can be contaminated by 1 L of TCE. The density of that pure compound at 25°C may be taken as 2.13 kg/L.	<b>2</b>
<b>2B.</b>	When is a sequencing batch reactor made use of? Write one line each about the different phases of the reactor operation.	<b>4</b>
<b>2C.</b>	Land treatment has been chosen as the bioremediation process to treat soil from an abandoned wood-treating facility contaminated with PAHs. The volume of soil to be excavated for treatment is $\approx 10000 \text{ m}^3$ . A 57000 $\text{m}^2$ LTU is constructed for remediation purposes. If the soil is a mixture of silty clay and sandy clay, estimate the no. of lifts that should be applied, and the appropriate soil depth for each lift in cm.	<b>4</b>
<b>3A.</b>	A soil core, collected from the field, has a bulk volume of 150 mL, an air volume of 43 $\text{cm}^3$ , a wet mass of 175 g, and a dry mass of 140 g. Calculate the total porosity and the bulk density.	<b>3</b>
<b>3B.</b>	Draw the labelled schematic of a bioventing unit.	<b>3</b>
<b>3C.</b>	What is the difference between air sparging and soil vapour extraction? Explain, in terms of, the process and when these methods are preferred.	<b>4</b>

<b>4A.</b>	Discuss on any three environmental factors that influence microbial growth and contaminant biodegradation?	<b>5</b>
<b>4B.</b>	Consider the metabolism of maltose by aerobic bacteria, for the redox pairs $\text{CO}_2/\text{maltose}$ and $\text{O}_2/\text{H}_2\text{O}$ . Write the half reactions and the combined balanced reactions. Find the free energy for this reaction if the redox potential values for $\text{O}_2/\text{H}_2\text{O}$ is $+0.73\text{V}$ and that for $\text{CO}_2/\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{22}\text{O}_{11}$ is $-0.32\text{V}$ .	<b>5</b>
<b>5A.</b>	When is percolation, a method of choice of remediation? Explain the process and the problems involved, with a labelled schematic.	<b>5</b>
<b>5B.</b>	What is BTEX and why is it popular among bioremediation scientists? Explain, with any one example, the reaction mechanism by which they are degraded.	<b>5</b>