

# Question Paper

Exam Date & Time: 29-Apr-2019 (02:00 PM - 05:00 PM)



## MANIPAL ACADEMY OF HIGHER EDUCATION

INTERNATIONAL CENTRE FOR APPLIED SCIENCES

FOURTH SEMESTER B.Sc. Applied Sciences in Engg.

END - SEMESTER THEORY EXAMINATION APR-MAY - 2019

### FOUNDATIONS OF COMPUTATIONAL BIOLOGY [IBT 243]

Marks: 100

Duration: 180 mins.

Answer 5 out of 8 questions.

- 1) What is an open reading frame (ORF)? How many ORFs are possible for a given DNA sequence? Illustrate with an example. (5)
  - A)
  - B) Discuss the human genome project and its relevance to computational biology. (5)
  - C) What analysis can you make on a DNA sequence using computer programs. (5)
  - D) What is a biological database? What is the difference between a primary and a secondary database? Explain with examples. (5)
- 2) What is data mining? What are supervised and unsupervised learning methods? (5)
  - A)
  - B) Discuss any three supervised learning methods. (5)
  - C) Discuss the different primary and secondary databases of protein structures. (5)
  - D) What is a PDB Id? What are the characteristics of a PDB Id? (5)
- 3) Perform **Local alignment** of the given sequences using Dynamic Programming algorithm and calculate the score. Explain in detail the steps involved and scoring. (20)
  - A) S1: A T A C A T G T C T  
S2: G T A C G T C G G  
Match = 8; Mismatch = -5; Gap = -3
- 4) What are the steps involved in the BLAST similarity search algorithm? (5)
  - A)
  - B) (5)

What are the different BLAST programs? What is the type of query and database/output for each of them?

- C) Explain in detail the information obtained from the BLAST output. (5)
- D) What is E-value and its significance? What should be the ideal E-value? How do you trust the output from similarity search based on E-value? (5)
- 5) What is a substitution matrix? What is its significance in the sequence alignment? Why only protein sequences use these matrices? (5)
- A)
- B) Discuss in detail about PAM matrices. (5)
- C) Discuss in detail about BLOSUM matrices. (5)
- D) Which PAM matrices are equivalent to BLOSUM matrices? (5)
- 6) Discuss in detail the various parameters that should be considered for primer design. (10)
- A)
- B) Describe the various supersecondary structures seen in proteins. (10)
- 7) Explain the various protein and RNA secondary structure prediction methods. (10)
- A)
- B) Explain the various protein tertiary structure prediction methods. (10)
- 8) Explain the steps involved in phylogenetic analysis. Discuss the various tree building methods. (10)
- A)
- B) The following are the distinctive features of different organisms. (10)  
Derive a character matrix and draw the corresponding cladogram that depicts their relationship. (The features that are not mentioned for the organisms should be assumed as absent)  
Human Body Louse: Three body regions, Flattened body.  
Beetle: Wings, Three body regions, Complete metamorphosis.  
Ant: Wings, Three body regions, Social, Complete metamorphosis, Mobile head.  
Assassin Bug: Wings, Three body regions.  
Bee: Wings, Three body regions, Social, Complete metamorphosis, Mobile head.  
Millipede: All the above features are absent.

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