



# MANIPAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

MANIPAL

II SEMESTER B.TECH. END SEMESTER (MAKE-UP) EXAMINATIONS  
JUNE 2019

SUBJECT: ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS - II [MAT 1251]

Time : 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 50

**Instructions to Candidates:**

❖ Answer ALL the questions & missing data may be suitably assumed

1A) Expand  $f(x, y) = x^2y + 3y - 2$  in powers of  $(x - 1)$  and  $(y + 2)$  up to second degree terms.

1B) Verify Cauchy Mean value theorem for the functions  $f(x) = e^x$  and  $g(x) = e^{-x}$  in the interval  $[3, 5]$ .

1C) Test the convergence of the series

$$\frac{1}{1.2.3} + \frac{3}{2.3.4} + \frac{5}{3.4.5} + \dots$$

(4+3+3)

2A) Find the values of 'm' and 'n' such that  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x(1+m \cos x) - n \sin x}{x^3} = 1$ .

2B) Find the maxima and minima of the function  $f(x, y) = x^3 + y^3 - 3axy$  where  $a \neq 0$ .

2C) Find the equation of the sphere having the circle

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + 10y - 4z - 8 = 0, x + y + z = 3 \text{ as a great circle.}$$

(4+3+3)

3A) Using Laplace transforms, solve the differential equation

$$y''(t) - 3y'(t) + 2y(t) = 4t + e^{3t}, \text{ when } y(0) = 1, y'(0) = -1.$$

3B) Prove that  $\beta(m, n) = \frac{\Gamma m \Gamma n}{\Gamma(m+n)}$  for  $m, n > 0$

3C) Express the function  $f(t) = \begin{cases} 0, & 0 < t < 1 \\ t - 1, & 1 < t < 2 \\ 1, & t > 2 \end{cases}$  in terms of unit step function and hence find  $L\{f(t)\}$ .

(4+3+3)

4A) Change of order of integration and hence evaluate  $\int_0^a \int_{x^2/a}^{2a-x} xy \, dy \, dx$

4B) Find  $L^{-1}(\log \frac{s+1}{s-1})$

4C) If  $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$  and  $x^3 + y^3 + 3axy = 5a^2$ , then find the value of  $\frac{dz}{dx}$ , when  $x = y = a$ .

(4+3+3)

5A) Evaluate  $\iint (x + y)^2 \, dx \, dy$  over the region R, the parallelogram in the xy-plane with vertices  $(1,0), (3,1), (2,2), (0,1)$ , using the transformation  $u = x + y$  and  $v = x - 2y$ .

5B) Find the volume of the solid bounded by the planes

$$x = 0, y = 0, x + y + z = 6 \text{ and } z = 0.$$

5C) Test the convergence of the series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sqrt{n}}{\sqrt{n^2+1}} x^n$  where  $x > 0$ .

(4+3+3)