

VII SEMESTER B.TECH. END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS

NOVEMBER 2019

SUBJECT: [BIO 4007] Metabolic Engineering [PE5]

Date of Exam: 26/11/2019 Time of Exam: 2-5 pm Max. Marks: 50

Instructions to Candidates:

 $\boldsymbol{\bigstar}$ Answer ALL the questions & missing data may be suitable assumed

1A.	Describe group translocation process with an emphasis on phosphotransferase system	5
	Comment on the following:	
1B.	(i) feedback repression (ii) Gene dosage and (iii) catabolite repression	3
1C	Brief about anaplerotic pathways with examples	2
	Create a metabolic model for of Penicillium chrysogenum using matrix notation, define	
	the stoichiometric model on C-mole basis, and summarize the overall cellular	
	metabolism by employing pseudo-steady state assumptions for ATP, NADH and	
	NADPH. Finally derive a linear rate equation for an aerobic process without metabolite	
	formation.	
	<u>Note</u> : The operational P/O ratio is between 0.5 and 2.5; Y_{xATP} is between 50 and 150	
2A.	(mmoles ATP (g DW) ⁻¹); mATP is between 4 and 6 (mmoles ATP (g DW h) ⁻¹)	10
	The overall stoichiometry:	
	*biomass + 0.139 CO ₂ + 0.458 NADH - 1.139CH ₂ O – 0.20NH ₃ – 0.004 H ₂ SO ₄ - 0.010	
	$H_3PO_4 - Y_{xATP} ATP - 0.243 NADPH = 0$	
	The elemental composition of *biomass is: CH1.81 O0.58 No.20 So.004 Po.010	

3A.	Draw a hypergraph to describe the oxidative deamination and trans-deamination reactions.	4
3B.	Illustrate the FFL motifs of both coherent and incoherent classes. Also describe the type in each class that is predominant in biological networks	3
3C.	Schematically illustrate the open and closed metabolic networks. Also illustrate the partitioning of internal reactions (vi), the exchange reactions (bi), the internal compounds (xi), and the external compounds (ci) in the total stoichiometric matrix.	3
4A.	Comment on the general structure of metabolic network and describe about the properties of the network	5
4B.	Differentiate feedback repression and feedback inhibition	2
4C.	Represent the stoichiometric (S) matrices for (i) reversible conversion of CP=PC, (ii) biomolecular association C+P=CP, (iii) a cofactor coupled reaction C+AP=CP+A	3
5A.	An animal was injected with radioactive pyruvate labeled with ¹⁴ C in the carbonyl group (*). $\begin{vmatrix} CH3 - C_{B}^{*} - COOH \end{vmatrix}$ After a few minutes, the carbon dioxide exhaled by the animal was trapped and found to be highly radioactive. Analyze the series of enzyme-catalyzed reactions and confirm whether the labelled ¹⁴ C appears in the exhaled CO ₂ ?	10