



VII SEMESTER B.TECH. (COMPUTER & COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING)

END SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS, NOV 2019

SUBJECT: CYBER SECURITY [ICT- 4152]

REVISED CREDIT SYSTEM (21/11/2019)

Time: 3 Hours MAX. MARKS: 50

Instructions to Candidates:

- Answer ALL the questions.
- Missing data may be suitably assumed.
- 1A. Using the DSS scheme, let q=59, e₀=2, p=709, and d=14. Find values for e₁ and e₂. Choose random constant key r =13. Find the values of S₁ and S₂ if h (M) =100. Also verify the signature scheme.
- **1B.** List and explain the various security services prevalent nowadays. Also map each security service to its relevant security mechanism.
- 1C. Find the result of 20¹³² mod 77 using FEMA.
- 2A. Given the hex code of the value after shift-row function of Advanced Encryption Standard

d4 e0 b8 le bf b4 41 27 5d 52 11 98

[30 as f1 e5], answer the following by applying the functions of AES. Refer to the Tables Q.2A (i) and Q.2A (ii).

- i. Show the value of the State after InvShiftRows.
- ii. For the above obtained State value compute the value of the State after InvSubBytes.
- iii. For the above obtained State value, display the obtained State matrix as Blocks.
- iv. Employ AES-192 key Expansion to obtain W₆ and W₇ for the key stream {0x8E,0x73,0xB0,0xF7,0xDA,0x0E,0x64,0x52,0xC8,0x10,0x53,0x2B,0x80,0x90, 0x79,0xE5,0x62,0xF8,0xEA,0xD2,0x52,0x2C,0x6B,0x7B}.

5

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Table Q.2A(i): RCON Constants

Round	Constant (RCon)	Round	Constant (RCon)			
l	(<u>01</u> 00 00 00) ₁₆	6	(20 00 00 00) ₁₆			
2	(<u>02</u> 00 00 00) ₁₆	7	(40 00 00 00) ₁₆			
3	(<u>04</u> 00 00 00) ₁₆	8	(<u>80</u> 00 00 00) ₁₆			
4	(<u>08</u> 00 00 00) ₁₆	9 .	(1B 00 00 00) ₁₆			
5	(<u>10</u> 00 00 00) ₁₆	10	(36 00 00 00)16			

Table Q.2A(ii): Inverse Sub Bytes

		. У															
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Α	В	С	D	E	F
	0	52	09	6A	D5	30	36	A5	38	BF	40	A3	9E	81	F3	D7	FB
X	1	7C	E3	39	82	9B	2F	FF	87	34	8E	43	44	C4	DE	E9	CE
	2	54	7B	94	32	A6	C2	23	3D	EE	4C	95	OB	42	FA	C3	4E
	3	08	2E	A1	66	28	D9	24	B2	76	5B	A2	49	6D	8B	D1	25
	4	72	F8	F6	64	86	68	98	16	D4	A4	5C	CC	5D	65	B6	92
	5	6C	70	48	50	FD	ED	B9	DA	5E	15	46	57	A7	8D	9D	84
	6	90	D8	AB	00	8C	BC	D3	0A	F7	E4	58	05	B8	В3	45	06
	7	DO	2C	1E	8F	CA	3F	OF	02	C1	AF	BD	03	01	13	8A	6E
	8	3A	91	11	41	4F	67	DC	EA	97	F2	CF	CE	F0	B4	E6	73
	9	96	AC	74	22	E7	AD	35	85	E2	F9	37	E8	1C	75	DF	6E
	Α	47	F1	1A	71	1D	29	C5	89	6F	B7	62	0E	AA	18	BE	18
	В	FC	56	3E	4B	C6	D2	79	20	9A	DB	CO	FE	78	CD	5A	F4
	С	1F	DD	A8	33	88	07	C7	31	B1	12	10	59	27	80	EC	5F
	D	60	51	7F	A9	19	B5	4A	0D	2D	E5	7A	9F	93	C9	9C	EF
	Е	A0	E0	3B	4D	AE	2A	F5	В0	C8	EB	BB	3C	83	53	99	61
	F	17	2B	04	7E	BA	77	D6	26	E1	69	14	63	55	21	0C	70

- 2B. Illustrate how HMAC is computed, with a neat diagram.
- 2C. Compare data origin authentication with entity authentication with relevant justification.

3A.	With suitable diagrams elucidate the process of Hashing and Key Expansion in a single round							
	of Whirlpool.	5						
3B.	List and explain the various attacks against digital signatures.	3						
3C.	Explain the Play-fair Cipher rules and encrypt the message "we will meet tomorrow" with the							
	key "story". Use 'x' for padding wherever suitable.	2						
4A.	Discuss XSRF with a scenario. Also discuss the measures of prevention.	5						
4B.	What is Lamport OTP approach? How is it different from other contemporary approaches?	3						
4C.	The contents of three buffers are Buf ₁ = 0xC, Buf ₂ = 0xB and Buf ₃ = 0x8.Employing SHA-512							
	algorithm, find the output for the following cases:							
	a. Conditional(Buf ₁ , Buf ₂ , Buf ₃)							
	b. Majority(Buf ₁ , Buf ₂ , Buf ₃)	2						
5A.	Discuss the Kerberos V5 Message exchanges with a neat diagram.	5						
5B.	Consider an ElGamal scheme with a common prime p=11 and a primitive root e ₁ =2. If Alice							
	has private key d=3 and chooses random integer r= 4, what is the cipher text of message							
	M=7? Decrypt the resultant eigher text and verify the same.	3						
5C.	Explain how SSO works.	2						